



Annual Report 2006



MANNHEIMER ZENTRUM FÜR
EUROPÄISCHE SOZIALFORSCHUNG

Annual Report

2006

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Mannheim 2007

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Since February 2005 the EXECUTIVE BOARD of MZES includes:

Director:	Prof. Dr. Wolfgang C. Müller
Head of Department A:	Prof. Dr. Bernhard Ebbinghaus
Head of Department B:	Prof. Dr. Beate Kohler-Koch (until Sept. 2006) Prof. Dr. Franz Urban Pappi (from Sept. 2006)

Managing Director:	Dr. Reinhart Schneider
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Members of the SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY BOARD:

Prof. Dr. Stefano Bartolini, Bologna
Professor Dr. Richard Breen, Oxford
Prof. Dr. Stein Kuhnle, Bergen and Berlin
Prof. Dr. M. Rainer Lepsius, Heidelberg
Prof. Dr. Gary Marks, Chapel Hill and Amsterdam

1 Director's Annual Report 2006

1.1 Introduction

The Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung (MZES) is an interdisciplinary research institute of the University of Mannheim. It is dedicated to the study of the social and political development of Europe. The MZES focuses its research on European societies and their integration and on the European political systems and their integration, and it attempts to relate these two strands of research. With this emphasis the MZES has a unique position in the landscape of German social science research institutes. Since its foundation, the MZES has placed itself among the leading research centres specializing on Europe.

Thanks to the efforts of European and American scholars, there has been steady progress in understanding the dynamics and consequences of the unfolding process of European integration since its inception. Yet, the very dynamics of this process have made this task rather greater than smaller and have added even more significance to the research agenda of the MZES. To list just a few questions which remain to be answered: What are promising prospects and ways of integration and what obstacles stand in its way? What are the implications of European integration for the several levels and areas of governance, for the life of citizens, their political participation and their reactions to the ongoing changes? We also need to improve our theoretical grip of the general social and political processes and mechanisms that underlie all social and political phenomena and therefore are critical for understanding the problems of European integration. The present and future processes of European Union enlargement include countries with historical legacies, political traditions, economic conditions, social structures and cultural identities very different from those of the "old" member states. The resulting problems are challenges not only for political decision-makers but also for social science research. As a consequence of the fundamental changes Europe has been undergoing since the late 1980s, in hardly any area of similar significance does research lag behind the public needs to such an extent as in the field of European integration. The MZES is making a major effort to provide such knowledge and to achieve this through both its own research and cooperation with other centres and individual researchers in Europe and elsewhere.

This Annual Report gives an overview on research and related activities at the MZES in 2006. Provided that the centre's three-year research programme had been worked out and accepted by the MZES bodies in 2005, this year was mainly devoted to get the new projects started. As this report will show, this has been done with considerable success. Yet, having just acquired the means for carrying out the new projects from external funding agencies or being in the process of doing so also implies that not much remains to be added to the *Sixth Research Programme 2005–2008* and the *Annual Report 2005* regarding the specific research projects that are

described in these publications. This report therefore does not include details on the research projects initially included in the 2005–2008 Research Programme. Rather it provides a general account on the MZES' development, reports on projects that have been completed, and introduces briefly the research projects that were added to the Research Programme in 2006.

This chapter concentrates on the basic characteristics and general developments of the Centre: It provides an overview of the organisation of the MZES and its major research areas; it presents the development of the resources available at the MZES and acquired through the MZES; and it describes research co-operations and various other significant events that occurred at the Centre in 2006. Subsequent chapters focus on the research achievements in the research departments and on the developments of the Centre's infrastructure. The appendix lists the publications that have resulted from MZES projects and provides an overview of other activities in 2006.

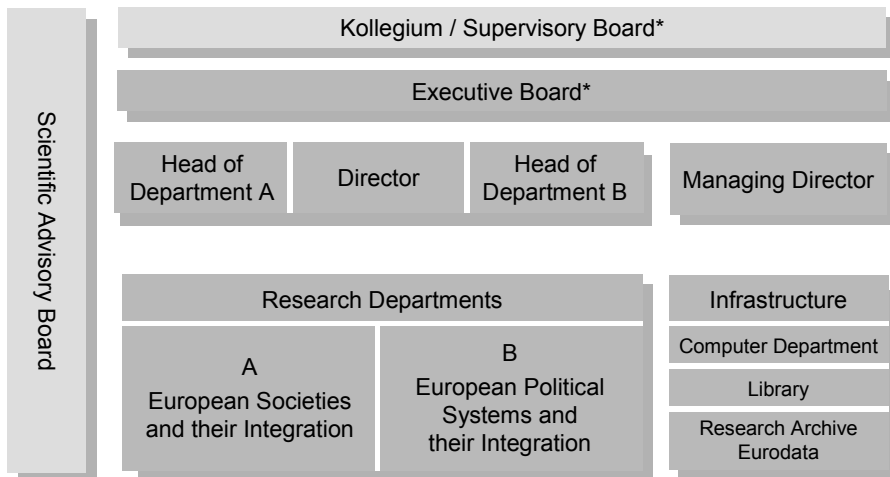
1.2 Organisation of the MZES and its major research areas

As the organisational chart (Figure 1) shows, the main units of the MZES are its two research departments – Department A: European Societies and their Integration; Department B: European Political Systems and their Integration – and the MZES Infrastructure. The heads of the two research departments together with the Director of the MZES form its Executive Board. The Executive Board prepares the (three-year) Research Programme and makes the major decisions concerning the direction of the Centre. The Director, with the support of the Managing Director, prepares and implements the decisions of other bodies and is the official supervisor of the personnel compensated with MZES resources. The Managing Director primarily oversees the infrastructure and the MZES administration. The Executive Board is elected by the Supervisory Board for a three-year period. The Supervisory Board also adopts the Research Programme and decides the broad guidelines for the yearly budget as well as on long-term directives for the development of the MZES. The Scientific Advisory Board, composed of internationally outstanding scholars, reviews the Research Programme, provides advice on individual projects and the Programme as a whole.

In 2006 the Scientific Advisory Board was partly renewed. Stein Kuhnle (Hertie School of Governance, Berlin and University of Bergen) joined the board replacing Stephan Leibfried (University of Bremen), who had served for three full periods and hence had reached the maximum constitutional duration. The MZES is extremely grateful to Professor Leibfried for his many important contributions over the last nine years. As two more members of the Scientific Advisory Board – Professor Stefano Bartolini (University of Bologna) and Professor M. Rainer Lepsius (University of Heidelberg) – reached the end of the maximum constitutional term at the end of 2006, the University of Mannheim on the recommendation of the MZES Kollegium appointed their successors. Fortunately, the MZES was able to win Professor Marlis Buchmann (University of Zurich) and Professor Rudy B. Andeweg (University of Ley-

den) for joining the Scientific Advisory Board. Their appointments will become effective in 2007.

Figure 1: MZES organizational chart



* The Supervisory Board elects the members of the Executive Board (Director and Head of the Research Departments)

In order to reflect the priorities of the Sixth Research Programme the centre's two Research Departments were reorganized in 2005. Their structure remained unchanged in 2006 (Figure 2).

An important personnel change in the MZES directorate took place in 2006. Beate Kohler-Koch resigned for health reasons as Head of Research Department B. An early retirement of Beate Kohler-Koch from the Head position had already been anticipated when she took over this position in 2005, as all members of the directorate must be active (i.e. not retired) professors of the University of Mannheim and her retirement was due in 2007. Thus, the change in the MZES directorate only occurred earlier than initially anticipated. Beate Kohler-Koch continues to direct the EU Network of Excellence CONNEX and remains at the MZES as a senior researcher. The MZES is grateful to Beate Kohler-Koch for her many important contributions towards the building-up and current and future development of the centre. Fortunately, Franz Urban Pappi, who had served the MZES in many capacities, including Director, was willing to step in and take over the Head position of Department B until his own retirement from his faculty position that is due in the summer of 2007. He was unanimously elected by the MZES Kollegium in September 2006.

Beate Kohler-Koch also resigned from directing Research Area B3 "Democracy and Multi-Level Governance". In that capacity she was succeeded by MZES senior

fellow Thomas Gschwend. He is one of the researchers in that area and has also been directing the Department B research seminar for the last two years.

Figure 2: Departments and Research Areas

Departments	
A: European Societies and their Integration <i>Head: Bernhard Ebbinghaus</i>	B: European Political Systems and their Integration <i>Head: Beate Kohler-Koch*</i> <i>Franz Urban Pappi**</i>
Research Areas / Coordinators	
A1: Changing Labour Relations and Welfare States in Europe <i>Bernhard Ebbinghaus</i>	B1: Democracy and Citizenship <i>Jan van Deth</i>
A2: Education, Labour Markets and Social Stratification in Europe <i>Markus Gangl</i>	B2: Democracy, Parties and Parliaments <i>Wolfgang C. Müller</i>
A3: Family, Education, and Ethnicity in Europe <i>Josef Brüderl</i>	B3: Democracy and Multi-Level Governance <i>Beate Kohler-Koch*</i> <i>Thomas Gschwend**</i>
	B4: Democracy and Conflict Regulation <i>Egbert Jahn</i>

* Until September 9, 2006; ** From September 9, 2006

Department A concentrates on the core elements of social structures and institutions that affect life chances and the social integration of individuals and social groups in European societies. Important concerns are the theoretical understanding of basic social processes and mechanisms and how institutions shape the opportunities and behaviour of individuals and social groups. The Department especially focuses on institutions that include the welfare state, education, labour markets, and the family or alternative forms of intimate partnership. Another research interest that is widely shared by researchers at the MZES is social inequalities and potential conflicts resulting from the way specific institutions structure the distribution of resources and the life chances of individuals. Specifically, the three sociological research clusters at the MZES focus on the reform of welfare state institutions and the role of social partners and public opinion in these processes, the role of education and other individual resources in labour market processes and their significance for social inequality in different societies, and the development of family-based and other social relationships, including the integration of migrants into host societies. The projects ask how and why similarities and differences have evolved between countries and what

the prospects are for convergence or divergence in present and future developments. Department A addresses some of the most crucial changes and challenges European societies have to face in recent years, often applying a long-term perspective. Area A1 compares European welfare states and their reforms and analyzes changing labour relations from a mainly macro-sociological institutional perspective, though some projects also include the role of collective actors or individual attitudes. Area A3 focuses on family and other intimate relations and the social networks with which these are interwoven. A2 and A3 share a micro-sociological perspective, but the projects are often explicitly tied to the macro-context in which these social processes and interpersonal relations are embedded. The projects of all three areas represent a blend of continuing previous strength in research and introducing new research topics. More than ever, the macro-comparative and the micro-sociological approaches of the projects in Department A endeavour to be complementary.

In *Department B*, one major focus is on the micro-foundations of democracy: the attitudes and modes of behaviour of the citizens and the ways in which these are acquired and shaped. Several projects address the modes of civic and political participation other than voting. The specific contribution of research at the MZES is the study of these processes under the conditions of social change, comparing European political systems. The political organizations and institutions that link citizens to the making of authoritative political decisions – political parties and parliaments – constitute the Department's second focus. A hallmark of this research at the MZES is the study of strategic voting and coalition politics. Another focus is on the problems of democracy resulting from European integration and the establishment of a multi-level system of governance. In this context, several projects are particularly interested in the extent to which governance in Europe is transformed through the growth of grassroots organisations and public interest groups with European or international constituencies and whether and how this wider involvement of 'civil society' can promote the emergence of an 'all-embracing European political space'. Several projects study European governance in the context of international governance structures and analyse the impacts of changes in the international context on institutional change within the EU. Thus far research concerns the established democracies of Western Europe, the consolidated democracies of the new member states in East-Central Europe, and the European Union. However, Department B is also concerned with the border region of the European Union, where democracy is fragile at best. With regard to this region, research focuses at the relationship between democracy and peace building.

Although the Sixth Research Programme of the MZES is only in its first full year, several additions were made in 2006. Altogether the MZES Kollegium in its September meeting accepted eleven new research projects, four of which are dissertation projects. The Scientific Advisory Board had scrutinized all new project proposals other than the dissertations, and provided helpful advice for the design of several projects. The new projects are listed below:

*Additions to the Research Programme from September 2006
(Project directors or Ph.D. students)*

Department A	
A1	Attitudes Towards Welfare State Institutions. New perspectives for the comparative welfare state analysis (Wendt)
A1	European System of Welfare State Indicators (EUWI) (Ebbinghaus, Wendt)
A2	Social Consequences of Unemployment (Gangl)
A3	Young Immigrants in the German and Israeli Educational Systems (Kogan, MZES part)
A3	Homogamy and Fertility. The Impact of Partnership Context on Family Formation (Jacob)
Department B	
B1	Participatory Engineering in European Democracies: Can Democratic Reform Increase the Quantity and Quality of Political Participation? (Zittel)
B2	Majority Rule and Parliamentary Behaviour (Ganghof, W.C. Müller, MZES part)
B2	Formal and Informal Organizations of the Government in the EU-15: Description and Effects on the Decision-making Process Considering EU Intergovernmental Negotiations (Diss. Binder)
B3	Making EU Politics Public. A Comparative Analysis of the Communication Policies of European Supranational Organizations (Diss. Altides)
B4	Transformation of the Political System in Azerbaijan (Diss. Babajew)
B4	On the Relationship of Peacebuilding and Nation-building in Bosnia and Herzegovina (Diss. Dragicevic)

1.3 Personnel development

In 2006, the MZES engaged in 67 projects with a total of 83 researchers working at the MZES at the end of the year. Many researchers are employed part-time or also have teaching functions at the University of Mannheim. The MZES reaches its size and research capacity through the pooling of personnel resources from different sources (see Table 1 which shows the composition of the staff working at the MZES in 2006 in full time equivalents).

Table 1: MZES staff by financing source (full time equivalents at the end of 2006)

	Positions financed by MZES budget	Positions financed by research grants	Professors and other scientists from the Faculty of Social Sciences
Scientists in Research Departments	15*	17.5*	14
Scientists in the MZES Infrastructure	7**	--	--
Other staff	6.7	--	--
Total	28.7	17.5	14

* Fixed-term

** One staff member fixed-term

With its own basic budget, the MZES can finance 24 full-time positions. Most of these positions are used to sustain an excellent *infrastructure for research* by (1) providing efficient administrative and secretarial services, and (2) by providing high-standard computing, data, library, and documentation resources (more on the infrastructure see p. 14 and chapter 4). In addition, the MZES staff budget also allows the Centre to employ 10 (full-time) scientists working on projects of the two Research Departments. These positions are not filled permanently. Rather, the MZES fills these positions with researchers under fixed-term contract who work in the Research Programme's core projects, mainly for preparing grant applications. These positions constitute only a relative small share of all the scientists working in the Research Departments. The bulk of the MZES' personnel capacity comes from two sources: from research grants and from the professors and other scientists of the Faculty of Social Sciences of the University of Mannheim. The competence of the Department professors is a particularly valuable asset as they provide leadership at the Centre and assume the responsibility of initiating and directing most of the research projects at the MZES. Fortunately the good infrastructure and personnel support of the Centre attracts almost all professors of political science and sociology to direct their research priorities towards the main research aims of the MZES and to carry out their research at the Centre.

In 2006 the MZES benefited from a one-off transfer of money earmarked for personnel expenditure from 2005 (€ 80.000) that had generously been granted by the university. For this reason, and because of counting-in the three researchers funded via the MZES-Young Scholars Programme, Table 1 contains more than 10 MZES-financed research positions in the Research Departments. This transfer of personnel resources allowed the MZES to start its new research programme at full-speed, i.e. more research projects could be supported simultaneously. As the report on the

external funding of research projects (see below) demonstrates, this transfer of resources was a full success.

As the MZES heavily depends on the administrative and research inputs from the professors of the Social Science Faculty, it is strongly affected by the current generational transition taking place among the professors holding the political science and sociology chairs at the Faculty. Within a few years almost all professors who founded and built up the MZES will have been replaced. This process began in the autumn of 2003 with the appointment of Wolfgang C. Müller (succeeding Peter Graf Kielmansegg in the Comparative Government and Political Theory chair) and was continued with the appointment of Bernhard Ebbinghaus (following Johannes Berger in the Macrosociology chair) and Markus Gangl (succeeding Walter Müller in the Social Research and Applied Sociology chair) in 2004. In the last-mentioned case, the MZES and the Social Science Faculty benefited from a programme of double professorial appointments that was designed, with the support of the University of Mannheim, to smooth the generational gap. Accordingly, Walter Müller and his successor Markus Gangl overlapped in the professorship. The second chair chosen for transitional double appointment was the political science chair of International Relations, held by Professor Beate Kohler-Koch. Yet, the time-consuming recruitment procedure for this chair prevented the double professorial appointment scheme to become effective in this case. Eventually, three of the five political science chairs were advertised simultaneously, with the selection process taking place in the first half of 2006. This process resulted in the appointment of Berthold Rittberger (succeeding Egbert Jahn in the Political Science and Contemporary History chair) that will become effective in February 2007, and Thomas König (succeeding Beate Kohler-Koch in the International Relations chair), who will start in August 2007). The recruitment process for the succession of Franz Urban Pappi in the Political Sociology chair was still ongoing when this report was concluded.

These reappointments are extremely important for the MZES as it relies heavily on the research capacity of the professors at the Faculty of Social Sciences. Its single most important problem has always been the scarcity of this resource, given the professors' teaching obligations (which are excessive by international standards and indeed among the highest in Germany) and their many administrative duties (filling Faculty, Departmental, University, and MZES positions). Although the MZES Executive Board members have a reduced teaching load, it remains high by international standards: the MZES director continues to teach five hours and the department heads seven hours per week (not including the supervision of M.A. and Ph.D. theses).

Following a plan already worked out by the previous Executive Board, the MZES had converted one of its research positions in a non-tenure track junior professorship in 2005. Technically, the position remains at the MZES and can be converted back into a research position at each vacancy that will arise after six years or earlier. Given that the political science group currently provides the Director and one additional

member of the MZES Executive Board, the decision was made to appoint a junior professor in the field of Comparative Government in 2005. Notwithstanding the role of the MZES in establishing the junior professorship in Comparative Government, according to university law, the appointment of junior professors has to be made through the usual procedure, i.e. by the Faculty of Social Sciences and other university bodies. This procedure was carried out in the autumn of 2005 and the Faculty of Social Sciences agreed a shortlist in December. The appointment of the new junior professor, Dr. Steffen Ganghof, became effective in April 2006, yet in the meantime Dr Ganghof has accepted an offer as Professor in Comparative Government at the University of Potsdam as of March 2007.

The appointment of Dr. Irena Kogan to the senior Fellowship position in Research Department A became also effective in April 2006. The appointment had already been made in 2005, concluding an international competition. Like the other senior fellows Irena Kogan will contribute to the research of the MZES and to the teaching in the Social Science Faculty. She will, on average, cover two hours of teaching per semester.

In order to keep a high level of flexibility, the MZES strictly adheres to the principle of short-term contracts for researchers, except those mainly involved with providing infrastructure services. This leads to a high level of personnel turnover. In 2006, 15 researchers have left the institute; 17 researchers have been newly recruited. Consequently, the MZES researchers tend to be relatively young and mostly in an early career stage. This personnel policy often burdens project directors with the training of researchers who have little research experience beforehand. Yet, it enables project directors to recruit personnel specifically for individual research projects, what overall is considered an advantage. By introducing young scholars to the world of social science research, the MZES makes a significant contribution to the qualification of the next generation of researchers.

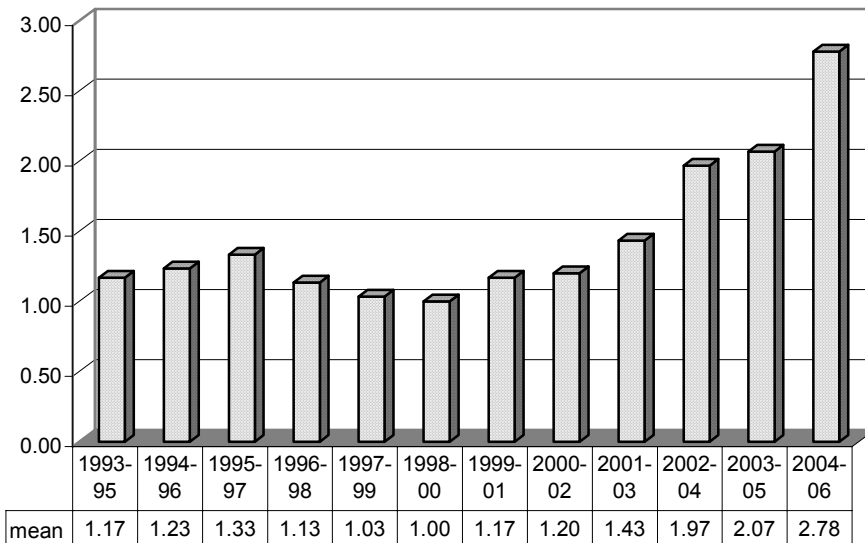
1.4 Other resources and project grants

In addition to the personnel resources provided as part of the state of Baden-Württemberg budget for the University of Mannheim, the MZES is granted office space and about 470,000 Euro per year for running the Centre (office supplies, computing, data, library, travel, etc.) and student assistance. This is the same amount as in 2005, but a cut of about 10% compared to previous years in nominal terms.

In 2005 it was not felt so hard as this was a transition year in which the Fifth Research Programme was concluded and the Sixth Research Programme was worked out. Thus the emphasis was on conceptual work and project design that are not as costly as empirical work. Yet, in 2006 the Sixth Research Programme was in full steam. Fortunately, the University of Mannheim had allowed the MZES to transfer some of its financial resources that are earmarked for the payment of researchers

from 2005 to 2006. This helped smoothing the effects of the financial cuts, but clearly that was a one-off occasion. In the long run, the MZES will have fewer resources than in previous years and that clearly has the potential to affect the MZES' capacity for research negatively. Although research at the MZES is mainly financed through research grants, the acquisition of these grants and the turning of research reports into first-rate publications critically depend on the availability of research money at the Centre. The success in raising research grants in 2006, with the extra 80,000 € available, supports this interpretation.

*Figure 3: Acquired new external funding 1993-2006
(rolling 3-year averages, millions of Euro)*



Throughout its history, the Mannheim Centre has been very successful in gaining external grants. For years, the MZES has been among the most successful grant-winning institutions of the University of Mannheim. The total external funding in the 1993-2006 period was 21.4 million Euros. That is an annual mean acquisition of 1.5 million Euros. In 2006, MZES researchers collectively earned the highest ever amount of grants: 3,775,729 €. Thus far the record had been a grant income of 3.3 million in 2004. Yet, the 2004 record was largely due to the winning of two exceptionally large grants, one for the CONNEX Network of Excellence (directed by Beate Kohler-Koch) (1.1 million €) and one for the German part of the European Social Survey (directed by Jan van Deth) (0.7 million €). In 2006, MZES researchers also won some big grants, but the MZES' success rests on more shoulders than in 2004. In 2006, the most important grants went to Hartmut Esser (511,920 € from the DFG for the project "Preschool Education and Educational Careers among Migrant Children"), Andreas M.

Wüst (400,000 € from the Volkswagen Stiftung for the project "Migrants as Political Actors"), Irena Kogan & Walter Müller (378,200 € from the Volkswagen Stiftung for the project "Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe), and again to Hartmut Esser (371,400 € from the DFG for the project "Educational Aspirations and Reference Groups").

The winning of this record amount of research funds in 2006 means that the MZES researchers now do have the financial means to implementing most of the Research Programme 2005–2008. The next years will be devoted mostly on spending this money on research activities; winning more research grants will have a less prominent role. Simply, the Faculty of Social Sciences that provides most of the senior researchers is too small and indeed tiny in comparison with institutions that have a similar visibility in terms of research to provide senior research capacity for engaging in more or bigger projects.

More generally, working with research programmes and external grants has a cyclical nature: Working out a programme and raising grants is followed by their spending on research and these activities are often clustered, not least because of the structuring effect of Research Programmes. In addition to the shortage of senior research capacity the cyclical development and the spectacular high in 2006 make it unlikely that a similar amount of grants will be earned in any year of the current research programme. As the yearly acquisition of grants is uneven, Figure 3 therefore provides rolling averages of three-year periods, as the Research Programmes are organized in three-year periods.

Most of the grants are provided by German sources that finance basic research, notably the German Research Foundation (DFG) and several other foundations (in particular the Volkswagen and Thyssen foundations). The proportion of European Funds, however, is rising. While this proportion has been about 8% in the period 2001–2003 it is about 19% for the period thereafter (see Table 2).

The MZES is strongly committed to funding its research projects by external grants not just for the reason of increasing its budget. Rather the MZES values the external evaluation that projects receive at funding foundations. Projects that do not receive research grants after an initial preparation stage are discontinued. By subscribing to the principle that all research at the MZES is based on (peer-evaluated) outside research grants we routinely secure another round of quality control of the research at the Centre (after initial review of the individual projects by the Scientific Advisory Board). At the same time, the infrastructure of the MZES and the support the MZES provides during the initial stage of a project (in particular for preparing grant proposals) are important incentives for scholars at the Department to pursue their research via the MZES.

Table 2: Acquired new external funding 2001-03 and 2004-06 by grant provider

	2001 - 2003		2004 - 2006	
	1,000 €	%	1,000 €	%
Baden-Württemberg	78	1.8	65	0.8
German Federal Government	145	3.4	498	6.0
DFG	2,738	63.4	5,038	60.3
Foundations	762	17.6	1,055	12.6
EU	338	7.8	1,553	18.6
Others	261	6.0	143	1.7
Total	4,322	100.0	8,352	100.0

1.5 The MZES infrastructure

The MZES infrastructure (comprising the library, the research archive and the computing services) is a crucial resource for efficient work at the Centre. For 2006 the following activities deserve special mentioning (see also chapter 4):

- The MZES' 2005 application according to the HBFG Instruction (German law governing the funding of university equipment) resulted in the government of Baden-Württemberg granting the necessary financial resources for renewing the computing infrastructure for the researchers at the MZES. A final selection of suited hardware was made in September. Two new servers with a Raid Disk-Array, LTO Autoloader, and USV systems, 66 PCs with LCD Monitor, two Notebooks and 4 Laser Printers (one with colour) were ordered and delivered in December. The installation and configuration of the new hardware will be done early in 2007.
- The Eurodata department of the MZES started a co-operation with the Central University Library, aiming at joint financing of campus licenses with respect to databases of interest to both sides. The most prominent example in 2006 was the joint financing of a campus license for 'SourceOecd', which offers online access to all publications and databases of the OECD.
- The statistical office of the European Union (EUROSTAT) finally delivered to the MZES the European Labour Force Survey (EU-LFS) 1983-2004 in the summer of 2006. Eurodata acts as central administrator of the EU-LFS and other data resources from the European Commission for the University of Mannheim and has taken the responsibility for the construction of a concise database (comprising more than 900 individual data files) and the proper documentation of this project.

1.6 Cooperation and exchange

Research of the scope and content carried out at the MZES necessitates intensive cooperation. The MZES continues to actively nurture such cooperation and exchange in many different ways: within the Centre and with research groups and colleagues outside the MZES, both nationally and internationally. The most outstanding development in this respect was the start of the CONNEX Network of Excellence in 2004. This Network held its mid-term conference at the MZES in 2006 and will be active until 2008. While the MZES is the lead institution in the CONNEX Network of Excellence, the Centre has played an active part in other important networks before and continues to do so. Thus, in 2005 the EQUALSOC Network of Excellence, with strong MZES-participation, began operating. Both networks, CONNEX and EQUALSOC, comprise researchers from both MZES Departments.

Within the Centre, the regular seminars of each of the Departments provided ample opportunity to discuss ongoing project work and to exchange ideas with colleagues invited from outside the Centre (see appendix 5.6, list of lectures). Also, the joint lecture plus discussion series of the MZES and the Faculty of Social Sciences, bringing distinguished speakers to Mannheim, contributes to making the MZES a place of lively exchange and intellectual discussion. Several *ad hoc* working groups with members from various parts of the Centre have been active throughout 2006. There are, for instance, working groups on methods that are organised in a bottom-up process. One of the results of this bottom-up process is a volume on methods edited by Thomas Gschwend to be published by Palgrave-Macmillan in 2007. The number of projects in which researchers from different Research Areas work together is considerable.

The MZES greatly profits from Mannheim being a centre of the social sciences in the broader meaning of this term. Cooperation with colleagues from other faculties of the University and other Mannheim based institutions has remained important. MZES researchers are engaged in projects of the German Research Foundation Collaborative Research Centre (SFB 504) "Rationalitätskriterien, Entscheidungsverhalten und ökonomische Modellierung", based at Mannheim University. The MZES cooperates with ZUMA, Mannheim *inter alia* in the context of the EQUALSOC network (see below).

MZES researchers have participated in numerous national and international conferences. They have presented papers, convened workshops and organised conferences at the MZES and abroad. In 2006, the MZES organized 12 academic conferences and workshops.

Many MZES projects are being carried out with partners in other countries. Several MZES colleagues have leading functions or cooperate in several national or international cooperation networks. Table 3 shows that the MZES has many such commitments, covering most of the fields in which it is active.

Table 3: Overview of MZES national and international networks

Time period	Title	Aims	Other participants	Financing
2000-2007	Cooperation with the Institute for European Studies of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences Coordination (Kohler-Koch)	Improving EU Studies in China	University of Maastricht	EU
2002-2006	International Network on Divorce Studies Membership (Brüderl, Esser) and Coordination (Esser, partly)	Cooperation and discussion on problems and results of European research on divorce (conditions, consequences, developments)	Network of approx. 12 other research institutes and universities	Local institutes of the network members
2002-2008	European Social Survey Chair of German national team and module development (van Deth)	Comparative and longitudinal research on social, political, and economic attitudes among European citizens	Cooperation of researchers from 23 countries	EU DFG
2004-2008	Panel Analysis of Intimate Relationships and Family (PAIRFAM) Coordination (Esser with Huinink, Bremen)	Special Research Area Programme creating a long-term panel database to study the change and formation of (new) patterns of intimate relations and of family and kinship structures	Several German and international partners	DFG
2004-2008	Efficient and Democratic Governance in a Multilevel Europe. CONNEX (Connecting Excellence on European Governance) Network Coordination (Kohler-Koch)	Mobilising and connecting of outstanding scholars to deepen knowledge of the present state and likely future development of European multilevel governance, its assets and deficiencies in terms of problem-solving capacity and democratic legitimacy	Research groups from 43 Research Institutes and University Departments in 23 European countries	EU

Table 3: Overview of MZES national and international networks (continued)

Time period	Title	Aims	Other participants	Financing
2005-2008	Integrated and United? A Quest for Citizenship in an Ever Closer Europe (IntUne) Membership (W.C. Müller, Schmitt)	Studies the changes in the scope, nature and characteristics of citizenship in the process of deepening and enlargement of the European Union	Some 32 universities and more than 100 individual researchers	EU
2005-2009	Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion (EQUALSOC) Network of Excellence Local Coordination (W. Müller)	Mobilises and develops research expertise across Europe in economics, social policy, sociology and political science on the implications of economic change for social cohesion and the quality of life	13 research institutes and universities with some 270 researchers and graduate students participating	EU

Among the various networks, in which the MZES is involved, the following merit to be briefly described:

- Jan van Deth directs the German national co-ordination team of the European Social Survey (ESS) which collects survey data in 23 European nations designed to chart and explain the interaction between Europe's changing institutions and the attitudes, beliefs, and behaviour patterns of its diverse populations. With this involvement the MZES is participating in a leading role in one of the most important academic investments for comparative social research in Europe. The German Research Foundation has chosen this survey project – as the first social science project ever – for long-term support. This means that the continuation of this most important enterprise is guaranteed for about the next decade.
- With leading participation of MZES researchers (Josef Brüderl, Hartmut Esser) a German Research Foundation Special Research Area Programme conducts a large-scale and long-term panel study on the "Development of Intimate Relationships and Families". Cooperation partners include the other German research groups in this panel study and colleagues from the Netherlands Kinship Panel Study (Dykstra, Kalmijn, Liefbroer) and several colleagues working in other countries on related issues (e.g. Amato from Penn State University; DiPrete from Columbia University; Hoem from the MPI für Demographische Forschung in Rostock).

- The Network of Excellence "Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion" (EQUALSOC): This network was set up with very active participation of the MZES. It is coordinated by Robert Erikson, Swedish Institute for Social Research (SOFI), Stockholm. Walter Müller (MZES) leads the international research team on "Education, Social Mobility and Social Cohesion" and serves as local coordinator at the MZES (almost 30 people from Mannheim participate). The central theoretical focus of EQUALSOC is on how economic change affects social cohesion through its implications for the differences between individuals and groups in the quality of life. In the network, the MZES researchers will be concerned with developments in (1) employment and the labour market; (2) income distribution, consumption and income mobility; (3) education and social mobility; (4) family and social networks; (5) cultural and social differentiation; (6) trust, associability and legitimacy.
- The Integrated EU Project "Integrated and United? A Quest for Citizenship in an 'Ever Closer Europe'" (IntUne), studies the changes in the scope, nature and characteristics of citizenship in the process of deepening and enlargement of the European Union. It focuses on how integration and decentralization processes, at both the national and European level, are affecting three major dimensions of citizenship: identity, representation, and practice of good governance. The project includes Wolfgang C. Müller, who had been elected to its leadership body, and Hermann Schmitt.
- The most exceptional and demanding contribution of the MZES to international research cooperation and exchange is certainly the MZES' lead role in organizing and coordinating the EU-financed Network of Excellence "Efficient and Democratic Governance in a Multilevel Europe" CONNEX (Connecting Excellence on European Governance). Under the leadership of Beate Kohler-Koch and the management support of Fabrice Larat, the MZES cooperates with 43 research centres and 170 distinguished academics throughout Europe.

1.7 The MZES – a place for young scholars

The Mannheim Faculty of Social Sciences, in close cooperation with the MZES, is currently engaged in the building-up of a Graduate School. A joint attempt by the University of Mannheim's Economics Department, the Business School, and the Social Science Faculty has been successful in winning a five-year-grant for an interdisciplinary Graduate School in the German Excellence Initiative competition of the federal government and the Länder in 2006. The MZES researchers Josef Brüderl and Franz Urban Pappi have played a leading role in the application process. Bernhard Ebberhaus has been elected the first Academic Director of the Center for Doctoral Studies in Social and Behavioral Sciences (CDSS) of the Graduate School for Economic and Social Sciences (GESS). In many ways the MZES has paved the way for such a breakthrough in graduate training.

- Perhaps the most important measure for the promotion of young scientists and the professional development of the MZES personnel is to provide a stimulating and internationally oriented context for young researchers. First, the MZES is just big enough to have the critical mass of people with specific qualifications who are working on related subjects to make a big difference for their work, as they can exchange their ideas, get feedback and can draw on a broad range of knowledge. Second, many outstanding scholars visit the Centre and provide impulses for the research of the young scholars.
- On a more formal basis, the MZES has its own research seminars and lecture programmes that are well-suited for graduate students and young researchers. They can also and do participate in various advanced courses and seminars offered at the Department of Social Sciences, at other university faculties, at the ZUMA and also at the MZES, where from time to time we have training workshops or working groups (organised by the staff) on advanced quantitative or qualitative methods.
- As a follow up of the university sponsored initiative of 2005/2006 that enhanced MZES' international exchange in doctoral programmes, the MZES received further university funds to organize research workshops for doctoral and postdoctoral researchers that will be organized in cooperation with other German university institutions during 2006 and 2007. In 2006, two workshops have been organized by the two MZES research departments. In June 2006, a workshop on methods of comparative welfare state research was organized by Bernhard Ebbinghaus and Claus Wendt in cooperation with political scientists and sociologists from the University of Heidelberg. In September 2006, a two-day methods workshop on Qualitative Comparative Analysis (QCA) was organized by Professor Beate Kohler-Koch in collaboration with colleagues from the University of Marburg, the TU Darmstadt, and HSFK Frankfurt. Two further workshops are planned for the year 2007.
- Since 2001, the MZES runs its own Young Scholars Programme in which the MZES supports graduate students who work on dissertation topics integrated into one of the MZES Research Areas. In 2004 the first dissertation from MZES-supported young scholars was completed. Two other dissertations were completed in 2005, and one more in 2006. In 2004, three new students were admitted to the programme. Unfortunately, budgetary constraints have not allowed continuing this programme with MZES resources. However, the MZES will play an important role in providing part-time positions to and research facilities for the CDSS students of the graduate school after their first year of doctoral studies funded by grants provided by GESS.
- The MZES makes good use of the two Networks of Excellence, CONNEX and EQUALSOC, to enhance its Ph.D. training. Students working on issues of European governance can benefit from several international Ph.D. networks that were established within CONNEX. These students will come together regularly over the next two or three years at various European universities for the purpose of methods training and in order to meet international experts on their

dissertation subject. In 2005 first workshops were organised at Mannheim, Oslo, Paris, Twente, Vienna, and Warsaw. The Mannheim/MZES node takes charge of "Civil Society Involvement in European Governance". CONNEX, in cooperation with NewGov, also offers a summer school; the first was held at the EUI in Florence in 2006. Students working on topics that relate to the themes covered by the Network of Excellence "Economic Change, Quality of Life & Social Cohesion (EQUALSOC)", 15 of which come from Mannheim, have access to an annual summer school. The first summer school was held in 2006 in Trento.

- The MZES hosted the second International Summer Academy on Political Consulting and Strategic Campaign Communication, organized by Andrea Römmele and sponsored by the Volkswagen Foundation.
- The MZES also involves the rising generation of scientists in teaching tasks. Some researchers teach while they have a MZES contract, but there is also substantial mobility between faculty teaching jobs and jobs at the MZES, that – in combination – allows them to obtain extended teaching experience and prepare for academic careers.
- In 2006, four (former or current) MZES researchers concluded their dissertations (Eric Linhart, Peter Matuschek, Isabelle Schulze, and Arndt Wonka), and one MZES researcher concluded her habilitation theses and habilitation process (Sigrid Roßteutscher). Two MZES researchers were offered and accepted professorships. Dirk DeBièvre is now Professor of International Relations at the University of Antwerp, Andrea Römmele is Professor of Communication Management at the International University Bruchsal. Of the younger scholars, Cornelia Hausen left for the Max Planck Institute for Human Development in Berlin, Bernhard Christoph for the Institut für Arbeitsmarkt- und Berufsforschung (IAB) in Nürnberg, Sonja Zmerli for the Institut für Politikwissenschaft of the Technische Universität Darmstadt, Christine Pütz for the Centre Marc Bloch in Berlin. Julia Schäfer remains connected to the MZES and now primarily works at the Social Science Faculty. Likewise, Thomas Zittel remains connected to the MZES but temporarily took the position of Fernand Braudel Fellow at the EUI in Florence. Other young MZES scholars accepted job offers from institutions that will allow them to combine their theoretical interests with more applied work. Thus Daniel Lederle now works in the methods department of an opinion research institute in Wiesbaden, Aytan Gahramanova has returned to Baku, Rebecca Frings now works in Cologne, and Mario Dragicevic devotes his further career to youth education.

1.8 Publications and rewards

The most visible and perhaps lasting products of a research institute are its publications. Table 4 provides a summary, classifying the publications in several categories. With regard to journal articles it distinguishes between those that appeared in jour-

nals included in the Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI), articles in other academic journals, and articles in non-academic journals that mainly aim at reaching the general public. With regard to book chapters Table 4 distinguishes between those published in English language and those in other languages (mostly German). The table reports on the last four years, which were the most productive in the history of the MZES.

Table 4 and the appendix show that the publication record remained respectably high in 2006. Although the number of publications is considerably below the two top years 2004 and 2005, it is about the level of 2002 and 2003, that were considered productive years then. The relative decline in academic publications compared to the two top years affects most categories. We are most concerned about the reduced output in English language and in SSCI journals in particular. With regard to some of the categories, the decline in 2006 may partly result from an extraordinary output in 2005. Monographs and edited volumes can be mentioned here.

However, with regard to the other publication categories other forces must be at work. These include the loss of one political science professorship at the Faculty of Social Sciences in 2006. While Egbert Jahn continues to be research-active at the MZES, the total of departmental duties is now shared between the remaining five (rather than six) political science professors, what leaves them less time for research. The senior researchers of the MZES have also been involved in very time-consuming extraordinary activities during 2005 and 2006 that have absorbed much of their capacity that otherwise would have been used for publication purposes. Thus, in the last two years they have served in five professorial search committees in political science (for filling three chairs and one junior professorship). The senior researchers also devoted much of their time to reforming the study programmes and adapting them to the three level teaching programmes of the Bologna Process (B.A., M.A., Ph.D.). They also took a leading part in the University of Mannheim's applications for generous government funds in the Excellence Programme. They were rewarded with funds for building up the Graduate School in 2006 and are still in the competition for funds for a research cluster. While all this is in the long-term interest of the university and the MZES, it also burdens the individuals involved in these activities with considerable short-term costs. Finally, all researchers who have teaching obligations have been severely affected by the university's decision to change the time of the terms. Bringing forward the beginning of the winter term from mid-October to the beginning of September basically meant that six weeks of research time were cut out in 2006. Against this background it is not difficult to see why the publication output of the MZES experienced a decline in 2006 compared to the two immediately preceding years. As publications take their time the same factors are likely to influence also the output of 2007.

Although the numbers have declined compared to the MZES' top years 2004 and 2005, the quality of publications has been upheld. As in previous years, several of its

publications appeared in first-rate international journals, including, for instance, the *American Sociological Review*, *British Journal of Political Science*, *European Journal of Political Research*, *European Sociological Review*, *Journal of European Public Policy*, and the leading German journals *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, and *Zeitschrift für Soziologie*. The monographs and edited volumes typically appeared from high-quality publishing houses, including, for instance, Oxford University Press and Routledge internationally and Campus, Manz, Nomos, and Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften in the German-speaking countries.

Table 4: Publications 2002-2006¹

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Monographs	12	14	10	15	10
Edited volumes	8	12	10	14	8
Journal articles SSCI	22	23	24	25	16
Journal articles other scientific	16	30	21	28	26
Journal articles other	6	4	2	0	1
Chapters in edited volumes	41	61	72	68	61
- in English language	11	20	25	32	12
- in other language	30	41	47	36	49
Working papers	35	29	26	19	30
Articles in Eurodata Newsletter	1	2	-	-	-
Sub-total print	141	175	165	169	152
Presentations at national or international conferences	115	91	164	159	108
Total	256	266	329	328	260

The quality of research at the Centre is also evidenced by professional acknowledgments MZES researchers receive. After a long list of such honours in 2005, the MZES was delighted to learn that its former director, Walter Müller, received an honorary doctoral degree for educational research from the Universität Bern in 2006.

¹ Note that figures for specific categories can slightly change from one report to the next. They may increase if publications originally omitted were added to our database later. Conversely, figures for a specific year may slightly decrease if publications originally reported as forthcoming in the year of reporting were delayed eventually.

1.9 Other Professional Activities

Besides research and teaching members of the MZES have also continued to be involved in various professional services in the national and international research community, among others

- as referees for the German Research Foundation (DFG), the EU and various national and international foundations and reviewers for many peer-reviewed journals and major publishing houses;
- as editors or advisory board members of national and international academic journals and book series;
- as evaluators of research institutions and university departments;
- as the chairman of the Centre for Surveys, Methods and Analysis' board (ZUMA, Mannheim), and as members in the council (Kuratorium) of GESIS, in the governing boards and scientific committees of other national and international research institutions;
- as members in the in the German-Russian Historian's Commission and in the council of foundations to investigate the history of the German Democratic Republic;
- as member in the Founding Committee for the Council for Social and Economic Data, established by the German Federal Minister for Science and Research; in the Advisory Board of the German Statistical Office.

Finally MZES researchers are members of various national and international Academies, in particular of

- Berlin-Brandenburgische Akademie der Wissenschaften (Beate Kohler-Koch, Berthold Rittberger [in the Junior Academy])
- Deutsche Akademie der Naturforscher Leopoldina (Hartmut Esser, Walter Müller, Franz Urban Pappi)
- European Academy of Sociology (Hartmut Esser)
- Heidelberger Akademie der Wissenschaften (Hartmut Esser)
- Royal Dutch Academy of Arts and Sciences (Jan van Deth)

1.10 Changing Places

After a long period of intense planning and negotiations with the relevant parts of the university administration the MZES eventually moved from its building in L7 (between the university's main building and the railway station) to the Department building in A5. That move took place in December 2006. Moving the MZES closer to the Faculty of Social Sciences is a long-term plan that was agreed long before the current Executive Board assumed office. Locating the MZES in a university-owned building will allow the university considerable cost reductions. For the MZES the move to A5 brings advantages as well as disadvantages. On the one hand, the A5

building is less attractive and distinguishable as a research centre. While the former building was almost ideal for the needs of the MZES, as it was built for that purpose, this is less the case for A5. Although the building was completely renovated, the existing construction could be adapted only to a limited extent to the needs of the MZES. The move also involved a great amount of transaction costs and required a heavy investment of time and energy of the MZES director, the managing director, and the staff since the first moment after assuming office by the new Executive Board. As the move to A5 will have considerable long-term effects on the MZES this was considered an important investment and worth making. On the other hand, the move to A5 reduces transaction costs in the daily running of projects and the management of the MZES to the extent that it involves the professors and other teaching staff at the Faculty. That will materialize once the Faculty has moved back to A5 in early 2007. Having two resourceful libraries, the MZES' and the Faculty's holdings, under one roof and enhancing even more the co-ordination of their acquisition policies, allows for greater economy. Given the ever-increasing prices for books and journals, the greater number of countries to be covered by the MZES library and the general resource constraints, these synergies will hopefully allow maintaining the present high quality level of library services for the MZES researchers. The MZES library will also cooperate with the Social Science Faculty library in having a joint system of displaying journals and running the reading room operations. Yet, the MZES has not allowed the economies of scale to undermine its function as a research library specifically designed to serve the mission of the MZES. Finally, the move to A5 will make it easier to engage in new projects that require a great amount of institutional cooperation and interpersonal communication between the Social Science Faculty and the MZES such as the new Graduate School of Economic and Social Sciences.

All in all, the MZES has again experienced a good and productive year. The Sixth Research Programme had a great start. If the MZES maintains the support of the Land Baden-Württemberg, the University of Mannheim, and the other institutions and individuals who have helped to make the MZES what it is now, we are confident that we will be able to be successful in our work in the future.

This Annual Report shall not be concluded without a word of thanks. The Executive Board wishes to thank the many institutions and persons who have contributed greatly to the achievements of the MZES: the University of Mannheim and the Land Baden-Württemberg for the continued and generous support; the research funding agencies for their grants and their trust in our capacity to push forward the frontiers of research; the members of the Scientific Advisory Board for their critical feedback and helpful advise; our many colleagues from other institutions for their stimulating and rewarding cooperation; and especially to the staff and the researchers at the MZES for their enthusiasm and all the efforts, often way beyond duty, they devote to the common enterprise.

Department A: European Societies and their Integration

Research in Department A generally focuses on analysis of social structures and welfare organizations in modern societies. The projects study the cultural, social, economic and welfare-state-based foundations of living conditions in Europe, their change and their variation in different European societies. The three main research areas focus on the changing labour relations and welfare state regimes in Europe under current challenges, the impact of different educational systems and labour markets on social stratification in international comparison, and the role of family, education and ethnicity in modern societies.

Research Area A1: Changing Labour Relations and Welfare States in Europe

Coordinator: Bernhard Ebbinghaus

Welfare states and labour relations are under global and endogenous pressures to change. Although these challenges seem relatively similar for all modern economies, historically evolved welfare regimes and state-society relations vary considerably across Europe, with consequences for the particular problem constellation, national reform capacity and public support for reforms. The research area concentrates on the varying reform processes of welfare state regimes, the changing relations between organized labour and capital, and the public legitimacy of welfare institutions. Research commonly adopts a comparative approach, looking at the cross-national institutional diversity of contemporary social protection systems and labour relations in Europe. In addition to the macro-institutional perspective, several projects also adopt an organizational perspective or study individual level survey data. The study of changes in the organizational landscape, such as varying membership levels, associational restructuring, and erosion of institutional power, informs the analysis of the role the societal actors play in social and employment policy reforms. In several projects, micro-level survey data informs the analysis of changes in voluntary membership and public support for welfare programmes.

Active projects in 2006

A1.1 Varieties of Social Governance in Europe: The Social Partners' Role in Pension and Labour Market Policies

Director(s): Bernhard Ebbinghaus
Researcher(s): N. N.
Duration: 2006 to 2008
Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The social partners – employer associations and trade unions – play an important role in many European welfare states. The comparative research project studies their role in the social governance, particularly in policy making and implementation. Comparing different welfare regimes, it maps the different modes of social governance in two social policy areas: in old age security (public and private pension systems) and in labour market policy (unemployment insurance and labour offices). Based on country studies of selected western European welfare regimes, the project analyzes the different governance forms and their impact on and dependence from the reform processes over the last two decades. It asks whether these changes follow the path dependent institutional traditions or whether we can detect systemic institutional change.

A1.2 Governance of Supplementary Pensions in Europe: The Varying Scope for Participatory and Social Rights

Director(s): Bernhard Ebbinghaus with Giuliano Bonoli (IDHEAP/Lausanne)

Researcher(s): Isabelle Schulze

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The shift towards non-state supplementary pensions across Europe, both in old and new EU member states, raises fundamental issues regarding their governance in respect to guaranteeing basic participatory and social rights. The coverage, the benefit formula, the funding modes and other insurance features vary across supplementary pension systems as a result of different state or collective regulation. Based on country studies by national experts, the international project compares the evolution of supplementary pensions, focusing on the role of the state and social partners in regulating private and occupational pensions. Special studies analyze the impact of different governance modes on current and future social inequality in public-private pension mix.

A1.4 The Acceptance of the Welfare State

Director(s): Johannes Berger, Carsten G. Ullrich

Researcher(s): Carsten G. Ullrich, Bernhard Christoph

Funding: Fritz Thyssen-Stiftung / MZES

Duration: 2003 to 2006

Status: completed

Research question/goal: The acceptance or public support of the welfare state has been a major concern in theoretical debates and empirical research for a long time. It is widely acknowledged that at least a minimum of political support is a functional prerequisite for the effectiveness and stability of the welfare state. Furthermore, a broad acceptance is often regarded as the key justification for socio-political interventions. Nonetheless, the findings of national and comparative research, while sub-

stantiating high support for the key institutions of the welfare state, are problematic in many respects. The project aimed at providing a better knowledge about the degree and the causes of the social acceptance of the welfare state. Therefore, a representative survey on the public support for the core institutions of the German welfare state had been conducted. This was the first time in Germany that acceptance judgements about substantial welfare institutions were generated by a survey especially designed for this purpose.

Research outcome: The purpose of the research project was the analysis of the social acceptance of the German welfare state. An interest in the social support of welfare institutions presupposes that at least a minimum of public acceptance is a functional prerequisite for the effectiveness and stability of the welfare state. One of the main findings was that preferences concerning social security are predominantly influenced by normative orientations (e.g. justice, solidarity) and subjective perceptions (e.g. the expected need of benefits). In contrast, the impact of the social position and other socio-demographic variables (like social class or age) proved to be rather limited.

A1.5 Quality of Life of Public Servants in International Comparison

Director(s): Franz Rothenbacher
Researcher(s): Jean-Marie Jungblut, N.N.
Funding: MZES
Duration: 2005 to 2008
Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The research project investigates the objective living conditions of public servants and their subjective perception. Four Northern European countries are opposed to four Southern European countries. Both sets of countries differ a lot with respect to their civil service systems, their role in state and society, and the living conditions of its public employees. Quality of life of public servants is investigated in international comparison for the whole of the European Union by multi-country data sets like the ECHP and the LFS. Furthermore, in-depth country profiles will be written for the eight European countries selected.

A1.6 Attitudes Towards Welfare State Institutions: New Perspectives for the Comparative Welfare State Analysis

Director(s): Claus Wendt
Researcher(s): Monika Mischke
Funding: DFG
Duration: 2006 to 2008
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Advanced welfare states are increasingly confronted with structural reforms. As a consequence, pivotal social institutions and thus the percep-

tion of social security can no longer be taken for granted as they have for many years. The project analyzes the (changing) orientation of individuals at social policy institutions (health care, family policy, measures against poverty) in 15 member states of the European Union (EU-15). It asks which consequences the assumed declining acceptance of welfare state institutions will have.

Publications 2006

Books

Beckert, Jens, Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Anke Hassel and Philip Manow (Ed.) (2006): *Transformationen des Kapitalismus*. Frankfurt: Campus.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): *Reforming Early Retirement in Europe, Japan and the USA*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.

Wendt, Claus and Christof Wolf (Ed.) (2006): *Soziologie der Gesundheit*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag. (Sonderheft der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 46).

Articles in journals

Christoph, Bernhard and Carsten G. Ullrich (2006): Die GKV in den Augen der Bürger: Wahrnehmung des Lastenausgleichs und Bewertungen von Reformoptionen. *Sozialer Fortschritt*, 55, issue 4, pp. 75–83.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): From path dependence to path departure in welfare reform analysis. *European Politics and Society Newsletter*, 5, issue 2, pp. 1–4.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): Qualitativer oder quantitativer Vergleich? Herausforderungen für die sozialwissenschaftliche Europaforschung. *Zeitschrift für Staats- und Europawissenschaften*, 4, issue 3, pp. 388–404.

Sachweh, Patrick, Carsten G. Ullrich and Bernhard Christoph (2006): Die gesellschaftliche Akzeptanz der Sozialhilfe. Eine Untersuchung aus moralökonomischer Perspektive. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 3, pp. 489–509.

Wendt, Claus (2006): Gesundheitssysteme im internationalen Vergleich. Ein Überblick über den Forschungsstand. *Das Gesundheitswesen*, pp. 593–599.

Chapters in books

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): Die sozialen Risiken der neuen Alterssicherungssysteme. Pp. 473–488 in: Karl-Siegbert Rehberg (Ed): *Soziale Ungleichheit, Kulturelle Unterschiede. Verhandlungen des 32. Kongresses der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie in München 2004*. Frankfurt: Campus.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): The Politics of Pension Reform: Managing Interest Group Conflicts. Pp. 759–777 in: Gordon L. Clark, Alicia H. Munnell, Michael Orszag (Eds): *The Oxford Handbook of Pensions and Retirement Income*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): Trade Union movements in post-industrial welfare states. Opening up to new social interests? Pp. 123–143 in: Klaus Armingeon, Giuliano Bonoli (Eds): *The Politics of Post-Industrial Welfare States. Adapting Post-war Social Policies to New Social Risks*. London: Routledge.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard and Bernhard Kittel (2006): Europäische Sozialmodelle à la carte: Gibt es institutionelle Wahlverwandtschaften zwischen Wohlfahrtsstaat und Arbeitsbeziehungen? . Pp.

223-248 in: Jens Beckert, Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Anke Hassel, Philip Manow (Eds): *Transformationen des Kapitalismus*. Frankfurt: Campus.

Rothgang, Heinz, Mirella Cacace, Simone Grimmeisen, Uwe Helmert and Claus Wendt (2006): Wandel von Staatlichkeit in den Gesundheitssystemen von OECD-Ländern. Pp. 309-355 in: Stephan Leibfried, Michael Zürn (Eds): *Transformationen des Staates?* Frankfurt am Main: Suhrkamp.

Ullrich, Carsten G. (2006): Generationenkonflikt oder Generationensolidarität im Wohlfahrtsstaat? Ergebnisse einer empirischen Untersuchung. Pp. 489-506 in: Karl-Siebert Rehberg (Ed): *Soziale Ungleichheit – Kulturelle Unterschiede. Verhandlungen des 32. Kongresses der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie in München 2004*. Frankfurt a.M.: Campus.

Ullrich, Carsten G. (2006): Massenloyalität und Wohlfahrtsstaat. Anmerkungen zu Claus Offes Thesen zur Funktion des Wohlfahrtsstaates im Spätkapitalismus. Pp. 3662-3672 in: Karl-Siebert Rehberg (Ed): *Soziale Ungleichheit – Kulturelle Unterschiede. Verhandlungen des 32. Kongresses der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie in München 2004. Beiträge aus Arbeitsgruppen, Sektionssitzungen und Ad-hoc-Gruppen (CD-ROM)*. Frankfurt a.M.: Campus.

Ullrich, Carsten G. and Bernhard Christoph (2006): Soziale und Risikosolidarität in der Gesetzlichen Krankenversicherung. Zur Akzeptanz von "Entsolidarisierungsoptionen" bei gesetzlich Versicherten. Pp. 406-431 in: Claus Wendt, Christof Wolf (Eds): *Soziologie der Gesundheit*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag. (Sonderheft der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 46).

Ullrich, Carsten G. and Bernhard Christoph (2006): Wahrnehmung von Lastenverteilungen und Verteilungskonflikten im deutschen Gesundheitssystem – Ergebnisse einer empirischen Untersuchung. Pp. 991-1002 in: Karl-Siebert Rehberg (Ed): *Soziale Ungleichheit – Kulturelle Unterschiede. Verhandlungen des 32. Kongresses der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie in München 2004. (im Erscheinen)*. Frankfurt a.M./New York: Campus.

Wendt, Claus (2006): Der Gesundheitssystemvergleich: Konzepte und Perspektiven. Pp. 270-297 in: Claus Wendt, Christof Wolf (Eds): *Soziologie der Gesundheit*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag. (Sonderheft der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 46).

Wendt, Claus and Jürgen Kohl (2006): Vom Nutzen und Nachteil des Institutionentransfers nach der deutschen Vereinigung. Pp. 258-277 in: Gert Albert, Agathe Bienfait, Steffen Sigmund, Mateusz Stachura (Ed): *Aspekte des Weber-Paradigmas*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag. (Studien zum Weber-Paradigma; no. 1).

Wolf, Christof and Claus Wendt (2006): Perspektiven der Gesundheitssoziologie. Pp. 9-33 in: Claus Wendt, Christof Wolf (Eds): *Soziologie der Gesundheit*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag. (Sonderheft der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 46).

MZES working papers

Wendt, Claus, Jürgen Kohl and Theresa Thompson (2006): Modes of Regulation and their Effects on Financing and Service Provision in OECD Health Care Systems. Arbeitspapiere – Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 95. Mannheim.

Papers / Reports

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard, Heinz-Herbert Noll, Thomas Bahle, Claus Wendt and Angelika Scheuer (2006): VFA-Report Lebensqualität 2006. Mannheim. [MZES und ZUMA.]

Doctoral Dissertations and Post-doctoral Theses

Ullrich, Carsten G. (2006): *Wohlfahrtsstaat und Wohlfahrtsstaatsakzeptanz*. (Habilitationsschrift). Mannheim.

Schulze, Isabelle (2006): *Der Einfluss von Wahlsystemen auf Politikinhalt: Electoral Threat in der Rentenpolitik*. Berlin: Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin. (Inaugural-Dissertation). Berlin.

Conference Participation

13-14 January 2006, "Welfare State Change. Conceptualisation, measurement and Interpretation", Aalborg University, Denmark. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Can Path Dependence Explain Institutional Change?"

30 March 2006 - 1 April 2006, "International Conference of the Council for European Studies", Chicago, USA. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "The Better Side of Private Pensions: Collective and State Regulation of Occupational Pensions".

7-8 April 2006, "Method and Substance in Macro-Comparative Analysis", AIAS, University of Amsterdam, Netherlands. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Getting into and out of the Continental Impasse".

16-18 June 2006, "13th International FISS Research Seminar on Issues of Social Security "Social Protection in an Ageing World", Sigtuna, Schweden. Participant: Isabelle Schulze: "Electoral Threat in Pension Policy".

16-17 June 2006, "A Long Good Bye to Bismarck? The Politics of Welfare Reforms in Continental Europe", CES, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, USA. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Reforming Bismarckian Corporatism: The Changing Role of Social Partners in European Welfare States".

22-23 June 2006, "The Distribution of Responsibility for Social Security and Labour Market Policies", AIAS, University of Amsterdam, Netherlands. Participants: Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Werner, Eichhorst: "Germany Report".

17-20 July 2006, "7th International Conference of the International Society for Quality of Life Studies (ISQOLS)", Grahamstone, South Africa. Participant: Franz Rothenbacher: "Quality of Life of Public Servants in European Comparison".

23-29 July 2006, "XVI World Congress of Sociology", Durban, South Africa. Participant: Claus Wendt: "Attitudes towards Welfare State Institutions".

23-29 July 2006, "XVI World Congress of Sociology", Durban, South Africa. Participant: Claus Wendt: "Changing Health Care Systems in a Changing World", Chair.

31 August 2006 - 2 September 2006, "Industrial Relations in Europe Conference (IREC), 2006", Ljubljana, Slovenia. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Reforming the European Social Model", Plenary Lecture and Stream Organizer.

21-23 September 2006, "4th Annual ESPANet Conference 2006 "Transformation of the Welfare State: Political Regulation and Social Inequality"; Stream 12 chaired by David Natali: "New Trends in Pension Policy and Politics", Bremen. Participant: Isabelle Schulze: "Electoral Threat: Pension Policy in Europe".

21-23 September 2006, "ESPANet 2006 Conference", Bremen. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Challenges to Comparative Welfare State Research: Big Concepts, Large Changes, Huge Problems?", Stream Organizer.

9-13 October 2006, "33. Kongress der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie", Universität Kassel. Participant: Claus Wendt: "Nimmt das Vertrauen in Institutionen der Gesundheitsversorgung ab? Ein internationaler Vergleich", Diskussionsleiter: Ad-hoc-Gruppe New Governance, Institutionenwandel und Vertrauen im Gesundheitssystem.

9-13 October 2006, "33. Kongress der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie", Universität Kassel. Participant: Claus Wendt: "Bedingungen für einen Institutionenwandel - Das Beispiel des Gesundheitssystems (Ad-hoc-Gruppe: Zur Natur der Behinderung. Klassifikationen der Gesundheit, Behinderung und Funktionsfähigkeit".

12-13 October 2006, "Autorentagung des Archivs für Sozialgeschichte", Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung, Bonn. Participants: Isabelle Schulze, Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Krise und Reform der Alterssicherung in Europa".

1 November 2006, "Lecture", Nuffield College, Oxford University, UK. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Are employment regimes in sync with "varieties of capitalism"? The Case of Early Retirement".

17-18 November 2006, "Transformation of Capitalism", Max-Planck-Institut für Gesellschaftsforschung, Köln. Participant: Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Benchmarking Europe. Can we learn from others?"

Research Area A2: Education, Labour Markets and Social Stratification in Europe

Coordinator: Markus Gangl

This research area focuses on core institutions and processes which shape social stratification and individual life courses of individuals in modern societies: educational systems, labour markets, and welfare states. Individual research projects examine how these institutional contexts affect individual action as well as inequality of opportunity and life chances. Typically, projects in the area employ cross-nationally comparative statistical analyses of micro data as their key research design.

Active projects in 2006

A2.1 Network of Excellence "Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion" (EQUALSOC)

Director(s): Walter Müller (local coordination)

Researcher(s): Gerrit Bauer, Birgit Becker, Nicole Biedinger, Josef Brüderl, Laura Castiglioni, Jörg Dollmann, Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Hartmut Esser, Rebecca Frings, Markus Gangl, Johannes Giesecke, Marita Jacob, Jean-Marie Jungblut, Thorsten Kneip, Irena Kogan, Franz Kraus, Ulrich Krieger, Walter Müller, Heinz-Herbert Noll (ZUMA Mannheim), Reinhard Pollak, David Reimer, Andrea Römmele, Sigrid Roßteutscher, Steffen Schindler, Jette Schröder, Isabelle Schulze,

Volker Stocké, Carsten Ullrich, Jan W. van Deth, Claus Wendt,
Andreas M. Wüst, Andrea Ziefle, Sonja Zmerli

Funding: EU

Duration: 2005 to 2009

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: MZES cooperates in this NoE with 12 leading European Institutes for Social Research to mobilise and develop research expertise across Europe on the implications of economic change for social cohesion and the quality of life. In interdisciplinary cooperation with scholars in economics, social policy, sociology and political science the network aims to foster through workshops, conferences and common projects high quality comparative European research on trends in, and the determinants of, social cohesion in the European societies. MZES researchers cooperate in research teams which focus on the implications for social cohesion that result from conditions and developments in (1) employment and the labour market; (2) income distribution, consumption and income mobility; (3) education and social mobility; (4) family and social networks; (5) cultural and social differentiation; (6) trust, associability and legitimacy. Through summer schools and method workshops the NoE is also strongly involved in training the rising generation of young scholars in the skills of comparative research. The NoE is coordinated by Robert Erikson, Swedish Institute for Social Research (SOFI), Stockholm. Walter Müller from MZES is leading the international research team on "Education, Social Mobility and Social Cohesion".

A2.2 Social Selectivity in Tertiary Education and Labour Market and Stratification Outcomes

Director(s): Walter Müller

Researcher(s): David Reimer, Steffen Schindler

Funding: DFG, MZES

Duration: 2003 to 2009

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: During the last decades, most European countries have experienced a massive expansion of the tertiary educational sector. At the same time, the systems of higher education have been differentiated through the introduction of new institutional forms or the re-organisation of existing institutions. The institutional differentiation and the various reforms have substantially increased the variability of institutional arrangements in tertiary education among European countries. The aim of the project is to investigate the effects of these changes (expansion and institutional reforms) on the social selectivity among students and on returns of different forms of tertiary education on the labour market. The project studies these effects through comparative analyses of European countries with varying extent of expansion and differing forms of institutional reforms. Concerning the study of the development of social selectivity in various kinds of tertiary education the project

cooperates in an ongoing large scale comparative study co-ordinated by Yossi Shavit (Tel Aviv University) and Richard Arum (New York University).

A2.3 Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe

Director(s): Irena Kogan, Walter Müller

Researcher(s): Michael Gebel, Clemens Noelke, Anna Baranowska

Funding: VW-Stiftung

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The project aims are two-fold. First we are interested to learn about education-job linkages and school-to-work transitions in Central and Eastern European (CEE) countries and to explore both temporal and cross-national sources of variation in these processes. Secondly, via analyses of the CEE countries we intend to find out more about the intervening role of institutional settings for social stratification. A key research question of the project pertains to the nature of the education-labour market linkages in CEE countries (compared to EU-15) after 1990s and particularly to the way in which national institutional arrangements, namely education and training systems and related modes of labour markets and welfare state provisions, affect the education-job allocation process and its outcomes both among young school leavers and more experienced workers.

A2.4 Human Capital Effects of the Welfare State: Institutional Resources, Work Histories and Social Inequality (HCE)

Director(s): Markus Gangl

Researcher(s): Andrea Ziefle (MZES); with Dr. Mattias Strandh (U Umeå), Dr. Mikael Nordenmark (U Umeå), Madelene Nordlund (U Umeå), Brendan Halpin (U Limerick), John Hill (U Limerick), Dr. Richard Layte (ESRI), Dr. Helen Russell (ESRI)

Funding: DFG / ESF ECRP-Programm

Duration: 2003 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Identifying job loss and childbirth as two critical events for individual earnings capacity among prime-age workers, the project aims to provide reliable estimates of the causal impact of these events on workers' subsequent labour market prospects. The project deliberately uses available panel studies with long observation windows in order to be able to address potential long-term effects of employment breaks, in particular for women. The project systematically conducts cross-nationally comparative analyses of labour market processes in order to assess the variation of outcomes under widely varying institutional settings and welfare regimes.

A2.6 European Labour Force

Director(s): Franz Kraus, Bernhard Ebbinghaus

Researcher(s): Franz Kraus, external collaborators

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Unity and diversity of contemporaneous European societies is the outcome not only of recent changes, but is rooted in different historical contexts and developmental paths. Social structures and living conditions are shaped by participation in and patterns of economic activity. The project aims at establishing a detailed longitudinal database on the development of the labour force in European countries since the late 19th century allowing for the comparative study of growth and structural changes in employment. Data collection and analysis focus on three core aspects of socio-economic development: variations in labour market participation, sectoral restructuring and changes in employment status. The project provides a further addition to the MZES series of historical data handbooks on European societies ('Societies of Europe' series).

A2.7 The Development of a European Socio-economic Classification (ESeC)

Director(s): Walter Müller

Researcher(s): Cornelia Hausen, Reinhard Pollak, Jean Marie Jungblut, Gerrit Bauer, Heike Wirth (ZUMA, Mannheim)

Funding: University of Mannheim / EU

Duration: 2004 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The project develops and validates a new socio-economic classification for persons and households. This instrument is closely related to the Erikson/Goldthorpe schema of social classes, which is one of the most widely used instruments in scholarly research to assess the social class position of individuals and families. The new instrument will substantially improve the ability for comparative research in many fields of study on social and political structures and change in Europe as it later will be used in large scale surveys of the European Statistical Agencies or the European Social Survey. Under the direction of David Rose, Essex University, and in cooperation with researchers from various European countries, the Mannheim team develops the respective instrument for Germany and validates it among others by examining its usefulness for the study of various social issues.

A2.8 Social Mobility in a Disaggregated Class Context: A Comparative Analysis of the Influence of Occupational Structuration on Mobility Regimes

Director(s): Walter Müller, David Grusky (for international part)

Researcher(s): Reinhard Pollak, David Grusky, Janne Jonsson, Mary Brinton

Funding: University of Mannheim / US National Science Foundation

Duration: 2002 to 2006

Status: completed

Research question/goal: In the sociological literature on social mobility, the long-standing convention has been to assume that intergenerational reproduction takes one of two forms, either a categorical form that has parents passing on an aggregated big-class position to their children, or a gradational form that has parents passing on their socioeconomic standing to their children. These conventional approaches both ignore in their own ways the important role that occupations might play in transferring advantage and disadvantage from one generation to the next. Thus, the main research question of this project addresses different forms and mechanisms of intergenerational inheritance of social positions. Are conventional analyses unable to reveal these mechanisms because they ignore the structuring impact of occupations? Is there in fact less social mobility in industrialized countries which conventional approaches have so far disguised?

The project brought together nationally representative cross-sectional data for the U.S., Japan, Germany, and Sweden. With these data, the research group developed a cross-national comparative micro-class scheme with 82 different categories, nested within 10 meso classes and 5 big classes. In log-linear analyses, we show that (a) occupations are an important conduit for reproduction, (b) the most extreme rigidities in the mobility regime are only revealed when analyses are carried out at the detailed occupational level, and (c) much of what shows up as big-class reproduction in conventional mobility analyses is in fact occupational reproduction in disguise. Although the four countries differ in the extent to which the occupational form has been institutionalized, we show that it is too prominent to ignore in any of these countries. The results suggest that an occupational mechanism for reproduction may be a fundamental feature of all contemporary mobility regimes. Further support for the importance of a disaggregated approach is demonstrated in additional analyses on intragenerational social mobility and on intergenerational occupational inheritance from fathers and mothers to daughters and sons.

A2.9 Women's Labour Market Participation and Sex-specific Occupational Segregation in Europe

Director(s): Walter Müller

Researcher(s): Stephanie Steinmetz

Funding: MZES (doctoral program)

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The objective underlying the project is threefold: the aim of the first part is to offer a description of sex segregation patterns and trends in EU member states during the 1990s by using the most common as well as newly developed indices for measurement. The second part complements the analyses by different log linear and multinomial models. In this respect, the question is raised whether

"relative" cross-national variations in occupational sex segregation follow patterns arising from the structural context, which may be affected indirectly by the overall structure of welfare states. Focusing on selected European countries, the third part examines the influence of individual-level factors, like education and family responsibilities, on patterns of sex segregation.

A2.10 Social Inequality in Educational Careers of Young Adults in Europe

Director(s): Marita Jacob

Researcher(s): Felix Weiss

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2006 to 2008

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The project examines educational inequality after compulsory school in early adulthood in Europe. The general research question is, if inequality increases or decreases in 'late' schooling. By adopting a comparative perspective we want to elaborate the influence of the country specific institutional setting of prolonged education and chances to return to education: If the educational system facilitates or hinders 'late' schooling, in which countries is inequality increases resp. decreasing?

A2.11 Social Consequences of Unemployment

Director(s): Markus Gangl

Researcher(s): Verena Blank

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2006 to 2009

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: A wide range of studies showed that experiencing unemployment doesn't only entail economic but also social or private consequences. In line with this conclusion the project intends to deal with the effects of unemployment on familiar decisions (especially: fertility decisions). Besides the "classical" inspection of (micro-)effects of unemployment on affected people's decision behaviour, the project is going to place emphasis on macro effects. More specifically, the aim is to show effects on fertility decisions of households in economic security which are mediated through the perception of the (regional) environment's economic insecurities.

Publications 2006

Articles in journals

Gangl, Markus (2006): Scar Effects of Unemployment: An Assessment of Institutional Complementarities. *American Sociological Review*, 71, issue 6, pp. 986-1013.

Müller, Walter, Heike Wirth, Gerrit Bauer, Reinhard Pollak and Felix Weiss (2006): ESeC - Kurzbericht zur Validierung und Operationalisierung einer Europäischen Sozioökonomischen Klassifikation. *ZUMA-Nachrichten*, 30, issue 59, pp. 111-119.

Chapters in books

Gangl, Markus (2006): Propensity Score Matching. Pp. 251–262 in: Joachim Behnke, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler, Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Eds): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.

Gangl, Markus (2006): Sociology of labour markets. Pp. 382–387 in: Jens Beckert, Milan Zafirovski (Eds): *International Encyclopedia of Economic Sociology*. London: Routledge.

Gangl, Markus (2006): Survival rate. Pp. 1373–1375 in: Tony Fitzpatrick, Huck-ju Kwon, Nick Manning, James Midgely, Gillian Pascall (Ed): *International Encyclopedia of Social Policy*. London: Routledge.

Gangl, Markus (2006): Unemployment trap. Pp. 1453–1456 in: Tony Fitzpatrick, Huck-ju Kwon, Nick Manning, James Midgely, Gillian Pascall (Ed): *International Encyclopedia of Social Policy*. London: Routledge.

Jacob, Marita (2006): Normalitätstsvorstellungen und Abweichungen: eine Diskussion der vorangegangenen Beiträge. Pp. 67–69 in: Ruth Brandherm-Böhmker (Ed): *Übergänge zwischen Schule und Beruf und darauf bezogene Hilfesysteme in Deutschland*. Bonn: Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung. (Gesprächskreis Arbeit und Qualifizierung).

Jacob, Marita (2006): Von der Schule in den Beruf: individuelle Erfahrungen, Verlaufsmuster und Strukturen. Pp. 6–8 in: Ruth Brandherm-Böhmker (Ed): *Übergänge zwischen Schule und Beruf und darauf bezogene Hilfesysteme in Deutschland*. Bonn: Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung. (Gesprächskreis Arbeit und Qualifizierung).

Müller, Walter (2006): Bildungsforschung und pädagogische Soziologie. Pp. 21–39 in: Hans Merckens (Ed): *Erziehungswissenschaft und Bildungsforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.

Pollak, Reinhard (2006): Soziale Mobilität. Pp. 597–606 in: Statistisches Bundesamt (Ed): *Datenreport 2006. Zahlen und Fakten über die Bundesrepublik Deutschland*. Bonn: Bundeszentrale für politische Bildung.

Steinmetz, Stephanie (2006): Frauen im Abseits? Die geschlechtsspezifische Arbeitsmarktsegregation im europäischen Vergleich. Pp. 263–278 in: Lemke Meike, Ruhe Cornelia, Woelki Marion, Ziegler Béatrice (Eds): *Genus Oeconomicum. Ökonomie – Macht – Geschlechterverhältnisse*. Konstanz: UVK.

Wirth, Heike and Walter Müller (2006): Mikrodaten der amtlichen Statistik – ihr Potenzial in der empirischen Sozialforschung. Pp. 93–127 in: Andreas Diekmann (Ed): *Methoden der Sozialforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Sonderheft der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 44/2004).

MZES working papers

Matysiak, Anna and Stephanie Steinmetz (2006): *Who follows whom? Female employment patterns in West Germany, East Germany and Poland*. Arbeitspapiere – Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 94. Mannheim.

Papers / Reports

Bauer, Gerrit, JeanMarie Jungblut, Walter Müller, Reinhard Pollak, Felix Weiss and Heike Wirth (2006): *Issues in the Comparative Measurement of the Supervisory Function*. Bled. [Workshop on the Application of ESeC within the European Union and Candidate Countries, Bled, Slovenia, 29 – 30 June 2006.]

Dornette, Johanna and Marita Jacob (2006): *Zielgruppenerreichung und Teilnehmerstruktur des Jugendsofortprogramms JUMP*. IAB-Forschungsbericht; No. 16/2006. Nürnberg. [Institut für Arbeitsmarkt- und Berufsforschung]

Hausen, Cornelia, Jean-Marie Jungblut, Walter Müller, Reinhard Pollak and Heike Wirth (2006): *Validation of ESeC: The Effect of Coding Procedures and Occupational Aggregation Level*. Mannheim. [MZES and ZUMA]

Kogan, Irena (2006): *Improving Grounds for Comparative Education Research in Europe: Evaluation of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED 1997) for Comparative Research*. EQUALSOC State of the Art Report – Research Group Education, Social Mobility and Social Cohesion (EDUC); No. 1.

Müller, Walter (2006): *Introduction*. EQUALSOC State of the Art Report – Research Group Education, Social Mobility and Social Cohesion (EDUC); No. 1.

Conference Participation

19-21 January 2006, "European Socio-Economic Classification Validation Conference", Lissabon, Portugal. Participants: Cornelia Hausen, Jean-Marie Jungblut, Walter Müller, Reinhard Pollak, Heike Wirth: "Validation of ESeC: The Effect of Coding Procedures and Occupational Aggregation Level".

23 January 2006, "TRALEG WORKSHOP (Trust, Associations and Legitimacy)", Amsterdam, Niederlande. Participants: Claus Wendt, Bernhard Ebbinghaus: "Workshop Teilnahme".

26-28 January 2006, "EqualSoc: Employ/Famnet Workshop", Turin, Italien. Participant: Jette Schröder: "Is there a causal effect of employment on fertility? – An analysis of the effect of women's employment on first birth in Germany".

3-4 February 2006, "EQUALSOC (Economic Change, Quality of Life & Social Cohesion) Konferenz, Research Group "Cultural and Social Differentiation"", Paris, Frankreich. Participants: Rebecca Frings, Dr. Irena Kogan.

9-10 February 2006, "3. Leopoldina-Workshop", Bonn. Participant: Walter Müller: "Zur Entwicklung der Bildungsbeteiligung nach sozialer Herkunft".

24-25 March 2006, "Workshop "Handbook European Societies"", Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin. Participants: Walter Müller, Irena Kogan: "Education in Europe".

27-28 April 2006, "Kolloquium "Ungleichheitsanalysen in der 'globalisierten' Welt" ", Universität Halle / Saale. Participant: Walter Müller: "Entleert sich die Mitte wirklich? Einige Überlegungen zur Milanovic-These über die internationale Einkommensungleichheit".

11-14 May 2006, "Spring Meeting von ISA RC 28 on social stratification and mobility", Nijmegen, Netherlands. Participant: Irena Kogan: "Transition from Educational System to Labour Market in the European Union: A Comparison Between New and Old Members".

11-14 May 2006, "Meeting of the International Sociological Association Research Committee 28 (RC28) on Social Stratification and Mobility", Nijmegen, Niederlande. Participants: Reinhard Pollak, David Reimer: "Changes in access to higher education in West-Germany 1980-2002".

29-30 May 2006, "Seminar Social Inequality", European University Institute Florence, Italy. Participant: Walter Müller: "Non-persistent educational inequality".

29 June 2006 – 1 July 2006, "ESeC – National Statistical Institutes Conference", Bled, Slovenia. Participants: Walter Müller, Gerrit Bauer, Felix Weiss and Heike Wirth: "Measurement of the Supervisory Function".

13 July 2006, "Vortrag bei der Hochschul-Informations-System GmbH", Hannover. Participant: Steffen Schindler: "Studienabbruch als Ausdruck sozialer Selektivität. Effekte sozialer Herkunft und der Geschlechterrollen im deutschen Hochschulsystem".

11–14 August 2006, "101st Annual Meeting of the American Sociological Association", Montreal, Kanada. Participants: Andrea Ziefle, Markus Gangl: "Women's cost of child care breaks in Britain, Germany and the United States".

25–30 August 2006, "ESCR Summer School: Quality and Inequality in Education: Theory, Research, and Policy", Prague, Czech Republic. Participants: Michael Gebel, Clemens Noelke: "From School to Work or Unemployment? The Returns to Education under Varying Institutional and Macrostructural Conditions".

1–2 September 2006, "ECSR Conference: European Comparative Studies", Prague, Czech Republic. Participant: Irena Kogan: "Youth Unemployment in the Enlarged Europe", Chair and Discussant.

1–2 September 2006, "ECSR Conference: European Comparative Studies", Prag, Czech Republic. Participant: Michael Gebel.

4–9 September 2006, "EQUALSOC Summerschool "Social Inequality and Social Cohesion", Trento, Italy. Participant: Steffen Schindler: "Social Inequality within the Context of Tertiary Education: Social Origin Effects on Student Dropout in Germany".

11–12 September 2006, "68. Tagung der Arbeitsgemeinschaft für empirisch pädagogische Forschung (AEPF)", München. Participants: David Reimer, Steffen Schindler, Walter Müller: "Ein steiniger Weg? Herkunftsbedingte Ungleichheiten beim Zugang zum und Dropout aus dem Hochschulsystem in Deutschland".

22–23 September 2006, "Network Conference and Research Group Workshops", Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona, Spain. Participants: Birgit Becker, Nicole Biedinger: "Ethnic Inequality in Preschool Education (Poster Presentation)" and "Early Ethnic Educational Inequality: The Influence of Preschool Context (Presentation)".

22–23 September 2006, "Equalsoc Network Conference", Barcelona, Spanien. Participant: Irena Kogan: "Evaluation of the International Standard Classification of Education, ISCED 1997", Chair.

22–23 September 2006, "Network Conference and Research Group Workshop "EQUALSOC"", Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona, Spain. Participant: Verena Blank.

22–23 September 2006, "EQUALSOC Network Conference and Research Group Workshop", Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona, Spain. Participants: Gerrit Bauer, Marita Jacob: "Poster-präsentation: Homogamy and Fertility: The Impact of Partnership Context on Family Formation".

22–23 September 2006, "EQUALSOC Network Conference and Research Group Workshop", Barcelona, Spanien. Participant: Michael Gebel.

24–25 September 2006, "Tagung des Ausschusses für Sozialpolitik", Nürnberg. Participant: Markus Gangl: "Are labor market institutions mitigating worker's cost of unemployment?"

11-13 October 2006, "33. Kongress der deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie", Kassel. Participants: David Reimer, Irena Kogan, Claudia Geist, Cornelia Hausen: "Vater, Mutter, Kind? Der Familienbegriff in Deutschland und den USA".

12-13 October 2006, "33. Kongress der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie", Kassel. Participants: Gerrit Bauer, Walter Müller, Reinhard Pollak, Felix Weiss, Heike Wirth, Cornelia Hausen: "Die Europäische Sozio-ökonomische Klassifikation (ESeC) – zukünftiges Standardinstrument für internationale Vergleiche im Bereich sozialer Ungleichheit".

11-12 December 2006, "EQUALSOC Workshop in Comparative Research Methods", Oxford, England. Participants: Gerrit Bauer, Michael Gebel.

Research Area A3: Family, Education, and Ethnicity in Europe

Coordinator: Josef Brüderl

Research in area A3 looks at three different social processes: the consequences of changes in family and other living arrangements, the impact of family, social context and ethnicity on early educational decisions, and the integration of (first generation) immigrants into the labour market.

The study of the transformations in family structures and intimate social relations is of major importance for understanding social change in contemporary societies. The pluralisation of living arrangements can have major repercussions on population dynamics and labour markets. The family, with its social and cultural capital, is also of importance for the educational career and later life chances of children, starting with decisions about preschool attendance and the transition from primary to secondary school. The impact of differential social networks and cultural backgrounds is evident in the disadvantaged educational prospects of children from immigrant families compared to those from native families. The different educational trajectories will also impact on the transition from school to work. Immigration at a later stage, such as migration after the end of communism, poses particular problems of integration into society, particularly into labour markets. Research in area A3 looks at these three different social processes: the consequences of changes in family and other living arrangements, the impact of family, social context, and ethnicity on early educational decisions, and the integration of (first generation) immigrants into the labour market.

Active projects in 2006

A3.1 The Pluralisation of Living Arrangements and Family Forms: Fertility and Employment

Director(s): Josef Brüderl
Researcher(s): Jette Schröder
Funding: Landesstiftung Baden-Württemberg
Duration: 2004 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: One hypothesis in the discussions around the process of individualization suggests that many binding restrictions have disappeared, behavioural options have increased and therefore living arrangements have diversified. Under the framework of this question female employment, fertility and their interrelationship are being investigated. This research is part of the project "Family-Policy – Employment – Fertility" which is realised in cooperation with the ZEW.

A3.2 Panel Study on Family Dynamics

Director(s): Josef Brüderl

Researcher(s): Ulrich Krieger, Laura Castiglioni, Klaus Pforr

Funding: DFG

Duration: 2004 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The Mini-Panel project is a pilot study in preparation of the German family Panel. Its purposes are: developing an appropriate panel-suitable questionnaire, testing and validating new survey instruments and delivering information and data on the participation and panel mortality of the targeted age groups. The Mini-panel projects furthermore provides first research results on family issues such as the development of intimate relationships, family planning and intergenerational relationships.

A3.3 Social Embeddedness and Partnership Relations

Director(s): Hartmut Esser

Researcher(s): Thorsten Kneip

Funding: DFG / MZES

Duration: 2003 to 2006

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: This project serves for the methodological preparation of project 5.1. The emergence and stability of an intimate relation depend on certain structural opportunities to find a partner at all. It will be examined, how these structural opportunities can be investigated via surveys and which additional ways there may be to measure such opportunity structures.

A3.4 Educational Aspirations and Reference Groups

Director(s): Hartmut Esser

Researcher(s): Volker Stocké

Funding: DFG

Duration: 2003 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: People evaluate (higher) education differently. Additionally, the personal environment probably influences the attitude towards education. The

project aims at integrating this different evaluation of education into a theoretical model and at theoretically and empirically analysing the effect of this different evaluation of education on educational decisions.

A3.5 Preschool Education and Educational Careers among Migrant Children

Director(s): Harmut Esser
Researcher(s): Birgit Becker, Nicole Biedinger
Funding: DFG
Duration: 2006 to 2008
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The main goal of this project is the explanation of ethnic differences in the acquisition of cultural and linguistic skills during preschool age. This is a very important question because these skills are the key to future educational success. A second goal of the project is the detailed analysis of the determinants of skills, their relative impact and their relationship to each other. Further, a theoretical model of educational investment during preschool age has to be developed and tested empirically. Finally, the role and effects of preschool attendance are examined.

A3.6 Educational Decisions in Immigrant Families

Director(s): Hartmut Esser
Researcher(s): Jörg Dollmann
Funding: DFG
Duration: 2000 to 2007
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The project aims to explain ethnic differences in educational attainment. Thus, it is necessary to examine individual educational decisions. These decisions are of central importance for the future perspectives of immigrant children. The families can either choose between a, comparatively speaking, easily attainable option that is often an orientation towards their ethnic context and a life in one of the occupations which have been traditionally dominated by immigrants, or they can opt to invest in educational qualifications. Academic degrees can be more profitable in the long run since they constitute a necessary precondition to realizing attractive positions - positions which in principle are attractive to all individuals in the respective society. In the project, we investigate why immigrant families systematically differ from German families in their choice of different educational alternatives. Proceeding from an explanation of the reasons behind these decisions, the main emphasis then shifts to the empirical test of these theoretical considerations. For this purpose, adequate micro data on educational decisions are required. We select the point of transition from primary to secondary schooling, which in the German school system is of central importance for a child's educational prospects. We compare the transition behaviour of Turkish families to that of Germans from different social

strata. In addition, the institutional conditions in two exemplary federal states are taken into account. Special attention is given to the material, cultural, and social resources available in the different contexts. Also of particular interest to this project are the educational aspirations, i.e. the goals families pursue for their children. In order to obtain as accurate a picture as possible of the ongoing processes, we will combine data from different sources, linking data from standardized family surveys before and at the time of the transition point to information from a teacher questionnaire, as well as to data from a standardized achievement test, and also to contextual information about the school- and residential environment.

A3.7 Labour Market Integration: *Aussiedler* and Jewish Immigrants from the Former Soviet Union in Germany and Israel

Director(s): Yinon Cohen, Yitchak Haberfeld (Tel Aviv University, Israel), Frank Kalter (University of Leipzig)

Researcher(s): Irena Kogan

Funding: German-Israeli Foundation

Duration: 2006 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: This project aims at advancing our understanding of the role of immigrants' selectivity and the effect of institutional contexts of the receiving societies in immigrant labour market integration. To this end Jewish immigrants coming from the FSU to Israel since 1989 are compared to two immigrant groups, ethnic Germans and Jews, arriving in Germany from the same country of origin during the same period. The comparison of FSU Jews in Israel with ethnic Germans enables to study immigrant economic assimilation in different settings while holding immigrant origin and the status of a preferred immigrant constant. The comparison of Jewish immigrants in both countries follows a design of a natural experiment, where immigrants are given a free choice between two destinations, that is, self-selection processes are at work.

A3.8 The East European Population since 1850

Director(s): Franz Rothenbacher

Researcher(s): Tatjana Bratina, N.N.

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The aim of the research project is to publish a comprehensive historical data handbook on the East European population from 1850 to the present. This third volume supplements the two earlier volumes on the West European population. All three data handbooks taken together will cover the whole of Europe (42 countries) from 1850 to the present. The book on the East European population will be written on the basis of a historical demographic data collection, which will

accompany the volume as a CD-ROM. The main topics of population structure and development will be covered, as well as vital statistics and household and family statistics.

A3.9 Young Immigrants in the German and Israeli Educational Systems

Director(s): Irena Kogan (MZES), Frank Kalter, Cornelia Kristen (Leipzig), Yossi Shavit, Noah Lewin-Epstein (Tel Aviv)

Researcher(s): Stephanie Steinmetz

Funding: BMBF

Duration: 2006 to 2009

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The study investigates the success of children, youths, and young adults with a migration background in the education systems of Germany and Israel. In both countries, the persistence of structural inequality with regard to ethnicity is closely related to lower educational achievement of immigrants and their descendants. Against the background of a general theoretical approach it is assumed that ethnic inequalities are reproduced particularly at the crucial transitions within the education systems – i.e. whenever long-term decisions about future paths of education and life in general are to be made. Germany and Israel share several important traits with respect to their immigration and their integration policies. In terms of the structure of their education systems, however, there are several important differences. It is the combination of institutional commonalities and differences that is most promising for a comparative analysis that investigates mechanisms of ethnic differentiation.

At the centre of this research project, there are four ethnic groups in Germany (Aussiedler from the former Soviet Union, Jewish immigrants from the former Soviet Union, children and youths of Turkish origin and a comparison group comprised of Germans) as well as three ethnic groups in Israel (Jewish immigrants from the former Soviet Union, Ashkenazi and Sephardic Israelis). All of these will be analysed at three important points of transition in their educational careers: at the first point of educational transition, at the point of transition to secondary education, and at the point of transition that leads either to tertiary education or employment. We are planning to conduct two surveys each: almost a year before the potential transition we will investigate important basic conditions of the children and youths, as well as their parents, particularly their endowment with resources that will be relevant to the future transition and that may be specific to the respective country of settlement. Immediately after the transition, a second survey will establish the result and its consequences.

A3.10 Homogamy and Fertility – The Impact of Partnership Context on Family Formation

Director(s): Marita Jacob

Researcher(s): Gerrit Bauer

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2006 to 2009

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The increase in female education, employment and work orientation is often used as an explanation for low fertility rates. In particular the (alleged) low fertility of highly educated women receives particular interest in public debates. Some recent studies analyzed the influence of certain characteristics of men on fertility pointing out that often men with very low education remain childless. However, fertility usually is a matter of couples. The project will extend previous research by taking characteristics of couples into account. The focus is on the (educational) constellation of the two partners, asking how the relation of individual educational level and fertility for women and men is mediated by the partner's educational level.

Publications 2006

Articles in journals

Becker, Birgit (2006): Der Einfluss des Kindergartens als Kontext zum Erwerb der deutschen Sprache bei Migrantenkindern. *Zeitschrift für Soziologie*, 35, issue 6, pp. 449-464.

Becker, Birgit and Nicole Biedinger (2006): Ethnische Bildungsungleichheit zu Schulbeginn. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 4, pp. 660-684.

Esser, Hartmut (2006): Wenig hilfreich. Zweisprachigkeit fördert die Integration von Zuwanderern nicht wesentlich. *WZB-Mitteilungen*, issue 111, pp. 23-24.

Kogan, Irena (2006): Labor Markets and Economic Incorporation among Recent Immigrants in Europe. *Social Forces*, 85, issue 2, pp. 697-721.

Kogan, Irena and Frank Kalter (2006): The effects of relative group size on occupational outcomes: Turks and Ex-Yugoslavs in Austria. *European Sociological Review*, 22, issue 1, pp. 35-38.

Kristen, Cornelia (2006): Ethnische Diskriminierung in der Grundschule? Die Vergabe von Noten und Bildungsempfehlungen. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 1, pp. 79-97.

Reimer, David and Jette Schröder (2006): Tracing the gender wage gap: Income differences between male and female university graduates in Germany. *Zeitschrift für Arbeitsmarkt-Forschung*, 39, issue 2, pp. 235-253.

Chapters in books

Brüderl, Josef and Stefani Scherer (2006): Methoden zur Analyse von Sequenzdaten. Pp. 330-34 in: Andreas Diekmann (Ed): *Methoden der Sozialforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Special issue der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 44/2004).

Castiglioni, Laura and Andreas M. Wüst (2006): I sondaggi politici in Germania: Un mercato in cerca di regole. Pp. in: Piergiornio Corbetta, Giancarlo Gasperoni (Ed): *I sondaggi politici nelle democrazie contemporanee*. Bologna: Il Mulino.

Esser, Hartmut (2006): Strukturelle Assimilation und ethnische Schichtung. Pp. 89-104 in: Angela Ittel, Hans Merckens (Eds): *Interdisziplinäre Jugendforschung. Jugendliche zwischen Familie, Freunden und Feinden*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.

MZES working papers

Biedinger, Nicole and Birgit Becker (2006): Der Einfluss des Vorschulbesuchs auf die Entwicklung und den langfristigen Bildungserfolg von Kindern: Ein Überblick über internationale Studien im Vorschulbereich. Arbeitspapiere - Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 97. Mannheim.

Schröder, Jette (2006): Frauenerwerbstätigkeit – ein Hemmnis für die Fertilität? Eine Analyse des Effekts der Erwerbstätigkeit auf den Übergang zur ersten Geburt in Deutschland. Arbeitspapiere - Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 93. Mannheim.

Papers / Reports

Esser, Hartmut (2006): *Sprache und Integration - Konzeptionelle Grundlagen und empirische Zusammenhänge*. KMI Working Paper Series; No. 7. Wien. [Kommission für Migrations- und Integrationsforschung der Österreichischen Akademie der Wissenschaften.]

Kristen, Cornelia (2006): *Ethnische Diskriminierung im deutschen Schulsystem? Theoretische Überlegungen und empirische Ergebnisse*. WZB discussion paper; No. SP IV 2006-601. Berlin. [Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin.]

Conference Participation

28-29 January 2006, "Joint workshop of the Network of excellence 'International Migration, Integration and Social Cohesion' (IMISCOE) and the 'International Network of Economic Research' (INFER)", Osnabrück. Participant: Irena Kogan: "Next year in Jerusalem ... or in Cologne? Labor Market Integration of Jewish Immigrants from the Former Soviet Union in Israel and Germany in the 1990s".

2-4 February 2006, "Gemeinsame Tagung der Sektion "Migration und ethnische Minderheit" in der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie und der Kommission "Internationale und Interkulturell Vergleichende Erziehungswissenschaft" in der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Erziehungswissenschaft", Hamburg. Participants: Nicole Biedinger, Birgit Becker: "Ethnische Bildungsungleichheit zu Beginn der Schulzeit".

6 February 2006, "Workshop zum Projekt der Landesstiftung Baden-Württemberg 'Familienpolitik - Erwerbstätigkeit - Fertilität: Ökonomische und soziale Aspekte der Vereinbarkeit von Familie und Beruf'", Zentrum für Europäische Wirtschaftsforschung (ZEW), Mannheim. Participant: Jette Schröder: "Frauenerwerbstätigkeit - ein Hemmnis für die Fertilität? Eine Analyse des Effekts der Erwerbstätigkeit auf den Übergang zur ersten Geburt in Deutschland".

29-30 June 2006, "Ordentliche Schwerpunkttagung, DFG SPP 1611", Bremen. Participants: Josef Brüderl, Laura Castiglioni, Ulrich Krieger, Klaus Pffor: "Rücklaufanalyse der ersten Welle des Mini-Panels zur Beziehungs- und Familienentwicklung".

22-23 September 2006, "Network Conference and Research Group Workshops", Barcelona, Spanien. Participant: Jörg Dollmann.

9-13 October 2006, "33. Kongress der deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie", Kassel. Participants: Birgit Becker, Nicole Biedinger: "Ethnische Kompetenzunterschiede im Vorschulalter: Analysen mit den Daten einer Schuleingangsuntersuchung und Ausblicke aus einem aktuellen Forschungsprojekt".

10-12 October 2006, "DGS Kongress "Die Natur der Gesellschaft" – Ad-hoc Gruppe: Methodische Besonderheiten und Probleme empirischer Studien mit MigrantInnen", Kassel. Participant: Jörg Dollmann: "Methodische Besonderheiten bei der Befragung von türkischen Migranten".

Associated Projects Department A

Associated projects are concerned with issues that are not covered by existing Research Areas. The incorporation of such projects is intended to enrich the overall range of the Centre and to open new opportunities for further international cooperation.

Active projects in 2006

AI.1 VFA-Report Quality of Life in Germany 2006

Director(s): Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Heinz-Herbert Noll (ZUMA)

Researcher(s): Thomas Bahle, Claus Wendt, Angelika Scheuer (ZUMA)

Funding: Verband Forschender Arzneimittelhersteller e. V. (VFA)

Duration: 2006 to 2006

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The "VFA-Report Lebensqualität 2006", a report on quality of life in Germany commissioned by the VFA association, was written in summer 2006 as part of a cooperative project of the Mannheim Centre for European Social Research (MZES) and the Centre for Survey Research and Methodology in Mannheim (ZUMA). This first VFA-Report on quality of life in Germany covers the objective living conditions in Germany 1995 until 2005, discussing selected societal developments. Besides the contexts of demography and welfare states that are of relevance for changes in living conditions and quality of life in Germany, the following featured topics are covered by the report: family, work and income, health as well as participation and integration. For each of these areas the report investigates changes in the quality of life in Germany over the last decade, whether differences between West and East Germany have diminished or were amplified, and whether socio-economic inequalities have increased or were reduced as well as Germany's position in comparison to other European countries.

Department B: European Political Systems and their Integration

Department B is characterized by a large number of research projects. The focus is both on comparative research investigating different aspects of the national political systems in Europe and their change in the course of European integration and on the emergent system of EU governance and conflict regulation. The common denominator is a shared interest in the development of democracy in Europe. Many researchers in Department B are engaged in the European-wide "Network of Excellence" which has been initiated and now is coordinated by the MZES on "Efficient and Democratic Governance in a Multi-Level Europe". It supports the development of cross-cutting research questions and the already well advanced internationalisation of political science research at the MZES.

Research Area B1: Democracy and Citizenship

Coordinator: Jan van Deth

Citizenship links the claims and expectations of an emancipated and individualised citizenry with the requirements of democratic decision-making processes. It combines norms and values as well as different modes of private and public concerns of citizens. Emphasis in this Research Area is on civic engagement; that is, on the various ways citizens are engaged in decision-making processes.

Active projects in 2006

B1.1 Welfare through Organisations: A Comparative Analysis of British and German Associational Life

Director(s): Jan W. van Deth, Sigrid Roßteutscher
Researcher(s): Sigrid Roßteutscher, Jan van Deth, William Maloney
Funding: AGF / University of Mannheim
Duration: 2000 to 2007
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The main aim of this project is to study the impact of local and organisational contexts on the development of citizenship within voluntary associations. Comparisons are performed between activists/volunteers and representative samples of the populations. Attention is paid to the possible contributions of local voluntary associations to the development of citizenship in Europe.

B1.3 Learning to Live Democracy (LLD)

Director(s): Jan W. van Deth
Researcher(s): Simone Abendschön; Meike Vollmar

Funding: DFG / MZES
Duration: 2000 to 2007
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The project will improve theoretical and empirical knowledge about young children's political socialization. Of special interest thereby is the distinction between the influences of the two most important socialization agents, namely family and school. The following research questions are considered: What is the extent of political involvement, political knowledge and basic attitudes towards democracy and Europe of children at the beginning of their first school year? How do parents, teachers, school and social context influence the changes within the first school year? To answer these questions, about 800 school children from 17 different neighbourhoods of Mannheim are interviewed at the beginning and at the end of their first school year, as well as their parents and teachers.

B1.5 Parliaments, Representative Government and New Electronic Media Environments: An International Comparison

Director(s): Thomas Zittel
Researcher(s): Thomas Zittel
Funding: Fritz-Thyssen-Stiftung; DFG
Duration: 2000 to 2006
Status: completed

Research question/goal: New digital media such as the World Wide Web (WWW) open up new opportunities for constituency communication with possible ramifications for the responsiveness of representative democracy. This project studies from a comparative perspective, whether and how MPs are using these new opportunities and what interests and perceptions they attach to these new tools. The data for this research are based upon close to 100 semi-structured interviews with MPs in three parliaments and upon a content analysis of all personal websites in three parliaments conducted at two points in time (4/2000 und 4/2004).

The project was guided by a theoretical assumption that perceives the use of the WWW for constituency communication as the result of the interplay between new opportunities to communicate on the one hand and institutional incentives on the other, and as the consequence of particular causal mechanisms that link the makro and mikro level of analysis. I firstly assumed that the new opportunities to communicate would affect constituency communication through processes of social change in direct (e.g. generational change in parliament) as well as indirect ways (e.g. generational change among the voters; high internet penetration in district). I secondly assumed that different types of voting systems and different types of government would provide incentives for personalized communication that vary in degree and that would influence the usage of new media for constituency communication. These

theoretical assumptions were tested in this project with the three following core findings.

Parliaments are firstly under stress due to new opportunities for constituency communication. Personal websites are used in all three parliaments particularly among young MPs representing highly educated and well-off districts with high internet penetration. The weight of each of these causal mechanisms differs across parliaments. Incentives for personalized communication explain secondly different levels and forms of usage in the three parliaments under study. A third finding demonstrates, that the usage of the WWW for constituency communication can not be explained by single institutional factors but that it is dependent in its particular pattern by a particular institutional configuration. While the voting system has a significant impact on usage in the US House and the German Bundestag, it has close to no impact in the case of the Swedish Riksdag due to specific contextual factors.

B1.6 A Unified Model of Voting in Different Institutional Contexts

Director(s): Franz U. Pappi, Christian H.C.A. Henning, Susumu Shikano

Researcher(s): Michael Herrmann

Funding: Fritz Thyssen Stiftung

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: From a unified model of voting developed by Henning, Shikano and Hinich, hypotheses are derived about voting in different constitutional contexts. Generally, the larger and more disciplined a moderate party, the more important is proximity voting, whereas for small and more extreme parties, directional voting applies.

B1.7 Expectation Formation and Electoral Decision-Making

Director(s): Franz Urban Pappi, Thomas Gschwend

Researcher(s): Michael Meffert

Funding: DFG

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: A voter votes strategically if she votes for a party whose probable electoral success results in a higher expected utility than a vote for the most preferred party. This behavior presupposes beliefs about the probable election outcome. We will analyze the process of expectation formation and rely mainly on experiments.

B1.8 European Social Survey

Director(s): Jan W. van Deth

Researcher(s): -

Funding: DFG

Duration: 2002 to 2014

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Major goals of the European Social Survey (ESS) is to study changing attitudes, beliefs, and behaviour of citizens in Europe and to offer empirical information for comparative research of the highest quality. The ESS is part of the European social science infrastructure. The study employs the most rigorous survey methodologies in terms of sample design, fieldwork, and development of equivalent instruments. Beside a core module of socio-demographic and substantive indicators, each wave consists of two rotating modules covering an academic or policy concern within Europe. Data are available without any costs.

B1.9 Interactive Mechanism of Mixed-Member Electoral Systems with Two Ballots

Director(s): Susumu Shikano

Researcher(s): Susumu Shikano

Funding: University of Mannheim

Duration: 2003 to 2006

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: This projects focus on interactions mechanisms between the plurality and the proportional vote under mixed systems and challenges previous studies on mixed electoral systems assuming an independence of both ballots. The interactions are modelled not as one way but as reciprocal ones in multi-stages. Among various kinds of interactions, two interactive effects are expected to be important. First, two leading district candidates have an effect in favour of their parties in list vote through their presence. Second, the national leading parties have an effect in favour of their candidate in each district through a nationalizing tendency due to the proportional part. Accordingly, mixed systems derived from the mechanism should centripetally effect on party systems.

B1.10 Migrants as Political Actors

Director(s): Andreas M. Wüst

Researcher(s): Andreas M. Wüst

Funding: VW-Stiftung

Duration: 2006 to 2011

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: How well are citizens with a migratory background represented in parliaments? And do members of parliament with a migratory background

make a difference in the policy-making process and with respect to policies? These research questions on descriptive and substantive political representation will be treated in cross-national analyses including all political levels (national, regional, local). Different results are expected to be explained by variance in the degrees of assimilation and adaptation of the MPs and by different ideologies, policy profiles, and opportunity structures of the parties.

Publications 2006

Books

Deth, Jan W. van, Edeltraud Roller and Frank Brettschneider (Ed.) (2006): *Jugend und Politik: "Voll normal!". Der Beitrag der politischen Soziologie zur Jugendforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.

Deth, Jan W. van and Jan C. P. M. Vis (2006): *Regeren in Nederland. Het politieke en bestuurlijke bestel in vergelijkend perspectief*. Assen: Van Gorcum.

Schäfer, Julia (2006): *Sozialkapital und politische Orientierungen von Jugendlichen in Deutschland*. Wiesbaden: Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Forschung Politik).

Articles in journals

Deth, Jan W. van and Katja Neller (2006): Politisches Engagement in Europa. *Aus Politik und Zeitgeschichte*, issue 30–31, pp. 30–38.

Gschwend, Thomas and Henk van der Kolk (2006): Split Ticket Voting in Mixed Member Proportional Systems: The Hypothetical Case of The Netherlands. *Acta Politica*, 41, issue 2, pp. 163–179.

Huan, Qingzhi (2006): The Massachusetts Greens in Electoral Politics. *Environmental Politics*, 15, issue 4, pp. 650–655.

Pappi, Franz Urban, Alexander Herzog and Ralf Schmitt (2006): Koalitionssignale und die Kombination von Erst- und Zweitstimme bei den Bundestagswahlen 1953 bis 2005. *Zeitschrift für Parlamentsfragen*, 37, issue 3, pp. 493–513.

Schmitt, Hermann and Andreas M. Wüst (2006): The Extraordinary Bundestag Election of 2005: The Interplay of Long-term Trends and Short-term Factors. *German Politics and Society*, 24, issue 1, pp. 27–46.

Wüst, Andreas M. (2006): Wahl-Bürger. Eine halbe Million Wahlberechtigte in Baden-Württemberg haben ihre Wurzeln nicht in Deutschland. *BwWoche*, 55, issue 10, pp. 10.

Wüst, Andreas M. and Dieter Roth (2006): Schröder's Last Campaign: An Analysis of the 2005 Bundestag Election in Context. *German Politics*, 15, issue 4, pp. 439–459.

Chapters in books

Deth, Jan W. van (2006): Democracy and Involvement: The Benevolent Aspects of Social Participation. Pp. 101–129 in: Mariano Torcal und José Ramón Montero (Ed): *Political Disaffection in Contemporary Democracies. Social Capital, Institutions, and Politics*. London and New York: Routledge.

Deth, Jan W. van (2006): Soziale Stabilität der Gesellschaft stärken und soziale Kompetenzen ausbauen. Pp. 201–219 in: Bertelsmann Stiftung (Ed): *Demographiemonitor: Handlungsoptionen im demographischen Wandel*. Gütersloh: Verlag Bertelsmann Stiftung.

Gschwend, Thomas (2006): Ökologische Inferenz. Pp. 227-237 in: Joachim Behnke, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler, Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Eds): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.

Herrmann, Michael, Susumu Shikano, Paul W. Thurner and Axel Becker (2006): Die Analyse von Wählerpräferenzen mit Rank Ordered Logit. Pp. 113-134 in: Thomas Bräuninger, Joachim Behnke (Eds): *Jahrbuch Handlungs- und Entscheidungstheorie, Band 4*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag.

Leuffen, Dirk (2006): Verbände als Indikator variabler Mitglieder mobilisierung: Mancur Olson. Pp. 93-110 in: Martin Sebaldt, Alexander Straßner (Eds): *Klassiker der Verbändeforschung. Theorie und Empirie einer Forschungstradition*. Wiesbaden: VS.

Thurner, Paul W. (2006): Modelle diskreter Entscheidungen. Pp. 193-204 in: Joachim Behnke, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler, Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Eds): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.

MZES working papers

Pappi, Franz Urban and Michael Herrmann (2006): *Strategisches Erststimmenwählen bei deutschen Bundestagswahlen*. Arbeitspapiere - Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 92. Mannheim.

Post-doctoral Theses

Roßteutscher, Sigrid (2006): Religion, Konfession, Demokratie. Eine international vergleichende Studie zur Natur religiöser Märkte und der demokratischen Rolle religiöser Zivilgesellschaften. (Habilitationsschrift). Mannheim.

Conference Participation

8-10 February 2006, "Politische Bildung in der Einwanderungsgesellschaft", Tutzing. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst: "Wahlverhalten und politische Repräsentation von Migranten".

22 February 2006, "Political and Social Sciences Research Forum, University Pompeu Fabra", Barcelona, Spain. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "Pre-electoral Identifiability of potential Governments: Measurement and Consequences".

10 March 2006, "Integration und politische Beteiligung von Zugewanderten", Stuttgart. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst, diskussant on the podium.

20-23 April 2006, "Annual Meeting of the Midwest Political Science Association", Chicago, USA. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "Identifiability of Coalitions, District Magnitude and Strategic Voting".

28-29 April 2006, "Vollversammlung der Landesarbeitsgemeinschaft kommunaler Ausländervertretungen Baden-Württemberg", Stuttgart. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst: "Die politische Integration von Einwandererminoritäten".

5-6 May 2006, "Fachtagung: Kompetenzniveaus im Sachunterricht", Universität Hildesheim. Participants: Meike Vollmar, Julia Schäfer: "Demokratie leben lernen - Entwicklung politischen Wissens im Grundschulalter".

19-23 June 2006, "Annual Conference of the International Communication Association", Dresden. Participants: Thomas Gschwend, Patric Andersson, Michael Meffert, Carsten Schmidt: "Forecasting the Outcome of a National Election: The Influence of Expertise, Information, and Political Preferences".

9-13 July 2006, "20th IPSA World Congress "Is Democracy Working" ", Fukuoka, Japan. Participant: Simone Abendschön: "The Beginnings of Democratic Citizenship: Value Orientations of Young Children".

26 July 2006, "2nd International Summer Academy on Political Consulting and Strategic Campaign Communication", Mannheim. Participants: Andreas M. Wüst, Thomas Gschwend: "Survey Research and Campaigns".

19-20 August 2006, "Gemeinsame Tagung der DVPW-Arbeitskreise "Wahlen und politische Einstellungen", "Parteienforschung" sowie "Politik und Kommunikation" zur Bundestagswahl 2005", Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin. Participant: Sigrid Roßteutscher: "CDU-Wahl 2005: Katholiken, Kirchgänger und eine protestantische Spitzenkandidatin aus dem Osten".

31 August 2006 - 3 September 2006, "Annual Meeting of the American Political Science Association", Philadelphia, USA. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "District Magnitude and the Comparative Study of Strategic Voting".

8-10 September 2006, "Annual Meeting of the Elections, Public Opinion and Parties Specialist Group of the Political Studies Association", Nottingham, UK. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "Comparative Politics of Strategic Voting: A Hierarchy of Electoral Systems".

22-23 September 2006, "Equalsoc Network Conference and Research Group Workshops", Barcelona, Spanien. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst.

11-12 November 2006, "Netzwerktreffen türkischstämmiger Mandatsträger", München. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst: "Migranten als politische Akteure".

25 November 2006, "Wenn ich groß bin, will ich Außenminister werden. Tagung zur interkulturellen Öffnung der Grünen Partei", Essen. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst: "Politische Repräsentation und interkulturelle Öffnung".

30 November 2006 - 1 December 2006, "Contextual Effects in Electoral Research", Florenz, Italien. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "Comparative Politics of Strategic Voting: A Hierarchy of Electoral Systems".

14-15 December 2006, "Workshop on "Research on Democracy in Practice"", Florence, Italy. Participant: Thomas Zittel: "Participatory Engineering: Can Reform increase the Quantity and Quality of Political Participation?"

Research Area B2: Democracy, Parties and Parliaments

Coordinator: Wolfgang C. Müller

The projects in this Research Area B2 address the roles of political parties and parliaments in the European parliamentary democracies. Collectively, the projects will shed new light on a number of inter-related research questions, of which party competition and the effects of Europeanization on political representation stand out. The projects focus on various aspects of party competition in the electoral, parliamentary and government arenas and intra-party features that are relevant for the parties' competitiveness. Several projects are concerned with the Europeanization of political actors and processes.

Active projects in 2006

B2.3 Government Formation as an Optimal Combination of the Office- and Policy-Motivation of Parties

Director(s): Franz U. Pappi

Researcher(s): Eric Linhart

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: For all German Länder parliaments since 1949, we will identify party composition, ideological positions of parties and portfolio allocation among coalition partners. On this basis, the trade-off between office and policy motivation of government parties will be ascertained.

B2.4 Coalition Conflict and Intra-Party Politics

Director(s): Wolfgang C. Müller

Researcher(s): Bernhard Miller

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2004 to 2007

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: Coalition cabinets are the dominant form of government in Western Europe. Theoretical and empirical research coalition research to this date has largely regarded parties as unitary actors (and hence party as the unit of analysis). The consensus among party specialists is, however, that this assumption significantly underestimates the influence of intra-party politics. Challenging the unitary actor assumption has potentially profound consequences for our understanding of coalition governance – in terms of formation and termination of coalitions and particularly the making of policy decisions.

From a comparative perspective this research project addresses the question of which intra-party actors exercise relevant influence on coalition politics, which resources they muster, and how they influence coalition governance. The project will develop a set of indicators and generate a data set to test hypotheses. The research will include both coalitional systems and, as a control group, systems characterized by single-party cabinets.

B2.5 Parties and Democracy in the European Union: Euro-Parties as New Democratic Intermediaries?

Director(s): Jan W. van Deth, Thomas Poguntke

Researcher(s): Christine Pütz

Funding: DFG, MZES

Duration: 2001 to 2006

Status: completed

Research question/goal: The goal of the research project was to investigate the importance of transnational European party federations, the Europarties. They have so far received less attention as actors in the European multi-level system EU than national parties. Nonetheless, the changes of the institutional framework in the 1990s, above all the strengthening of the European Parliament and the formal recognition and financing of the European parties have suggested that the importance of the Europarties in the EU political process has grown and will continue to do so. A comprehensive, empirical comparative study of all major Europarties aimed at going beyond the references contained in the literature (mostly case studies) and wanted to establish the functions these actors are, in theory, capable of fulfilling. Also, it wanted to investigate to what extent these actors actually perform these functions. Furthermore, the project sought to answer the question to what extent Europarties, being international federations of national intermediary organisations, can make a contribution to the development of a European intermediary space.

The empirical analysis took place on the basis of a mixture of methods combining document analysis and oral interviews. In all, 44 party statutes and 55 transcribed thematic interviews (on average 1–1.5 hours in length) with leading actors of the Europarty head offices in Brussels, in the parliamentary groups of the European Parliament, and in the parties and parliamentary groups of the member states were carried out. They were complemented by 38 short interviews with Europarty conference delegates. These were combined in a data set and, with the help of the programme MaxQda, coded and qualitatively evaluated.

The analysis shows that the overall importance of the Europarties has in fact grown in the 1990s. However, the potential for further growth differs substantially between individual party functions. The classical party functions turned out to be less important in pointing the way forward, for in this respect the Europarties still remain "teethless tigers" which face strong institutional limitations. Their greatest contribution lies with the provision of a network which offers a framework for regular meetings of national party leaders and a platform for organisational and programmatic cooperation. In this way, the Europarties contribute to the Europeanisation of the national parties. And in this sense, they provide the structural preconditions for contributing to the formation of a European intermediary space.

B2.6 Euro-Parties and the Politics of New Member States

Director(s): Thomas Poguntke, Jan van Deth

Researcher(s): Peter Matuschek

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2006 to 2009

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The core focus of this project will be on the role the Euro-parties have played in establishing democratic party systems in the new EU member states of East-Central Europe. Given that traditional cleavage lines were largely absent, the question how, why, and to what extent Euro-parties succeeded in exporting Western European patterns of party competition.

B2.7 The Left-Right Ideology: Its Meaning Across Countries and Over Time

Director(s): Hermann Schmitt

Researcher(s): N.N.

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2006 to 2008

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The political codes "left" and "right" structure our political world view. Yet their meaning is not constant, but variable: they vary across countries and over time. This project seeks to determine the meaning of the left-right dimension empirically. The perception of party positions by national electorates shall be related to the contents of their election programmes. In addition, the understanding of "left" and "right" by party elites shall be analysed.

B2.8 Integrated and United: A Quest for a Citizenship in an Ever Closer Europe (IntUne)

Director(s): Wolfgang C. Müller, Hermann Schmitt

Researcher(s): Wolfgang C. Müller, Hermann Schmitt

Funding: EU

Duration: 2005 to 2009

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: This project explores the state of European integration with respect to the formation of a European citizenship. It focuses on the dimensions of identity, representation, and scope and locus of governance. These dimensions are explored with regard to the development of multiple or shared identities, descriptive and normative perceptions of representation and governance in the European multi-level system. Empirically, the project is conducting elite and mass surveys and carrying out analyses of documents and parliamentary debates in a sample of EU member states. The project is financed by the EU and carried out in co-operation with 32 partner institutions.

B2.9 Personal Campaign Strategies and Political Representation

Director(s): Thomas Gschwend, Wolfgang C. Müller, Hermann Schmitt, Andreas M. Wüst, Thomas Zittel

Researcher(s): Thomas Gschwend, Wolfgang C. Müller, Hermann Schmitt, Andreas M. Wüst, Thomas Zittel

Funding: DFG, Thyssen Stiftung

Duration: 2005 to 2010

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The crisis of political parties stresses individual representatives as alternative linkages between citizens and the state. This project studies the election campaigns of individual candidates regarding a number of problems that become relevant in this regard. It puts a special emphasis on campaign styles and on the following research questions: How can we systematically describe individualized election campaigns? How do they differ from party driven campaigns? To what degree are we able to observe individualized campaigns in European elections? Which factors foster, which ones hinder the diffusion of individualized election campaigns? Based on a newly developed core questionnaire we coordinate surveys of individual candidates standing for office in national parliamentary elections across Europe and across different incentive structures that might matter to their campaigns

B2.10 Ideology and Activism of Green Party Members in Western Europe

Director(s): Wolfgang C. Müller

Researcher(s): Wolfgang C. Müller, Peter Stefou, Bernhard Miller

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The project will analyse the first cross-national survey of Green party members in Western Europe (14 countries) with respect to ideology and activism. First, the project will analyse the relevance of those ideological commitments suggested by the literature and check for inconsistencies and internal lines of division. Second, the project will describe and explain party activism and thereby test theories of party activism that have not yet been tested against data from Green parties.

B2.11 Comparative Analysis of Party Platforms for the European Election (The Euromanifestos Project)

Director(s): Hermann Schmitt

Researcher(s): Andreas M. Wüst, Tanja Binder, Daniel Lederle

Funding: DFG

Duration: 2002 to 2006

Status: completed

Research question/goal: The Euromanifestos Project is a part of the European Election Study (EES) 1999 which focuses on the conditions for an effective political representation in the European Union. Within this broader context, the Euromanifestos Project studies (1) the issues the parties have promoted in the series of elections to the European Parliament (1979-1999) and (2) the degree of congruence of the programmes the parties have promoted on the occasion of elections at different political levels (first vs. second order elections). To this aim Euromanifestos in 15 EU countries

are being collected and an Euromanifesto database is established. In the quantitative and qualitative content analysis of this database the project concentrates on the political parties' issue preferences (issue salience), with consideration of the governmental frame in which the content is presented (national or European level). For comparative reasons, the well established coding frame of the Comparative Manifesto Project has been adapted and modified to include the governmental frame as well as specific European issues. The results of the Euromanifestos content analysis will be complemented with other elements of EES 99, such as the EES 99 media content analysis, the EES 99 survey data and the EES 99 EP roll call data, collected by other members of the international EES project team. These analyses will allow to test the responsiveness of political parties to the attitudes and preferences of voters concerning issues of European politics as well as the degree of consistence of MEPs voting behaviour with their Euromanifesto profile.

B2.12 New ICTs and the Innovation Capacity of Political and Commercial Organisations

Director(s): Andrea Römmele
Researcher(s): Andrea Römmele and Michael Woywode
Funding: VW-Stiftung
Duration: 2002 to 2006
Status: completed

Research question/goal: How do political and commercial organisations use new information- and communication technologies (new ICTs)? Do new ICTs create innovative forms of organizations? Is the emphasis more on top-down than on bottom-up information? How important are participatory elements? What role do new ICTs play for internal organizational development and communication? These questions were center stage in the project "New ICTs in political and commercial organisations.". We differentiated the use of new ICTs in political and commercial organizations on different organizational levels: besides political parties represented in parliament we also empirically analysed interest groups as well as new social movements; on the economic side, we included the large corporations, mid-sized companies as well as start-ups. This research design enabled us to analyse the impact of new ICTs on different organizations in different spheres (politics vs. economics). The project concentrated on organizations in Germany.

Our central empirical findings – emerging from web side coding as well as in-depth interviews with the responsible web managers – show that new ICTs do not bring about innovative organizational forms in the "big tankers". New ICTs are used to rationalize existing forms of communication. The emphasis clearly is on top-down communication. However, new ICTs show a tremendous potential when looking at small political organizations: here they create a new fluid form of organization. It remains to be seen how long this flexible form of organization can remain. The project also triggered new ideas regarding communication in political and commercial

organizations – a new project was launched (Ladenburger Diskurse) emphasizing this difference.

B2.14 Formal and Informal Organizations of the Government in the EU-15: Description and Effects on the Decision-making Process Considering EU Intergovernmental Negotiations

Director(s): Franz Urban Pappi, Paul W. Thurner

Researcher(s): Martin Binder

Funding: Stipendium

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Ph.D. project. The aim of the project is to describe and explain the complex structures of national governmental decision-making processes in the member states of the European Union (EU). The question is, how national governments form their position in the case of international negotiations. Therefore formal and informal organizational structures of the governments are extracted and illustrated.

B2.15 Majority Rule and Parliamentary Behaviour

Director(s): Steffen Ganghof, Wolfgang C. Müller, Herbert Döring (Potsdam), and Thomas Saalfeld (Univ. of Kent)

Researcher(s): Christian Stecker und Länderexperten

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2006 to 2010

Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: Parliamentary democracies rest upon the assumption that the majority has the right to overrule a dissent minority after a period of debate. Yet there are considerable differences between countries and periods with regard to the practical use of the majority rule. The project sets out to study such differences and provide a comparative analysis of the multitude of institutional configurations and their effects on parliamentary behaviour in 36 countries.

Publications 2006

Books

Behnke, Joachim, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler and Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Ed.) (2006): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.

Dachs, Herbert, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller and Emmerich Tálos (Ed.) (2006): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.

Articles in journals

Ganghof, Steffen and Thomas Bräuninger (2006): Government Status and Legislative Behaviour: Partisan Veto Players in Australia, Denmark, Finland and Germany. *Party Politics*, 12, issue 4, pp. 521-539.

Hüller, Thorsten (2006): Herrschaft des Quorums? Ein Vorschlag zur Lösung eines Problems direkter Demokratie. *Zeitschrift für Parlamentsfragen*, 37, issue 4, pp. 823-833.

Poguntke, Thomas and Christine Pütz (2006): Parteien in der Europäischen Union: Zu den Entwicklungschancen der Europarteien. *Zeitschrift für Parlamentsfragen*, 37, issue 2, pp. 334-353.

Schmitt, Hermann and Andreas M. Wüst (2006): "Pallaplos exairetiches" oi omospondiaches echloges tou septembriou 2005 ste Germania. *Episteme Kai Koinonia (Science and Society. Journal of Political and Moral Theory)*, 16, pp. 179-201.

Wüst, Andreas M., Hermann Schmitt, Thomas Gschwend and Thomas Zittel (2006): Candidates in the 2005 Bundestag Election: Mode of Candidacy, Campaigning and Issues. *German Politics*, 15, issue 4, pp. 420-438.

Wüst, Andreas M. and Philip Stöver (2006): Wahlen in Europa. *Politische Vierteljahresschrift*, 47, issue 2, pp. 289-309.

Chapters in books

Ganghof, Steffen (2006): Neue Wege in der Steuerpolitik: Anmerkungen zur Dualen Einkommenssteuer. Pp. 228-232 in: Peter Siller/Thea Dücker/Arne Baumann (Ed): *Arbeit der Zukunft. Neue Wege einer Gerechten Arbeitspolitik*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.

Lederle, Daniel (2006): A pártok és szavazók politikai napirendje az 1999-es európai parlamenti választások idején (The Agendas of Parties and Voters in the European Parliament Election 1999). Pp. 79 - 108 in: Gabór Tóka, Ágnes Bátor (Eds): *A 2004. évi európai parlamenti választások (Parties and their Voters in European Parliament Elections)*. Budapest: DKMKA.

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): Das Regierungssystem. Pp. 105-118 in: Herbert Dachs, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller, Emmerich Tálos (Eds): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): Der Bundespräsident. Pp. 188-200 in: Herbert Dachs, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller, Emmerich Tálos (Eds): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): Die Österreichische Volkspartei. Pp. 341-363 in: Herbert Dachs, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller, Emmerich Tálos (Eds): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): Parteiensystem: Rahmenbedingungen, Format und Mechanik des Parteienwettbewerbs. Pp. 279-304 in: Herbert Dachs, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller, Emmerich Tálos (Eds): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): Party Patronage and Party Colonization of the State. Pp. 189-195 in: Richard S. Katz, William Crotty (Eds): *Handbook of Party Politics*. London: Sage Publications.

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): Regierung und Kabinettsystem. Pp. 168-187 in: Herbert Dachs, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller, Emmerich Tálos (Eds): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.

Müller, Wolfgang C. and Franz Fallend (2006): Dal multipolarismo al bipolarismo: il cambiamento del sistema partitico in Austria. Pp. 287-311 in: Luciano Bardi (Ed): *Partiti e sistemi di partito*. Bologna: il Mulino.

Müller, Wolfgang C. and Ulrich Sieberer (2006): Party Law. Pp. 435-445 in: Richard S. Katz, William Crotty (Eds): *Handbook of Party Politics*. London: Sage Publications.

Roth, Dieter and Andreas M. Wüst (2006): Abwahl ohne Machtwechsel: Die Bundestagswahl 2005 im Lichte langfristiger Entwicklungen. Pp. 43-70 in: Eckhard Jesse, Roland Sturm (Eds): *Bilanz der Bundestagswahl 2005: Voraussetzungen, Ergebnisse, Folgen*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag.

Strøm, Kaare, Wolfgang C. Müller and Torbjörn Bergman (2006): The (Moral) Hazards of Parliamentary Democracy. Pp. 27-51 in: Dietmar Braun, Fabrizio Gilardi (Eds): *Delegation in Contemporary Democracies*. London: Routledge.

Wüst, Andreas M. (2006): Pártok az európai parlamenti választásokon: Politikai napirend, az EU és a kereslet-kinálat problémája (Parties in European Parliament Elections: Issues, Framing, the EU, and the Question of Supply and Demand). Pp. 109-130 in: Gabór Tóka, Ágnes Batory (Eds): *A 2004. évi európai parlamenti választások (Parties and their Voters in European Parliament Elections)*. Budapest: DKMKA.

MZES working papers

Linhart, Eric (2006): *Ampel, Linkscoalition und Jamaika als Alternativen zur großen Koalition*. Arbeitspapiere - Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 91. Mannheim.

Papers / Reports

Müller, Wolfgang C. (2006): *Intra-party Conditions for Power-sharing: Comparing Power-sharing Post-War and Conflict Inter-War Austria*. Oslo. [Paper prepared for the Workshop Power-sharing and Democratic Governance in Divided Societies, Center for the Study Of Civil War, 22 August 2006.]

Müller, Wolfgang C. and Hermann Schmitt (2006): *Representation. A Review of the Literature and the Role of Representation in the IntUne Research Design*. [Report delivered to the IntUne Steering Committee on August 15.]

Doctoral Dissertations

Matuschek, Peter (2006): Erfolg und Mißerfolg konservativer Parteien: Die spanische AP-PP und das portugiesische CDS-PP im Vergleich. (Inaugural-Dissertation). Göttingen.

Conference Participation

26-30 January 2006, "Klausur zur Datenanalyse und Forschungsplanung", University of Nottingham, England. Participant: Hermann Schmitt.

2-5 March 2006, "INTUNE Midterm Meeting", University of Bologna, Italy. Participant: Hermann Schmitt.

28 March 2006 - 1 April 2006, "CSES Planning Committee Meeting", Sevilla, Spain. Participant: Hermann Schmitt: "Final Draft Questionnaire", Planning Committee Member.

25-30 April 2006, "ECPR Joint Sessions of Workshops", Nicosia, Cyprus. Participant: Hermann Schmitt: "Party Identification in Nine Western Democracies", Workshop Participant and Official Representative der Universität Mannheim.

26-27 May 2006, "Conference of the Center for American Political Studies, Harvard University, on "Democracy, Divided Government, and Split-Ticket Voting"", Harvard, USA. Participants: Thomas Gschwend, Henk van der Kolk: "Forecasting the Number of Split-Ticket Voters in Parliamentary Systems".

12-30 June 2006, "EITM Summer School (Empirical Implications of Theoretical Models)", St. Louis, MO, USA. Participant: Eric Linhart.

23-25 June 2006, "Intune Project Questionnaire Meeting", University of Siena, Italy. Participant: Hermann Schmitt.

19-20 July 2006, "Gemeinsame Tagung der DVPW-Arbeitskreise "Politik und Kommunikation", "Wahlen und Einstellungen" und "Parteienforschung"", Berlin. Participants: Thomas Zittel, Thomas Gschwend: "Der Bundestagswahlkampf von 2005 und Kollektive Repräsentation: Ein kurzer Auftakt zum langen Abschied".

6-8 October 2006, "Inaugural Conference of the Comparative Candidates Study (CCS)", Bad Dürkheim. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "Are Modern Politics still Party Politics?"

31 October 2006 - 6 November 2006, "CSES Workshop and Planning Committee", Ramanashree Brunton Bangalore, India. Participants: Hermann Schmitt, Bernhard Wessels: "Determinants of the Distinctiveness of electoral choice options", Member Planning Committee.

30 November 2006 - 2 December 2006, "3-Länder-Tagung "Politik und Persönlichkeit" der ÖGPW - SVPW - DVPW", Vienna, Austria. Participants: Thomas Zittel, Thomas Gschwend: "Personalisierte Wahlkämpfe im Wahlkreis. Eine Analyse des Bundestagswahlkampfes von 2005".

30 November 2006 - 1 December 2006, "Conference on Contextual Effects at the EUI", European University Institute Florence, Italy. Participant: Hermann Schmitt: "Preparing EES 2009".

1-3 December 2006, "INTUNE", University of Bologna, Italy. Participant: Hermann Schmitt: "Social Structure and Voting Behaviour".

Research Area B3: Democracy and Multi-Level Governance

Coordinator: Thomas Gschwend

Investigating EU governance has by now a long tradition at the MZES. In the past it was embedded in a wider national research programme, funded by the German Research Foundation, now it is contributing to a European wide "Network of Excellence" funded by the EU and, again, coordinated by Beate Kohler-Koch. The Network aims at creating a European research area on "Efficient and Democratic Governance in a Multi-Level Europe" (B3.1). Apart from integrating on-going and initiating new research, a communication infrastructure will be established to provide easy access to research output reaching out to other large scale research networks and integrated projects (IconnectEU; B3.2).

The thematic orientation of the individual research projects can be summarized under 3 headings:

- Interest representation and state–society relations in the multi–level system of the EU (B3. 3; B3. 5; B3. 6; B3. 7)
- The process of political integration and Europeanisation (B3.8; B3.10; B3.18)
- Institutional performance and the choice of governance instruments (B3.11; B3. 12; B3. 13; B3.14; B3.15)

Whereas the majority of projects are dedicated to theory guided empirical research, some have an overriding theoretical and/or methodological interest (B3.9; B3.16).

Active projects in 2006

B3.1 Network of Excellence on "Efficient and Democratic Governance in a Multi–level Europe" (CONNEX)

Director(s): Beate Kohler-Koch; Network Manager: Fabrice Larat
Researcher(s): Dirk De Bièvre, Jan van Deth, Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Barbara Finke, Wolfgang C. Müller, Christine Pütz, Christine Quittkat, Andrea Römmele, Sigrid Roßteutscher, Hermann Schmitt, Thomas Schneider, Susan Stewart, Kerstin Wilde, Arndt Wonka, Andreas M. Wüst
Funding: EU
Duration: 2004 to 2008
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: CONNEX is pursuing three tasks: (1) Taking stock of on-going research on EU governance in the different disciplines all over Europe; (2) integrating and initiating research on efficient and democratic governance in a multi-level Europe; (3) disseminating related research results and training young scholars working in the field. Research integration is organised by 6 Research Groups focussing on different thematic aspects.

Research groups investigate the exercise of EU governance in particular policy fields, others explore the emergence of a "European administrative space" or examine the feasibility of institutionalising multi-level accountability. In order to better understand the interplay of executive bodies in the multi-level system of the EU, special attention is paid to the different roles the national executives play: They are "partners" in the administration of EU policies and they are "competitors" in negotiations on policy formulation. The Commission for its part is, slowly but clearly, becoming a genuinely political, rather than technocratic body, which alters its relationship with national administrations. In such a system of "penetrated governance" it is difficult to apply the nation state models of democratic accountability. In the interdisciplinary context of CONNEX, therefore, it was necessary to start with a mapping exercise on conceptual approaches and terminology. Apart from the theoretical discussions, emphasis has been placed on comparative research of organising accountability in multi-level systems and, based on quantitative data, on citizen perception of accountability.

Civil society and interest representation in EU-governance is another main field of CONNEX research. Following a state of the art evaluation on interest representation, research cooperation will now aim at comparing different kinds of interest representation – by private interest groups, political parties, and social movements – and give more attention to the theoretical concept of "representation". The aim also is to develop a more precise concept of "civil society", to elaborate further the differences and similarities between civil society in old and new EU member states and to better integrate research on the European dimension of building social capital and exercising political and civic participation. Last, not least, the intention is to explore by empirical research the possible contribution of civil society involvement to EU democracy.

Source: One of CONNEX' objectives is taking stock of the wealth of research on EU governance. Two online databases have been created to provide information and easy access to accumulated knowledge for a broad public.

GOVDATA is a free online research project database containing information on nearly 1600 separate research projects conducted between 1994 and 2005. (www.connex-network.org/govdata/).

GOVLIT, still under revision, is a free online database of academic literature on European Governance with bibliographic information on over 2500 articles, books, reviews and other materials. (www.connex-network.org/govlit/).

B3.2 Internet Connected EU Research (IConnectEU)

Director(s): Beate Kohler-Koch, Fabrice Larat

Researcher(s): Thomas Schneider

Funding: EU

Duration: 2006 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The objective of IConnectEU is to provide Best-Practice examples for cross-project infrastructures which allow projects with similar research topics to re-use existing solutions and to join resources for effective dissemination strategies. Eight current EU-funded research projects on EU-Governance will serve as a use case for a feasibility study and the creation of a joint internet portal which will contain the features needed by these projects to document and to distribute their research results. Special attention will be given to the heterogeneity caused by different types and media of research results and to personalized information services for specific user groups. The portal will be used in a second step as a Best-Practice example for other domains on how to build cross-project infrastructures by adapting the portal software to different requirements and settings.

B3.3 Democratic Legitimacy via Civil Society Involvement? The Role of the European Commission

Director(s): Beate Kohler-Koch
Researcher(s): Barbara Finke, Thorsten Hüller, Christine Quittkat
Funding: DFG
Duration: 2003 to 2008
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: In recent years the EU has pledged to work in favour of a wider involvement of civil society in policy making. To this end the European Commission established a new consultation regime which is committed to the principles of openness, transparency, and participation. Empirical research will investigate the impact of the new regime: Does it open the EU intermediary space to more voices? Does it support communication not just between associations and EU institutions but does it also promote a public discourse at EU level? And how does it affect the vertical flow of communication linking EU level associations with their national and local grass root members?

B3.4 Local Europe: Impact of EU Governance on Local Civil Society

Director(s): Beate Kohler-Koch
Researcher(s): N.N.
Funding: MZES
Duration: 2003 to 2006
Status: completed

Research question/goal: "Europeanisation" in terms of an adaptation of sub-national systems and actors to the EU ranks high on the present research agenda. Business associations and, to a lesser degree, trade unions have been included in recent research whereas research on public interest groups (and social movements) still is rather patchy. In view of their potential contribution to democracy it is of utmost concern to investigate their involvement in EU multi-level governance and their presence in a transnational political space. It is plausible to assume that high transaction costs in a multi-lingual, heterogeneous transnational setting add to the existing collective action problems. This may result in a marginalisation of grass root activities, a shift in patterns of political participation from conventional to "unconventional" forms of participation, a highly selective organisation of European wide networks and a change in the relations and role ascriptions of local, national and transnational organisations.

The project was intended to explore and explain the success or rather failure of EU interventions to strengthen political participation at local level and connect local civil society organisations with EU level policy making. The preparatory phase ended with a theoretical based elaborate research design for a comparative study in the enlarged Union. Though it got a high ranking in terms of scholarly excellence, the application

was turned down by the Volkswagen Foundation because it did not meet the benchmark of equal scientific input from the East European partners. Furthermore, the project could not be pursued further due to the departure of the young scholar who had been trained to do the field work.

B3.6 State-Society Relations in European Trade Policy: The Civil Society Dialogue of the European Commission

Director(s): Dirk De Bièvre, Andreas Dür

Researcher(s): Dirk De Bièvre, Andreas Dür

Funding: EU (CONNEX)

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Over the last decade, the increase in economic interdependence among developed countries has led to the mobilization of new societal interests that try to influence trade policies. Especially in the fields of environment, labour, human rights, and health new non-governmental organizations have been created. In this research project we want to address the question whether this mobilization has led to a loss of influence for the two traditional trade constituencies, exporters and those competing with imports. To this purpose, we analyse the so-called Civil Society Dialogue, which the Directorate General for Trade created in response to this mobilization, and assess to which extent there has been a shift in policy outcomes in European trade policy.

B3.7 The Prospects for EU Democracy After Eastern Enlargement

Director(s): Hermann Schmitt

Researcher(s): Hermann Schmitt

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2003 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The objective of this co-operative project is to engage in primary research in order to enhance our understanding of the legitimacy and the democratic quality of European Union government and to explore the possibilities and prospects for a more democratic and legitimate European Union in the near future. This objective shall be reached by (a) the development of a normative theoretical framework of legitimate democratic government, encompassing three basic dimensions: identity, representation and accountability, and performance; (b) an empirical evaluation by means of public opinion surveys and content analysis of the performance of the present European Union on each of these dimensions; and (c) an evaluation of the prospects for the EU on these three dimensions in light of enlargement.

B3.8 Party Group Cohesion in the European Parliament

Director(s): Franz U. Pappi

Researcher(s): Janina Thiem

Funding: MZES (doctoral program)

Duration: 2004 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Can the observed high party cohesion in roll call votes of the European parliament be interpreted as an indicator of its supra-national character? Since the roll call sample may suffer from a selection bias, it will be tested whether party group cohesion holds through if the possible selection bias is taken into account.

B3.9 Contamination Effects in Multi-Level Systems of Governance

Director(s): Thomas Gschwend

Researcher(s): Thomas Gschwend

Funding: MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: To what extent do sub-national elections play a different role at different times within a country? We are interested in parsing out the conditions under which the national arena has an impact on state elections and vice versa. To kick-off this project we will focus on the relationship between Bundestag and state elections in Germany. The results of a comparative analysis of sub-national elections are expected to inform the literature on voting behaviour, electoral cycles and second-order elections.

B3.10 Constitutional Politics in the European Union: Parliamentarization and the Institutionalization of Human Rights

Director(s): Berthold Rittberger, Frank Schimmelfennig

Researcher(s): Alexander Bürgin, Guido Schweltnus

Funding: Thyssen Stiftung

Duration: 2003 to 2006

Status: completed

Research question/goal: This project has shed light on the question of why the member states of the EU have gradually endowed the European Parliament with more competencies and why human right guarantees have been institutionalized at the EU-level. These two constitutionalization processes can be considered integral for the existence and development of a 'constitutional state'. To explain the constitutionalization of the EU, the project has developed a theory that goes beyond existing rationalist and constructivist explanations of institutional change. This theory sets off with the assumption of strategic action in an international community environment.

According to this theory, the constitutionalization of the EU progresses via the mechanism of effective moral pressure and actors' disposition to avoid to be shamed or shunned. It is argued that whenever EU governments agree on further steps of functional integration, these steps threaten to undermine the competencies of national parliaments and of domestic as well as international human right guarantees. Supporters of the constitutionalization of the EU are able to effectively exercise moral pressure on recalcitrant governments by highlighting that functional integration undermines fundamental liberal-democratic values. As a consequence, the powers of the European Parliament will be enhanced and human rights institutionalized in EU treaty reforms.

To test this theoretical argument, the project conducted a set of quantitative and qualitative comparative case studies. These case analyses were diachronic, looking at constitutionalization processes between 1950 and 2004, and synchronic, highlighting different aspects of constitutionalization in the two areas under scrutiny. The empirical findings support the 'constitutionalization hypothesis' which posits that constitutionalization progresses, if a proposed step of European integration is perceived to undermine the powers of the European Parliament or human rights provisions and if the norm in question carries a high degree of legitimacy.

B3.11 The European Commission: Controlled Agent or Uncontrolled Bureaucracy?

Director(s): Franz U. Pappi
Researcher(s): Arndt Wonka
Funding: MZES (doctoral program)
Duration: 2003 to 2006
Status: completed

Research question/goal: For the last 50 years, the European Commission was commonly characterized as the European Union's (EU) "engine of integration", whose goals and interests are at odds with those of the member states. Yet, the theoretical discussion on and the empirical knowledge about the Commission are very limited. This research project contributes to filling this gap in EU research.

The Commission is conceptualised as a collective actor. In a first step, the Commission's link to the member states is theoretically captured. Governments nominate at least one Commissioner each and collectively appoint the Commission. Testing theoretical hypotheses deduced from principal agent theory, the empirical analysis of relevant characteristics of all 215 Commissioners nominated between 1958 and 2006 shows that governments (increasingly) try to influence Commission decisions by nominating reliable individuals with similar policy preferences. In a second step, five decision-making scenarios are explicated to conceptualise decision-making inside the Commission. These scenarios make different statements about the relative power and potential for mutual control among Commissioners in Commission executive politics.

Empirically these have been tested by analysing the procedural characteristics of all legislative proposals adopted by the Commissioners of the Prodi-Commission. Three case studies supplement this quantitative analysis. The results show that Commissioners control each other in the formulation and adoption of those proposals which threaten to impose high (material and political) costs on member state governments.

The theoretical and the empirical analysis of this research project suggest that the common portrayal of the Commission as a run-away bureaucracy constantly violating member states' interests is misleading: Commissioners have strong political ties to member state governments. The internal decision-making dynamics, however, prevent each government to get its interests recognized in every proposal Commissioners adopt – one reason why existing intergovernmental portrayals of the Commission are inadequate.

B3.13 Governance in International Trade: Judicialisation and Positive Integration in the WTO

Director(s): Dirk De Bièvre
Researcher(s): Dirk De Bièvre
Funding: VolkswagenStiftung
Duration: 2005 to 2008
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Positive integration among states, defined as the correction of negative externalities from liberalisation, is generally assumed to be very difficult to achieve on the European level, let alone on the international or global level. The political transaction costs of achieving positive integration legislation indeed seem daunting in an organisation such as the World Trade Organization (WTO), which operates under conditions of unanimity and has a membership of over 140 sovereign states. Yet, member states seem to have crossed the Rubicon: They have concluded a number of agreements that impose positive obligations to adopt new policy measures in fields traditionally restricted to the sovereign nation-state. There has been consistent political pressure to graft other, non-trade issues onto the WTO framework, i.e. to enlarge an organisation that formerly dealt exclusively with trade into a governance structure that also has regulatory competences in other areas of public policy. WTO member states have indeed introduced the obligation to protect intellectual property rights internationally, and they have concluded agreements on health, on technical barriers to trade, and on investment – each of these being fields of public policy for which more specialised agencies within the United Nations system would seem to have been the more natural locus for such agreements. Further, there have been – hitherto unsuccessful – calls to bring labour rights, environmental standards, or competition policy under the jurisdiction of the WTO.

This raises the question: why and under which conditions is positive integration possible in the WTO? This research project seeks to formulate theoretically embedded

hypotheses that answer this question. I argue that judicialisation – the presence of binding third party enforcement – makes every single WTO commitment more credible. Because judicialisation facilitates enforcement, it exerts force on political actors in the legislative arm of the organisation to bring positive integration issues under the jurisdiction of the WTO. The aim of the project is to explore the explanatory force of this general hypothesis in empirical cases of positive integration (intellectual property, health, technical barriers to trade, and investment) and to come to new theoretical and empirical insights about the sources of and conditions for international cooperation. The project thus aims to contribute to interdisciplinary research on judicialisation in international trade governance and the impact of judicialisation on the emergence of global governing structures.

B3.15 Intergovernmental Negotiations. Comparative Dynamic Simulations

Director(s): Franz U. Pappi, Nicole J. Saam

Researcher(s): Frank Arndt

Funding: MZES (doctoral program)

Duration: 2004 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: Mutual agreement on a final treaty in international negotiations is modelled as an exchange process and non-cooperatively by risk taking behavior. Special focus is given to the impact of political exchange on the negotiation outcome and its efficiency. An agent-based simulation is applied to model the preference aggregation process. The derived hypotheses are tested by simulation experiments using a data-set on the Amsterdam Intergovernmental Conference 1996-97.

B3.16 The Importance of Regional Networks for the Success of EU Rural Development Programmes

Director(s): Franz U. Pappi, Christian Melbeck

Researcher(s): N.N.

Funding: EU

Duration: 2006 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The success of EU rural development projects will be measured by quality of life indicators. The impact of characteristics of regional networks on this success will be ascertained.

B3.18 Confronting Memories in the Process of European Integration

Director(s): Fabrice Larat

Researcher(s): Fabrice Larat

Funding: VW-Stiftung / MZES

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: It is a core assumption of this project that the novelty of the present "constitutional moment" will require new definitions of Europe's finalité and identity and that it will imply a new "politization" of the integration project. In these processes, Europe's perception of its own "institutionalized" integration history and the histories of its national societies will have to be reconsidered, especially regarding those of the new member states. These histories involve many burdens: Europe cannot set aside the memories of the Holocaust and it will have to continue its confrontation with traditions that have sustained National-Socialism, fascist-authoritarian regimes and xenophobic movements.

B3.19 Making EU Politics Public. A Comparative Analysis of the Communication Policies of European Supranational Organizations

Director(s): Frank Schimmelfennig

Researcher(s): Christina Altides

Funding: Stipendium

Duration: 2005 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: During the last decade, EU institutions have increasingly become aware of the importance of political communication in fostering the democratic legitimacy of EU policy. While the first rejection of the Maastricht Treaty in Denmark in 1992 led to formulating the European Information and Communication Strategy, the Dutch and the French rejection of the EU Constitution in May 2005 have now triggered an even bigger, institution-wide activism to 'bridge the gap' between EU politics and citizens and promote political participation and support. But in how far is an EU supranational Communication Policy (CP) actually feasible?

This PhD project sets out to empirically examine the actual Communication Policies employed by two core EU supranational organizations, namely the European Parliament and the European Commission. It seeks to explain how they develop what kind of CP output, and which institutional intentions or capabilities determine their potentially differing CP outputs and practices. Following a rather interdisciplinary approach, the researcher will work out theoretical relations between political action, communicative action and organisational theory at European level and highlight the process of European integration and democratic governance in the European multi-level system from a political communication angle. Having worked on theoretical considerations and the research design in 2005, next steps in 2006 will include the field research as well as the documentation and evaluation of the data collected. The research started in December 2004 and is planned to be concluded by the end of 2007.

Publications 2006

Books

Linhart, Eric (2006): Die Erklärungskraft spiel- und tauschtheoretischer Verhandlungsmodelle in Abhängigkeit vom Institutionalierungsgrad des Verhandlungssystems. Mannheim: Mannheim University Press.

Quittkat, Christine (2006): Europäisierung der Interessenvermittlung: Französische Wirtschaftsverbände zwischen Beständigkeit und Wandel. Wiesbaden: Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Forschungen zur Europäischen Integration; no. 17).

Rittberger, Berthold and Frank Schimmelfennig (Ed.) (2006): Die Europäische Union auf dem Weg in den Verfassungsstaat. Frankfurt/New York: Campus. (Mannheimer Jahrbuch für Europäische Sozialforschung; no. 10).

Turner, Paul W. (2006): Die graduelle Konstitutionalisierung der Europäischen Union. Eine quantitative Fallstudie am Beispiel der Regierungskonferenz 1996. Tübingen: Mohr Siebeck. (Einheit der Gesellschaftswissenschaften; no. 136).

Articles in journals

De Bièvre, Dirk (2006): The EU Regulatory Trade Agenda and the Quest for WTO Enforcement. *Journal of European Public Policy*, 13, issue 6, pp. 105-129.

Kohler-Koch, Beate and Berthold Rittberger (2006): Review Article: The "Governance Turn" in EU Studies. *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 44, issue 1, pp. 27-49.

Larat, Fabrice (2006): L'Europe à la recherche d'une figure tutélaire. L'instrumentalisation de la symbolique carolingienne comme tentative de fondation d'un projet politique. *Politique européenne*, issue 18, pp. 49-67.

Leuffen, Dirk (2006): Bienvenu or Access Denied? Recruiting French Political Elites for Indepth Interviews. *French Politics*, 3, issue 4, pp. 342-347.

Leuffen, Dirk (2006): Wenn Zwei sich streiten, freut sich der Dritte? Divided Government im dynamischen Mehrebenensystem der EU. *Zeitschrift für Internationale Beziehungen*, 13, issue 2, pp. 35-62.

Chapters in books

Auel, Katrin and Berthold Rittberger (2006): Fluctuant nec merguntur: the European Parliament, national Parliaments, and European Integration. Pp. 121-145 in: Jeremy Richardson (Ed): *European Union: Power and Policy-Making*. London: Routledge.

De Bièvre, Dirk (2006): Legislative and Judicial Decision Making in the WTO. Pp. 31-51 in: Mathias König-Archibugi, Michael Zürn (Eds): *New Modes of Governance in the Global System: Exploring Publicness, Delegation and Inclusiveness*. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.

Hüller, Thorsten and Matthias Leonhard Maier (2006): Fixing the Codex? Global Food-Safety Governance under Review. Pp. 267-299 in: Christian Joerges, Ernst Ulrich Petersmann (Eds): *Constitutionalism, Multilevel Trade Governance and Social Regulation*. Oxford: Hart.

Kohler-Koch, Beate (2006): European Governance and System Integration. Pp. 91-106 in: Erik Oddvar Eriksen, Christian Joerges, Florian Rödl (Eds): *Law and Democracy in the Post-National Union*. *Arena Report*. Oslo: Arena Centre for European Studies.

Larat, Fabrice (2006): L'Allemagne face aux défis de la mondialisation. Pp. 167-183 in: Claire Demesmay, Hans Stark (Eds): *Qui sont les Allemands?* Lille: Presses du Septentrion.

Larat, Fabrice (2006): Vergegenwärtigung von Geschichte und Interpretation der Vergangenheit: Zur Legitimation der europäischen Integration. Pp. 240-262 in: Matthias Schöning, Stefan Seidendorf (Eds): *Reichweiten der Verständigung. Intellektuellendiskurse zwischen Nation und Europa*. Heidelberg: Universitätsverlag Winter.

Leuffen, Dirk and Sander Luitwieler (2006): Domesticated Wolves? Length of Membership, State Size and Preference Formation at the European Convention. Pp. 151-178 in: Ron Holzhaecker, Markus Haverland (Eds): *European Research Reloaded: Cooperation and Integration among Europeanized States*. Dordrecht: Kluwer.

Schimmelfennig, Frank (2006): The Process of Enlargement: Problems, Interests, Norms. Pp. 207 - 224 in: Jeremy Richardson (Ed): *European Union: Power and Policy-Making*. London: Routledge.

Schimmelfennig, Frank and Berthold Rittberger (2006): Theories of European integration: assumptions and hypotheses. Pp. 73-95 in: Jeremy Richardson (Ed): *European Union: Power and Policy-Making*. London: Routledge.

MZES working papers

Thiem, Janina (2006): *Explaining Roll Call Vote request in the European Parliament*. Arbeitspapiere - Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 90. Mannheim.

Papers / Reports

Hüller, Thorsten (2006): Adversary or 'Depoliticized' Institution? Attracting the Constitutional Convention for Democracy. Oslo. [ARENA , Kolloquium 28. November.]

Hüller, Thorsten (2006): Demokratisierung der EU durch bürgerschaftliche und zivilgesellschaftliche Partizipation? Münster. [Ad hoc Gruppe „Europäische Zivilgesellschaft und Multi-level Governance“ , DVPW-Kongress am 29. September .]

Kohler-Koch, Beate, Christoph Humrich and Barbara Finke (2006): Enhancing Multi-level Democracy by Organizing Civil Society . . [20th IPSA World Congress, Fukuoka, July 9-13, 2006.]

Quittkat, Christine (2006): The DemoCiv database: Consultation, Participation, and Representation in DG Employment, Social Affairs and Equal Opportunities. [CONNEX User Workshop: The Constitution and Consequences of Representation. Models and Measures of Representation and Evaluation in the DGs, the Advisory Bodies, and Civic Organisations, Brussels 12.-13.12.2006.]

Turner, Paul W. and Martin Binder (2006): EU Transgovernmental Networks: The Emergence of a New Political Space beyond the Nation State? . [Midwest Political Science Association National Conference 2006, Chicago.]

Doctoral Dissertations

Linhart, Eric (2006): Die Erklärungskraft spiel- und tauschtheoretischer Verhandlungsmodelle in Abhängigkeit vom Institutionalierungsgrad des Verhandlungssystems. (Inaugural-Dissertation). Mannheim.

Wonka, Arndt (2006): Supranationale Marionette an nationalen Fäden? Eine Analyse der Ernennung Europäischer Kommissare und von deren Einfluss in legislativen Entscheidungsprozessen der Kommission. (Inaugural-Dissertation). Mannheim.

Conference Participation

22 March 2006, "SFB-Kolloquium Staatlichkeit im Wandel", Universität Bremen. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Bewirkt EU Governance einen Wandel von Staatlichkeit?".

30 March 2006, "Kick-off Meeting ADVANCED-EVAL Project", Kiel. Participant: Christian Melbeck.

20-23 April 2006, "MPSA Annual National Conference", Chicago, USA. Participant: Frank Arndt: "Logrolling in Negotiations. Political Exchange in the Amsterdam Intergovernmental Conference 1996-97".

24-25 April 2006, "Working Group Meeting ADVANCED-EVAL Project", Bratislava, Slovakia. Participant: Christian Melbeck.

11-14 May 2006, "European Election Study 2004 Conference with support of CONNEX", Lisbon, Portugal. Participant: Andreas M. Wüst: "Saying and Doing (Something Else?): Does EP Roll Call Voting Reflect Euromanifesto Content?".

11-14 May 2006, "CONNEX-EES Spring Meeting 2006", University of Lisbon, Portugal. Participant: Hermann Schmitt: "Dynamics in European Identity", Academic Convenor.

18 May 2006, "Inception Workshop ADVANCED-EVAL Project", Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw, Poland. Participant: Christian Melbeck.

23 May 2006, "Lecture on Recent Trends in EU Governance Research", ARENA Centre for European Studies, Oslo, Norway. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch.

26-27 May 2006, "Conference of the Center for American Political Studies, Harvard University, on "Democracy, Divided Government, and Split-Ticket Voting", Harvard, USA. Participants: Thomas Gschwend, Martin, Elff, and Ron, Johnston: "What Can We Learn From Almost Nothing? An Extended Maximum Entropy Approach to Uncertainty in RxC Ecological Inference, with an Application to Split-Ticket Voting".

9 June 2006, "Workshop on the influence of interest groups in European Policy Making", Vienna, Austria. Participants: Dirk De Bièvre, Andreas Dür: "Inclusion without Influence? Civil Society Involvement in European Trade Policy and Introduction: Interest Group Influence in European Policy Making", Organiser.

15-17 June 2006, "Second international R user conference useR!", Vienna, Austria. Participants: Martin Elff, Thomas Gschwend: "How Much Can Be Inferred From Almost Nothing? A Maximum Entropy Approach to Fundamental Indeterminacy in Ecological Inference With an Application to District-Level Prediction of Split-Ticket Voting".

15-17 June 2006, "International Conference "Politische Theorie der EU"", Universität Frankfurt. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Veränderung von Staatlichkeit durch Transnationales Regieren?".

16-18 June 2006, "Enschede Autorenkonferenz", University of Enschede, Netherlands. Participant: Hermann Schmitt: "EU Party System after Eastern Enlargement", Beitrag zu CONNEX RG III Konferenz.

30 June 2006, "A Goodbye Conference for Helen Wallace "One Process of Europeanisation or Several? EU Governance in a Context of Internationalisation"", EUI, Florence, Italy. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "The Many Frames of EU Governance".

- 9-14 July 2006, "20th IPSA World Congress", Fukuoka, Japan. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Enhancing Multi-level Democracy by Organizing Civil Society Input", Chair of Panel 1 "EU Multi-level Governance and Democracy".
- 9-13 July 2006, "IPSA World Congress", Fukuoka, Japan. Participant: Fabrice Larat: "Paper: The role of the *acquis historique communautaire* in EU-governance".
- 10-13 July 2006, "IPSA World Congress", Fukuoka, Japan. Participant: Fabrice Larat: "Presentation of CONNEX Database GOVDATA".
- 31 August 2006 - 3 September 2006, "Annual Meeting of the American Political Science Association", Philadelphia, USA. Participant: Thomas Gschwend, Discussant of panel on "The Impact of Electoral Systems: Turnout, Representation and Satisfaction with Democracy".
- 31 August 2006, "UACES Annual Conference", University of Limerick, Ireland. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "A Futile Quest for Coherence: The Many "Frames" of EU Governance".
- 18 September 2006, "10. Deutscher Verbändekongress "Verbandsarbeit der Zukunft"", Frankfurt. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Die Zukunft der Europäischen Interessenvertretung".
- 21-23 September 2006, "ECPR Standing Group on the European Union, Third Pan-European Conference on EU Politics", Istanbul, Türkei. Participant: Arndt Wonka: "Technocratic and independent? The Appointment of European Commissioners and its Policy Implication".
- 21-23 September 2006, "ECPR Standing Group on the European Union, Third Pan-European Conference on EU Politics", Istanbul, Türkei. Participant: Arndt Wonka: "Executive Politics in the European Commission: Portfolio dictatorship or collective politics?"
- 21-23 September 2006, "ECPR Standing Group on the European Union, Third Pan-European Conference on EU Politics", Istanbul, Türkei. Participant: Arndt Wonka, Panel-Chair: "Intra-institutional politics in EU legislative decision-making".
- 21-23 September 2006, "ECPR - Standing Group in the European Union, Third Pan-European Conference on the EU Politics", Istanbul, Turkey. Participant: Fabrice Larat: "Presentation of CONNEX Database GOVDATA".
- 27-28 September 2006, "23. wissenschaftlicher Kongress der DVPW (AK Handlungs- und Entscheidungstheorie)", Münster. Participant: Eric Linhart: "Internationale Verhandlungssysteme: Institutionalisierung, Akteursverhalten und Reformchancen".
- 28 September 2006, "DVPW-Kongress", Münster. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Perspektiven der Politikwissenschaft".
- 18-20 October 2006, "NIG/CONNEX Research Colloquium: Democracy and the European Union", University of Maastricht, Netherlands. Participant: Fabrice Larat: "Trends in EU Governance Research".
- 20-21 October 2006, "European Legislative Politics", Uppsala, Schweden. Participant: Arndt Wonka: "Decision-making in the European Commission".
- 20-21 October 2006, "Comment on Christian Joerges paper: *Unitas in Pluralitate* as a Constitutional Commitment: Towards a Horizontal Constitutionalism", Hertie School of Governance, Berlin. Participant: Fabrice Larat: "Europes Bitter Experience and the Constitutionalisation Process".
- 9-10 November 2006, "Einfluss der Bundespolitik auf Landtagswahlen", Deutscher Bundestag, Berlin. Participant: Thomas Gschwend: "Abgeordnetenhauswahlen sind keine Bundestagswahlen. Oder doch? Erfahrungsbericht aus Berlin".

13 November 2006, "Mid-term Conference "Shifts in Governance"", Ammersfoort, The Netherlands. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Governance Turn in EU Studies".

23-25 November 2006, "Legitimacy of the European Union after Enlargement", Dublin, Ireland. Participants: Andreas M. Wüst, Hermann Schmitt, Discussant.

11 December 2006, "CONNEX Editorial Board Meeting", Vienna, Austria. Participant: Hermann Schmitt.

Research Area B4: Democracy and Conflict Regulation

Coordinator: Egbert Jahn

The new research area contains the core project "Authoritarian Integration or Democratic Co-operation? The Caucasus between Brussels and Moscow", which started in 2002 and some additional projects on the political systems of the South Caucasian states. It deals with the interrelationship between political regimes, their foreign policy and the foreign policies of major powers as well as international and European organizations.

The goal of the new research area is to move from the analysis of intra- and inter-state conflict conducted during the past decade to the analysis of approaches and possibilities related to conflict transformation, conflict management, conflict regulation and peacebuilding. Since democracy is a form of rule which not only approves of moderate, peaceful conflict, but actually institutionalizes it, it is especially suitable for the facilitation of conflict regulation. But non-democratic forms of rule are also capable of regulating conflict under certain circumstances. This raises the question of the degree to which conflict regulation and peacebuilding measures must be identical to the promotion of democratization. A fundamental distinction is made between peacebuilding to prevent war in zones of militant conflict escalation and the same process for the purpose of post-war conflict regulation. For this purpose specially trained "peacebuilders" are needed, who receive their training in newly created courses and centers. In addition to national and civil society organizations within the countries, international governmental and non-governmental organizations also participate in the peacebuilding efforts. Conflict regulation and peacebuilding thus is closely related to processes of state- and nation-building. The projects try to find out the conditions and mechanisms for effectful peacebuilding activities on the basis of empirical studies on various countries on the Balkan and in the South Caucasus.

Active projects in 2006

B4.1 Authoritarian Integration or Democratic Co-operation? The Caucasus between Brussels and Moscow

Director(s): Egbert Jahn
Researcher(s): Aytan Gahramanova, Aser Babajew, N.N.
Funding: MZES
Duration: 2002 to 2007
Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: The South Caucasus becomes more and more a hotbed of international politics, in which Russia, the USA, Iran, Turkey, and various international and European organizations are involved. The foreign relations of the three South Caucasian states changed since 1991 several times according to the changes of their political regimes. But there is no clear dependency of Russian or Western orientation on the type of political regime. The research project analyzes the process of combining domestic and foreign policies in the three South Caucasian states and of the policies of external actors in different patterns

B4.3 European and Other International Peacebuilding Activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina and in Kosovo

Director(s): Egbert Jahn
Researcher(s): Andrijana Preuss
Funding: MZES
Duration: 2005 to 2007
Status: in preparation

Research question/goal: Since the end of the war in Bosnia and Herzegovina international politics sees more and more the necessity to add peacebuilding activities to mere peacemaking and peacekeeping. The research project analyzes the problems of peacebuilding in the asymmetric federal state of Bosnia and Herzegovina and later also in Serbia and Montenegro (Kosovo) under the aspect of segregation or integration of the former warring parties and persistent political violence in the various more homogenous and more heterogenous subunits of the federal systems.

B4.4 Transformation of the Political System in Azerbaijan

Director(s): Egbert Jahn
Researcher(s): Aser Babajew
Funding: Stipendium
Duration: 2005 to 2008
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The project analyses the specific forms of transformation from a communist system to a new one with strong authoritative traits. These traits

must be specified and it must be researched what theoretic-practical approaches of democratisation could be accounted for. Meanwhile, the external influence of not only non-democracies, but also of democracies on Azerbaijan should be researched, which in pursuit of their economic and geopolitical interests under certain circumstances tend to support an autocratic regime promising to maintain an internally stable environment, rather than making efforts for a democratisation process, full of conflicts whose progress is uncertain.

The role of the government institutions, the goals of important internal political actors, the continuous development of the elite, authoritative governance traditions left from Soviet and pre-Soviet times as well as the impact of defeat in the Mountainous Karabakh war and influx of refugees are researched in detail using official documents, media surveys and opinion polls.

This project is part of project B4.1 Authoritarian Integration or Democratic Co-operation? The Caucasus between Brussels and Moscow

Publications 2006

Articles in journals

Babajew, Aser (2006): Demokratie-Test nicht bestanden. *Osteuropa*, issue 3, pp. 33-45.

Babajew, Aser (2006): Parlamentswahlen in Aserbaidshon 2005. *KAS-Auslands-Informationen*, issue 4, pp. 79-112.

Chapters in books

Jahn, Egbert (2006): Ein bißchen Frieden im ewigen Krieg? Zu den Aussichten auf einen dauerhaften Weltfrieden am Beginn des 21. Jahrhunderts. Pp. 51-82 in: Astrid Sahn, Manfred Sapper, Volker Weichsel (Eds): *Die Zukunft des Friedens. Eine Bilanz der Friedens- und Konfliktforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.

Papers / Reports

Gahramanova, Aytan (2006): *Identity Conflict and its Implications for Conflict Management: Case of Nagorniy Karabakh*. UNISCI Discussion Papers magazine; No. 11. . [Research Unit on International Security and Cooperation (Complutense University of Madrid) .]

Jahn, Egbert (2006): *Der zweite Demokratisierungsversuch in Serbien, Georgien und der Ukraine*. [Mannheimer Montagmittag-Vorlesungen vom 6. November 2006.]

Jahn, Egbert (2006): *Konfliktregulierung und Friedenskonsolidierung auf dem Balkan*. [Mannheimer Montagmittag-Vorlesungen vom 9. Januar 2006.]

Conference Participation

10-11 March 2006, "Ethnic Conflicts in a Changing World", Zentrum für Konfliktforschung an der Philipps-Universität Marburg. Participant: Egbert Jahn: "Ethno- und Staatsnationalismus im Übergang vom Kommunismus zum Postkommunismus in Europa. Zum Vergleich von 45 nationalen Bewegungen".

28 March 2006, "Deutsche, europäische und internationale Stabilitätspolitik: Ausgewählte Beispiele des Krisenmanagements", Bundesakademie für Sicherheitspolitik in Berlin. Partici-

part: Egbert Jahn: "Ethnische Differenz als Ursache ethnonationaler Konflikte und als Herausforderung an staatliche und internationale Konfliktbearbeitung".

8 June 2006, "Fragen nach einer gemeinsamen europäischen Ostpolitik (Belarus, Rußland, Ukraine). Deutsche und polnische Beiträge in der Diskussion", Deutsches Polen-Institut und Ośrodek Studiów Wschodnich Warszawa, Brüssel, Belgien. Participant: Egbert Jahn: "Bestandsaufnahme der Situation in Rußland".

26-28 October 2006, "Vom Nutzen der Wissenschaften", Österreichischer Wissenschaftstag 2006, Semmering, Österreich. Participant: Egbert Jahn: "Frieden als Ergebnis von Lernprozessen aus der Geschichte".

16-18 November 2006, "'Rohstoffweltmacht' Rußland? ‚Exportweltmeister‘ Deutschland? Bestimmungsfaktoren für wirtschaftliche und politische Macht", 9. Tagung des Schönfelder Kreises, Kassel. Participant: Egbert Jahn: "Dekretierte und ausgehandelte Reformen des Föderalismus in Rußland und Deutschland".

27-28 November 2006, "Minderheiten in Europa", Zeitschrift OSTEUROPA in Kooperation mit der Hessischen Landeszentrale für politische Bildung, Fulda. Participant: Egbert Jahn: "Minderheiten in Europa. Ein Problemaufriß".

30 November 2006, "UN-lösbar? Von einem brüchigen Waffenstillstand zu einem nachhaltigen Frieden im Nahen Osten – Mögliche deutsche Beiträge und ihre Einordnung in den europäischen Ansatz", Fachkonferenz der Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung zum Nahostkonflikt im Lichte der Debatte um eine deutsche Beteiligung an UN-Friedenstruppen im Libanon, Berlin. Participant: Egbert Jahn: "Erfahrungen der Ostpolitik für einen deutschen Beitrag zur Entspannungspolitik im Nahen Osten".

Associated Projects Department B

Associated projects are concerned with issues that are not covered by existing Research Areas. The incorporation of such projects is intended to enrich the overall range of the Centre and to open new opportunities for further international cooperation.

Active projects in 2006

Bl.1 The Impact of the Comintern on the Western European Party System

Director(s): Hermann Weber
Researcher(s): Bernhard H. Bayerlein
Funding: BMI
Duration: 1999 to 2007
Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The German-Russians Historians' Commission, active since 1998, has designated the investigation of the Communist International (1919-1943) as one of its research foci. In this framework the influence of the Comintern (and

therefore also of Soviet foreign policy) on parliamentary systems in Western Europe will be examined in the Mannheim project with regard to the Communist parties ("sections" of the Comintern) in Germany, France, Belgium and the Netherlands during 1924–1927.

BI.2 Cooperation with the Institute for European Studies of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences

Director(s): Beate Kohler-Koch [Elmar Rieger (Universität Bremen), Berthold Rittberger]

Researcher(s): Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Fabrice Larat

Funding: EU

Duration: 2001 to 2008

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: The present focus of the long-standing research co-operation with the Institute of European Studies of the Academy of Social Sciences of China, Beijing is on the model character of the EU for regional integration in other parts of the world.

BI.3 Compatibility of Employment and Family in Metropolregion Rhein–Neckar

Director(s): Andreas M. Wüst

Researcher(s): Christian Stumpf

Funding: Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar, Stadt Heidelberg

Duration: 2006 to 2007

Status: ongoing

Research question/goal: For many years, political and non-political actors in the region have emphasized the need to make employment easier for young parents. Yet, what has been done? How effective are state and local policies as well as measures taken by the companies in the Rhein-Neckar region? The project tries to survey the status quo (2006) from the perspective of the companies in the region. Mail survey data is to shed light into achievements, obstacles and practical problems in making employment and parenthood compatible.

Publications 2006

Books

Weber, Hermann (2006): *Die DDR 1945–1990*. München: Oldenbourg Verlag.

Weber, Hermann and Gerda Weber (2006): *Leben nach dem "Prinzip links". Erinnerungen aus fünf Jahrzehnten*. Berlin: Links.

Articles in journals

Weber, Hermann (2006): Hotel Lux. Die deutsche kommunistische Emigration in Moskau. *Die politische Meinung*, 51, issue 10, pp. 55–61.

Chapters in books

Weber, Hermann (2006): Biographien deutscher Kommunisten. Pp. 133-146 in: Bruno Groppo, Berthold Unfried (Eds): *Gesichter in der Menge. Kollektivbiographische Forschungen*. Wien: Akademische Verlagsanstalt.

MZES working papers

Huan, Qingzhi (2006): *Europeanising Greens in an Evolving European Democracy : Roles and Limitations*. Arbeitspapiere - Mannheimer Zentrum für Europäische Sozialforschung, no. 96. Mannheim.

Papers / Reports

Wüst, Andreas M., Dieter Roth and Ina Bieber (2006): *Heidelberg-Studie 2006: Zur gesellschaftlichen Rolle von Frauen in Heidelberg*. Heidelberg-Studien; No. 5. Heidelberg. [Stadt Heidelberg.]

Conference Participation

23-25 March 2006, "How To Teach EU-Studies", European Studies Center, Beijing, China. Participants: Fabrice Larat, Tannelie Blom: "Linking European and EU Studies"/ "Demonstration of Teaching Method: Research Oriented Teaching".

24 March 2006, "European Studies Centres Programme", Beidaihe, China. Participant: Beate Kohler-Koch: "Implementing the Constitutional Treaty".

4 Infrastructure

The MZES infrastructure includes the Research Archive Eurodata, the Library, the unit Parties and Elections in Europe and the Computer Department. The Annual Report describes the main tasks of the different parts of the infrastructure as well as their activities and work results in the respective year.

Research Archive Eurodata

Eurodata's central task is the establishment and maintenance of an appropriate information infrastructure for comparative research on Europe and on European integration, carried out in the two research departments. Academic survey programmes with European orientation as well as official statistics are major sources for this specific type of research.

The Consortium of European Social Science Data Archives (CESSDA) provides well organised and continuously adapted services to researchers with respect to academic survey data. Concerning official statistics, however, the situation is less good. For many reasons, statistics provided by international organisations and the statistical office of the European Union (Eurostat) are insufficient for in depth research. *National* statistics remain indispensable for European research both at the macro and the micro level. However, in contrast to academic data collection programmes, infrastructural services coordinated across countries are absent in the field of official statistics. For this reason, the current focus of Eurodata is mainly on *official* statistics – at European, national and, limited in scope, sub-national level.

Key areas of activity are

- Provision of meta-information ('Information Archive');
- Provision of third-party statistical data ('Statistics Library');
- Establishment of European research databases;
- Provision of official microdata and related services for research at MZES.

The establishment of European research databases is achieved through participation of the archive staff in projects of the research departments (i.e. in research projects in the narrow sense) or in projects with infrastructural orientation (service projects). Close inter-connection between research and data infrastructure work is the major vehicle to keep in line the data infrastructure with the medium-term goals of the Centre.

It is a basic principle of the Centre to provide access to its information infrastructure not only to researchers of the MZES but, within legal constraints, as much as possible also to the scientific community at large. The holdings of the statistics library and the file archive can be searched via Internet and – with the exception of official microdata under contract – be used for bona-fide research within the prem-

ises of our institute. Own databases with tabular data and meta-information on official statistics (links to third-party information, own databases) are provided on the Internet for free use or through academic publications with attached CD ROMs (such as the historical data handbooks of the 'Societies of Europe' series).

Given the increasing availability of European official microdata at the national and the EU levels as well as their importance for research on Europe, the archive supports the use of such data through a variety of services (acquisition, documentation, cooperation in core research projects).

Research activities of the archive staff in projects with substantive research goals or infrastructural orientation are included in the activity report of Department A: 'The Societies of Europe Series', 'Public Services and Social Protection in Europe', 'The Development of a Socio-economic Classification (EseC)' and the EU-Networks 'Economic Change, Unequal Life-Chances and Quality of Life' (CHANGEQUAL) and 'Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion' (EQUALSOC).

Archive Maintenance, Internal Services and External Collaborations

a) Provision of meta-information: the Information Archive

The Information Archive provides a wide range of meta-information on official statistics in Europe. This is achieved through the publication of guide books on social statistics (the archive contributes regularly to the MZES/IZ series 'Europe in Comparison. A Series of Guidebooks for the Social Sciences'), the provision of links to certain information types provided by statistical offices via the Internet (the archive has established databases with selected and classified links of statistical offices which is searchable via the Internet), information on official social survey programmes and related documents on the Internet (the 'web-guide'), and an own documentation database (concepts, measures, access conditions) for a set of key surveys in Europe ('survey profile database'), searchable via the Internet. In 2006 all meta-databases have been updated. Updates were also made for the comprehensive meta-database on microdata used for research purposes within the MZES.

A further expansion (cf. section e below) will be achieved as a result of the international cooperation on data issues in the project EQUALSOC.

b) Provision of third party statistical data: the Statistics Library

The archive provides publications (in print and in electronic form) as well as computerised aggregate data (offline and online) of official statistical offices. Acquisitions are made in clearly defined fields that have been acknowledged by the (internal and external) boards of the Centre. Cataloguing and adaptation of organisational procedures is carried out in close cooperation between the staff of the archive, librarians of the MZES 'Europe Library' and the staff of the Computer Department. Since 2005

the entire stocks are integrated in the catalogue of the MZES-Library (cf. "Library" below).

Acquisition of statistical publications

The statistics library specialises in keeping official statistics at the European, national and sub-national levels. Its holdings comprise yearbooks, bulletins, subject matter series with a strong emphasis on social statistics (including parliamentary elections results), censuses of population and establishments, and methodological publications, usually since the late 80s. Initially, its geographic focus was on Western Europe, Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic, and Slovakia. In 2002, it was expanded to cover also publications on the Baltic States, and, from 2005, on Romania, Bulgaria, Albania, Croatia, Macedonia, Serbia and Montenegro, Bosnia-Herzegovina, and Turkey. Concerning population census results and statistical yearbooks, holdings comprise all of Europe since the late 19th century.

As in previous years, the statistics library holdings have been updated in 2006 and now include volumes and data files of the 2000 census round published so far. The share of electronic resources (publications, databases) has again risen strongly. An ever increasing number of countries no longer disseminate their publications on a commercial basis, but on the Internet for free. So far, however, no clear archiving policies have emerged on the part of the statistical agencies. To keep our holdings complete and independent of the data providers' IT-strategies, we download such electronic publications. Since 2004, and with the support of our Computer Department, *internal* users can access these publications via their desktop in a user-friendly way. In 2006, a total of about 8,000 titles were acquired.

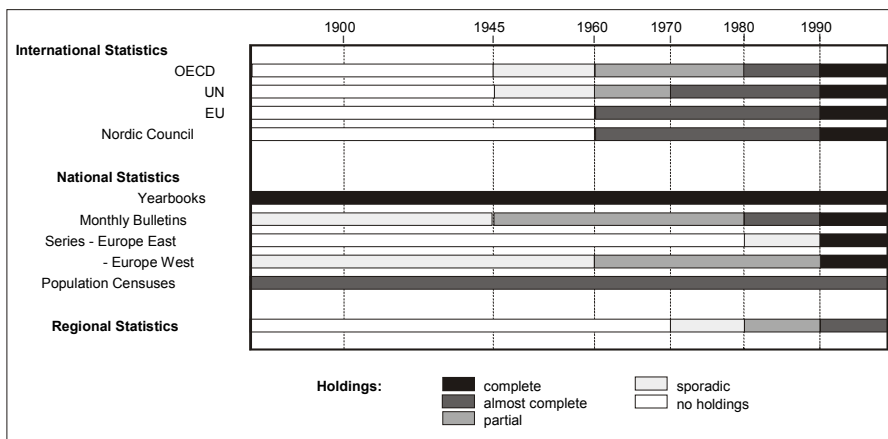
Acquisition of computerised aggregate time-series data

Data are mainly aggregate statistics at the national and (to a limited degree) also the sub-national levels. Collections include also digitised maps at the sub-national level for computer cartography (for the production of thematic maps).

The dissemination of aggregate statistics is in flux. More and more statistical offices provide time series data on various subject matters on CD. Increasingly, online access via the Internet is granted, and these offices are about to integrate meta-information and data. In more and more countries access to tabular data is granted for free or at low cost. (Integration of meta-information is, however, still lacking in many countries.) The archive documents these developments and updates its collections in regular intervals. All acquisitions of machine-readable files and online databases subject to fees are catalogued and can easily be searched via the Internet catalogue of the MZES. With respect to free online databases, a list with links is available at the homepage of the MZES (section 'Data'). As in previous years, databases have been updated and extended in 2006. Where not yet available for free, the Eurodata archive until recently maintained subscriptions to such databases only for internal use at the MZES. In the meantime, however, a fruitful cooperation has

emerged with the Central Library, aiming at joint financing of campus licenses with respect to databases of interest to both sides. The most prominent example in 2006 was the joint financing of a campus license for 'SourceOecd', which offers online-access to all publications and databases of the OECD.

Structure and coverage of the Statistics Library



Catalogue and accessibility

All holdings (publications as well as aggregate time-series data) can be searched in various ways via the Internet in the integrated local catalogue of the MZES library. With the switch to new library software, publications and off-line databases of the statistics library are online since 2004. Considering *electronic* publications, MZES members can access all electronic subject-matter publications and classifications from their desktop, except for CD-ROMs. For easy navigation, the electronic library uses the same classification system as the print library. Holdings can be searched via the MZES OPAC in a very flexible way using various substantive search categories in addition to bibliographic information. All titles have been translated into English, whenever official parallel titles were missing. For legal reasons, external users cannot be allowed access the electronic sources. However, they nevertheless can benefit from the statistics library, as advanced search facilities of the MZES OPAC allow them to easily retrieve bibliographic information on statistics publications all over Europe for subsequent searches of full-text documents via search machines. Concerning databases on the Internet, internal users can access them directly via our Internet page 'Guide to official statistics databases'. This page includes also a selection of Internet databases which are accessible free of charge (and hence are not included in our library catalogue). The page is periodically updated.

Prospect

In view of the upcoming move of the Centre to the building of the Faculty of Social Sciences and the European Documentation Centre, we started in 2006 a new co-operation with the relevant libraries to adjust our acquisition profiles in the field of statistics to the new conditions and possibilities. In 2006, agreements could be reached with the libraries of the Department of Social Sciences and the Department of Economics and Law. Agreements with the Central Library so far are limited to joint financing of online databases, but should be extended to adaptations of acquisition profiles in the field of official statistics in early 2007.

c) Establishment of European research databases

One of the main tasks of the archive relates to the establishment of European research databases. Within the *Societies of Europe* project, European research databases with long time-series have been established on 'Trade Unions', 'Elections', and 'Population' (Vol. 1, 1870-1950; Vol. 2, 1950-2000). The manuscript for a historical data handbook on the 'Territorial Structure of Europe' was submitted in 2005 to the publisher and will appear in 2007. This book covers the development of systems of territorial government since late 19th century. It includes GIS-based computer maps and a related database. It is the outcome of an international cooperation. Furthermore, the database on 'Results of parliamentary elections at constituency level' has been updated. The database which is closely related to the historical handbook on 'Elections in Western Europe' also contains data on presidential elections since 2005.

In 2006, the archive continued cooperation with the international ESeC project (cf. page 34, research area A2) in order to contribute to the establishment of a 'European Socio-economic Classification'. We expect that in the context of improved accessibility of official micro-data for research purposes, the establishment of user-friendly micro-databases along with databases on institutional information will become more and more important.

d) Provision of official microdata for research and related services

The archive supports the acquisition of science-based and, above all, of official micro data, provides easy-to-use documentation services (currently limited to internal use) and contributes to ex-post improvements in comparability through cooperation with research projects of the MZES. The archive is responsible for maintaining proper data protection measures, manages the administration of contracts with data suppliers, and increasingly coordinates the acquisition of official micro-data within the University. Furthermore, the archive regularly observes and reports on changes in access conditions to official micro data in Europe.

In view of increasing accessibility of (national as well as European) official micro data and their relevance for core projects of the MZES, in 2002 the archive has started to strengthen and expand its support for micro data based research at the

institute. The new services include the establishment of meta-databases for easy-to-use documentation of (national) labour force surveys currently licensed to the MZES. The documentation service, available on the Internet for internal users, allows the retrieval of meta-information from the MZES meta-database in a way which allows direct comparisons of concepts, definitions and measurements between different surveys. These services have been expanded, when the statistical office of the European Union (EUROSTAT) finally delivered the European Labour Force Survey (EU-LFS) 1983-2004 to the MZES in the summer of 2006.

The archive acts as central administrator of the EU-LFS and other data resources from the European Commission for the University of Mannheim and has taken the responsibility for the construction of a concise database (comprising more than 900 individual data files) and the proper documentation of this project. In 2006, the Eurodata generated files in SPSS, STATA, and SAS from the raw data, improved the data documentation, and did extensive data checking. Furthermore, the archive completed development of basic tools for documentation and access control of the highly complex micro-data of the European Labour Force Survey. Documentations on the appropriate uses of the data, its pitfalls and shortcomings – especially the EU Household Panel (ECHP) and the EU Labour Force Survey – have been compiled and are to be published soon. The data from the European Commission comes along with many peculiarities for each country/year file, demanding a thorough understanding of each data file. These exceptions are often poorly documented in the data files provided by the EU. The accumulation of this knowledge is of great value for the research institute as it saves time and resources.

Moreover, demand for project support with respect to the use of micro-data continued to grow in 2006. Counselling was offered for projects like ESeC, the VFA-Report, and other projects with the aim of creating ready-to-use research files (particularly the linking of data on individuals with the respective households). Increasingly time was also devoted to the counselling of individual researchers working with official large-scale micro-data, particularly the ECHP, and national Labour Force Surveys. More support was also required, however, for using European-wide academic surveys, such as ISSP and European Value Survey or even the Eurobarometer.

The accumulation of competence with respect to national and international classifications – particularly the mapping of national classifications to international standards (such as ISCED, ISCO88, NACE and NUTS) – and the implementation of research classifications (such as CASMIN, EGP and ESeC), gained so far in project cooperation, is a highly valuable asset for the MZES.

Concerning acquisition of new micro-data, the archive ordered the 2005 update of the ELFS files and the newly available micro-data of the EU 'Survey of Income and Living Conditions' (SILC), the successor of the ECHP. These files will probably be delivered in January 2007. In addition to these EU files, a number of public use micro-data

files of the 2001 census round were acquired and similar work was carried out as in the case of the EU-LFS files.

e) Internal standard services

The archive continued to providing routine internal services in the form of introductions to the archive, user guides, counselling with respect to specific sources and advising on issues of comparability issues, and support in computer-based mapping. Work with respect to the 'Eurodata Newsletter' (available in print form and on Internet), which was temporarily interrupted, has been resumed again. As the MZES has now decided to publish a Newsletter for the entire institute, the Eurodata Newsletter will be integrated into the MZES-Newsletter, appearing the first time in 2007.

f) Cooperation with other research institutes

The archive collaborates closely with domestic as well as foreign data resource centres and participates occasionally in external expert groups.

Cooperation with domestic institutes

The archive has a long-standing cooperation with the Zentrum für Umfragen, Methoden und Analysen (ZUMA, Mannheim). This cooperation comprises work in the field of social reporting and the monitoring of access conditions to official micro data in Europe. As both ZUMA and MZES acquired the cumulative European Labour Force Survey, we agreed to cooperate in this field.

Cooperation with foreign institutes

Since many years, the archive closely cooperates with the Norwegian data archive (NSD). The cooperation with NSD concerns the establishment of an infrastructure for comparative research on regions. In 2002, a new cooperation was started with the University of Lleida (Spain) to establish a collection of GIS-based European-wide digital maps on administrative boundaries at the sub-national level. This cooperation was extended in 2005 to the Technische Fachhochschule Berlin (unit for computer cartography). In addition, the archive collaborates with the UK Data Archive and other members of the Consortium of European Data Archives. This collaboration concerns mainly the establishment of a European documentation system on official statistics and is limited to occasional participation in expert-groups.

The archive participates also in the data committee of the EU-financed project 'Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion' (EQUALSOC) (cf. research department A). Within this network, access to large-scale European microdata, proper accessibility, and meta-information on concepts and measurements will be of great importance. We regard this as just the first step towards an international effort for supporting research with large-scale microdata.

Library

Introduction

The library of the Mannheim Centre consists of the Europe Library and the Information Archive on Textual Sources (*Quellen-Informationsarchiv*, QUIA). The Europe Library is collecting literature and information on textual sources in the field of comparative European integration research and on individual European countries. The collection is built up according to the library long-term plan of 1990 (supplemented in 1995).

The MZES-Library is a public reference library, open to the researchers of the institute as well as to external readers. The collection contains at present 55,463 media (i.e. 47,992 monographs and 7,471 journals/series). The entire MZES collection has been integrated into the Union Catalogue of the South West German Library Consortium (*Südwestdeutscher Bibliotheksverbund*, SWB). In the reported year 36 per cent of our added titles were catalogued by our librarians, because the MZES was the first library in the SWB owning these titles. The library holdings can be accessed online using our recently implemented MZES OPAC which offers a lot of search alternatives, for example the MZES thesaurus search. Access is also possible by using the online catalogue of the University of Mannheim. In 2006, the SWB substituted its software katwin for CBS4 from OCLC PICA.

Besides the University Library the MZES-Library is the only one on the campus using an integrated processing (acquisition, periodicals, circulation, and accounting). More than 34,000 media items are now provided with barcode labels. Especially the introduction of the new circulation system has been a great benefit for the users and the library staff as well. In 2006, the library had 4,194 users. The loans increased from 4,445 in 2005 to 5,193 books. The Europe library also takes part in the inter-library loan via the university library. This year 59 times books or copies were supplied for other libraries (2005: 46 times).

Europe Library

In 2006 there has been an increase of 1,550 titles (acquisitions, gifts and exchange).

The Europe Library subscribes to about 130 journals in the MZES-library languages (German, English, French, Italian and Spanish) and about 50 periodicals in East European languages. In addition, there is an extensive collection of newsletters/annual reports (about 120) and working papers (8,918) from domestic and foreign research institutes.

The collection of the Europe Library is classified as shown in the following table.

Country studies (focus of collection)	11,864	cf. 5.3, Table 1
Country studies (project related / reference countries)	3,441	cf. 5.3, Table 2
European integration group (E.A.)	3,118	cf. 5.3, Table 3
THEO (theory)	930	
MET (methods)	578	
RF (reference books)	615	
ALLG (general group)	2,027	cf. 5.3, Table 4
EU (official publications of the European Union)	415	
ILO (International Labour Office)	480	
Working papers	8,918	
FS,GEN,NLT,RI (Foundations, Newsletters, Research Institutes)	504	
Total	32,890	

Project related and reference country studies focus mainly on East European countries and Russia, respectively the USA, Canada, Australia and New Zealand (cf. 5.3, Table 2). The exact amount of titles is shown in the corresponding tables in the appendix.

Working papers

Working papers are obtained through exchange with domestic and foreign research institutes, among others, the European University Institute (Florence), CEPS/INSTEAD (Luxembourg), Institut de Ciències Polítiques i Socials (Barcelona), Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin für Sozialforschung, Sociologický ústav AV ČR / Institute of Sociology, ASCR (Prague).

Actually the library holds 8,918 (2005: 8,731) working papers, of which about 3,200 are edited by supranational institutions. The majority is published by research institutes from 23 countries. In the future the working paper collection will not increase to the same extent because more and more research institutes publish them only online.

Information Archive on Textual Sources (Quellen-Informationsarchiv, QUIA)

This archive comprises a part of the MZES-Library and provides (meta-)information on textual sources for comparative research on Europe and the problems of European integration. Its main tasks are:

- Maintenance of a reference library

QUIA has established a reference library providing information with regard to textual sources as well as organisations and institutions which produce, archive, publish and distribute relevant texts. By the end of 2006 the reference library contained about 1,100 titles from 28 countries and 370 titles edited by supranational institutions.

- Research documentation

The archive is responsible for the documentation of publications resulting from research carried out at the MZES. The task is to collect a copy of all publications of MZES researchers which appeared in journals and edited books since the early 1990s. Up to now 1,067 printed items out of 1,289 articles and book chapters listed in the MZES publication database were made available.

Parties and Elections in Europe

This unit of the MZES Infrastructure, run by PD Dr. Hermann Schmitt, concentrates on providing empirical information on the relationship between political parties and voters in the European Union, with a deliberate focus on the politics of European integration.

Activities in 2006 concentrated on further preparation of the Comparative Candidate Survey, and the finalisation of the questionnaire of the 3rd wave of the Comparative Study of Electoral Systems (CSES III). In addition, two data sets were finalised and released to the scholarly community: that of the Euromanifestos project and that of the European Election Study 2004. The Continuation Guide of the EES – 1989 to 2004 – was also advanced.

The Comparative Candidate Survey. Together with T. Gschwend, A. Wüst, and T. Zittel, Schmitt prepared an application for funding of the Inaugural Conference of the Comparative Candidate Survey. This application was submitted to the Thyssen Foundation. Thyssen decided to spend up to 16,500 Euros on this conference. While the actual meeting was organised in October 2006, the recruiting of potential collaborators for this project continued over the entire year – and still goes on. The latest addition to the list of national study directors is a Greek colleague from Thessaloniki (letter of interest received in January 2007). The conference was a stunning success. Some 30 participants from 25 countries agreed on a questionnaire while requesting minor revisions. Necessary additions were identified and members of the research group who would take care of them were identified.

The Comparative Study of Electoral Systems. A questionnaire finalisation conference was convened in Seville, Spain, in March 2006. A pilot report on the German and Polish Pilot study was presented by Schmitt and Wessels (WZB Berlin). The pro-

posed questionnaire was adopted with minor revisions and is now fielded in a number of countries [the target is 35 plus national election studies].

The EES 2004 data. The 2004 European Election Study was conducted in 24 of the 25 member countries of the EU. The data were proof-read, documented, harmonised, and integrated. In 2006, further harmonisation tasks were conducted, in particular regarding the open-ended agenda question. These data have now (January 1, 2007) been made available for comparative analyses for the scientific community at large.

In addition, the integration of the data files of the European Election Studies 1989, 1994, 1999, and 2004 has been going on. This project is being pursued together with Cees van der Eijk and Michael Marsh, with the support of the CONNEX network of excellence. The person in charge of the operational aspects is Slava Mikaylow at Trinity College, Dublin.

The Euromanifestos Data. Last but not least, the data set of the Euromanifestos project has been finalised during the year 2006. Macro data like election results have been verified and corrected, party identities were checked, known errors were eliminated, and the data were given to the Central Archive and thus made publicly available on January 1, 2007.

Computer Department

According to the HBFG-application (German law governing the funding of university equipment) the government of Baden-Württemberg granted the necessary financial resources to renew the computing infrastructure for the researchers at the MZES. A final selection of hardware was made in September. Two new servers with a Raid Disk Array, LTO Autoloader and USV systems, 66 PCs with LCD-Monitor, two Notebooks and 4 Laser Printers (one with colour) were ordered and delivered in December. The WWW server was switched to the new server in December. The installation and configuration of the rest of the new hardware will be done early in 2007.

The computer department was very much involved in the planning and realization of the institute's move to the new building in A5.

The management of the computing infrastructure and providing assistance to its users constitute the main activities of the department. The corresponding services are listed below.

Services

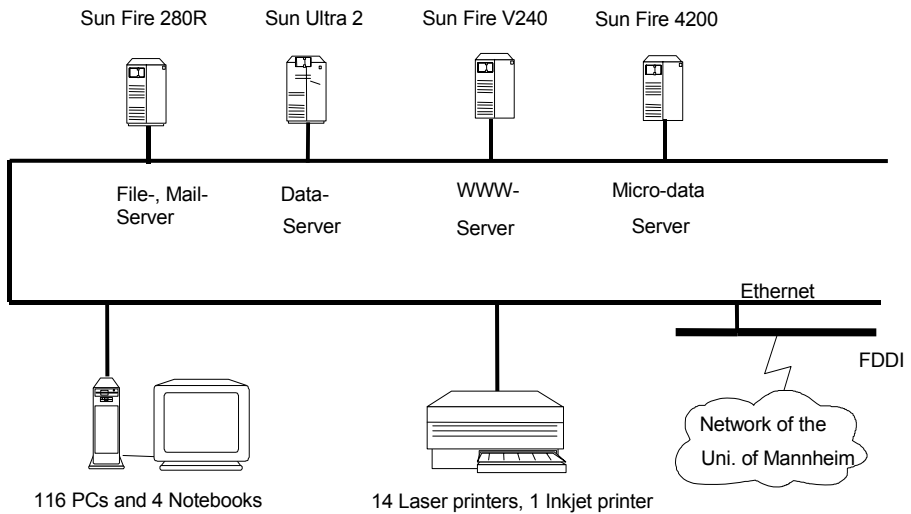
Among other special tasks there are services which must be conducted continuously over the year. These are:

- Administration of servers and network printers. This means for example supervising the running systems and managing user accounts.
- Network administration: Managing the network addresses, installing and configuring network software and fixing network problems (if necessary in cooperation with the computing centre of the university).
- Administration of a central backup system (file archiving, file retrieval, media management).
- Administration of the PCs and peripheral: Configuring new PCs, installing new software or upgrading programmes with new releases, support using scanners, CD writers and other special equipment.
- Virus check and security patches: Managing a server to provide all PCs with the latest virus definition updates, installing security patches on PCs and servers.
- Management and development of a web server: creating HTML pages, CGI-programming for data base retrievals.
- Intranet Management: Conducting the MZES internal data and document management (file archive data in cooperation with Eurodata).
- Trouble-shooting: Diagnosing defective devices, having them repaired or ordering replacement parts and repairing the PCs.
- Computing training: We offer training courses for standard software.
- Literature about Software used at the MZES (small EDP-library with about 800 books).
- Care for MZES-Library: Installing and managing library software [i3v-library, WinIBW, allegro (internet opac)]; doing special database retrievals.

Hardware

The following configuration sketch shows the state of the hardware effective in December 2006 and the connection to the network of the University of Mannheim. The new hardware was bought in December, but not yet finally installed, is not included in this figure.

Besides the hardware acquisition paid from the specific funds mentioned above, the MZES bought a Sun Fire X4200 server with Stata-MP licences for Micro-Data analysis. Besides this one Notebook was replaced and two printers for administrative staff were bought in 2006.



Software

The following programmes were acquired, updated or extended: Endnote, Hummingbird Connectivity 2006, Microsoft Proofing Tools, Microsoft Windows XP, Stata, UCINET and WinEdt.

5 Appendix

5.1 MZES staff

The following table gives an overview of the staff working at the institute at December 31, 2006 and of staff members who left the institute during the year. It informs about the Department a person belongs/belonged to, as well as her or his integration into research projects or other functions of the institute. The funding source of each post is indicated in the last column.

Staff members having left the institute at the end of 2005 or during 2006 are marked with an asterisk *.

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Abendschön, Simone	Dept. B	Learning to Live Democracy	DFG
Alle, Marlene	Infrastructure	Computer Department (Head)	MZES
Altides, Christina	Dept. B	Making EU Politics Public. A Comparative Analysis of the Communication Policies of European Supranational Organizations	Landesgraduiertenförderung Baden-Württemberg
Arndt, Frank	Dept. B	Intergovernmental Negotiations. Comparative Dynamic Simulations	MZES Young Scholars Programme
Babajew, Aser	Dept. B	Transformation of the Political System in Azerbaijan	Konrad-Adenauer-Stiftung
Baranowska, Anna	Dept. A	Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe	Volkswagen Stiftung
Bauer, Gerrit	Dept. A	Homogamy and Fertility – The Impact of Partnership Context on Family Formation	MZES
Bayerlein, Bernhard Dr.	Dept. B	The Impact of the Comintern on the Western European Party System	Federal Ministry of the Interior
Becker, Birgit	Dept. A	Preschool Education and Educational Careers among Migrant Children	DFG
Becker, Edda	Infrastructure	Secretary	MZES

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Berger, Johannes Prof.Dr.*	Dept. A	Project Director, research area A1	Emeritus
Biedinger, Nicole	Dept. A	Preschool Education and Educational Careers among Migrant Children	DFG
Binder, Martin	Dept. B	Formal and Informal Organization of the Governments in the EU-15: Description and Effects on the Decision-making Process	Konrad-Adenauer-Stiftung
Blank, Verena	Dept. A	Social consequences of unemployment	MZES
Brüderl, Josef Prof.Dr.	Dept. A	Responsible for research area A3 / Project Director (A3)	Faculty of Social Sciences
Bürgin, Alexander	Dept. B	Constitutional Politics in the European Union: Parliamentarization and the Institutionalization of Human Rights	Thyssen Stiftung
Castiglioni, Laura Dr.	Dept. A	Panel Study on Family Dynamics	DFG
Christoph, Bernhard *	Dept. A	The Acceptance of the Welfare State	Thyssen Stiftung / MZES
De Bièvre, Dirk Prof.Dr. *	Dept. B	Project Director & researcher, research area B3	Volkswagen Stiftung
Deth, Jan W. van Prof.Dr.	Dept. B	Responsible for research area B1 / Project Director (B1 and B2)	Faculty of Social Sciences
Dollmann, Jörg	Dept. A	Educational Decisions in Immigrant Families	DFG
Dragicevic, Mario *	Dept. B	On the Relationship of Peacebuilding and Nationbuilding in Bosnia and Herzegovina	Landesgraduiertenförderung Baden-Württemberg
Ebbinghaus, Bernhard Prof.Dr.	Dept. A	Head of Department / Responsible for research area A1 / Project Director (A1 and A2)	Faculty of Social Sciences
Eberle, Sibylle	Directorate	Secretary	MZES

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Edler-Wollstein, Stefanie	Dept. B	Book editing project (CONNEX)	MZES
Esser, Hartmut Prof.Dr.	Dept. A	Project Director, research area A3	Faculty of Social Sciences
Finke, Barbara Dr.	Dept. B	Democratic Legitimacy via Civil Society Involvement? The Role of the European Commission / CONNEX	MZES / EU
Frings, Rebecca *	Dept. A	Educational Decisions in Immigrant Families	DFG
Gahramanova, Aytan *	Dept. B	The Role of International Peacebuilding for Democratic Nationbuilding in Azerbaijan	MZES
Ganghof, Steffen Juniorprof. Dr.	Dept. B	Project Director, research area B2	MZES
Gangl, Markus Prof.Dr.	Dept. A	Responsible for research area A2 / Project Director (A2)	Faculty of Social Sciences
Gebel, Michael	Dept. A	Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe	Volkswagen Stiftung
Gschwend, Thomas Ph.D.	Dept. B	Project Director, research areas B1, B2 and B3	MZES
Hausen, Cornelia *	Dept. A	The Development of a European Socio-economic Classification (ESeC)	EU
Herrmann, Michael	Dept. B	A Unified Model of Voting in Different Institutional Contexts	MZES
Hess, Josiane	Directorate	Secretary	MZES
Hollermeier, Nikolaus	Directorate	Public Relations	University of Mannheim
Horr, Andreas	Dept. A	Preparatory work on a new project	MZES

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Hüller, Thorsten Dr.	Dept. B	Democratic Legitimacy via Civil Society Involvement? The Role of the European Commission	DFG
Jacob, Marita Juniorprof. Dr.	Dept. A	Project Director, research area A2	Faculty of Social Sciences
Jahn, Egbert Prof.Dr.	Dept. B	Responsible for research area B4 / Project Director (B4)	Emeritus
Jucknat, Kim *	Dept. B	International Summer Academy on Political Consulting and Strategic Campaign Communication	Volkswagen Stiftung
Jungblut, Jean-Marie	Infrastructure	Data Archive Eurodata (Service and research)	MZES
Kneip, Thorsten	Dept. A	Social Embeddedness and Partnership Relations	DFG
Kogan, Irena Dr.	Dept. A	Project Director & researcher, research areas A2 and A3	MZES
Kohler-Koch, Beate Prof.Dr.	Dept. B	Head of Department (until 9/06) / Responsible for research area B3 / Project Director (B3)	Faculty of Social Sciences
Kraus, Franz	Infrastructure	Data Archive Eurodata (Head) Project Director, research area A2	MZES
Krieger, Ulrich	Dept. A	Panel Study on Family Dynamics	DFG
Larat, Fabrice Dr.	Dept. B	CONNEX Network Manager	EU / MZES
Lederle, Daniel *	Dept. B	Comparative Analysis of Party Platforms for the European Election	DFG
Linhart, Eric Dr.	Dept. B	Government Formation as an Optimal Combination of the Office- and Policy-Motivation of Parties.	MZES
Matuschek, Peter	Dept. B	Euro-Parties and the Politics of New Member States	MZES

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Melbeck, Christian Dr.	Infrastructure	Computer Department / Project Director, research area B3	MZES
Miller, Bernhard	Dept. B	Coalition Conflict and Intra-Party Politics / Ideology and Activism of Green Party Members in Western Europ	MZES
Mischke, Monika	Dept. A	Attitudes Towards Welfare State Institutions: New Perspectives for the Comparative Welfare State Analysis	DFG
Müller, Walter Prof.Dr., Dr. h.c. mult.	Dept. A	Project Director, research area A2	Faculty of Social Sciences
Müller, Wolfgang C. Prof.Dr.	Dept. B	Director MZES / Responsible for research area B2 / Project Director (B2)	Faculty of Social Sciences
Nickel, Constanze	Dept. B	Secretary	MZES
Noelke, Clemens	Dept. A	Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe	Volkswagen Stiftung
Pappi, Franz Urban Prof.Dr.	Dept. B	Head of Department (as of 9/06) / Project Director, research areas B1, B2 and B3	Faculty of Social Sciences
Pfeifer, Michaela	Dept. A	European System of Welfare State Indicators (EUWI): Political, Social and Institutional Change in Comparison	MZES
Pfarr, Klaus	Dept. A	Panel Study on Family Dynamics	DFG
Preuss, Andrijana	Dept. B	European and Other International Peacebuilding Activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina	MZES
Pütz, Christine Dr. *	Dept. B	Parties and Democracy in the European Union: Euro-Parties as New Democratic Intermediaries?	DFG / MZES

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Quittkat, Christine Dr.	Dept. B	Democratic Legitimacy via Civil Society Involvement? The Role of the European Commission / CONNEX	DFG / EU
Reimer, David	Dept. A	Social Selectivity in Tertiary Education and Labour Market and Stratification Outcomes	MZES / DFG
Reiss, Brigitte	Infrastructure	Data Archive Eurodata (Librarian)	MZES
Römmele, Andrea Prof.Dr.*	Dept. B	Project Director Et researcher, research areas B2 and B3	VW-Stiftung
Rossi, Beate	Dept. A	Secretary	MZES
Roßteutscher, Sigrid PD Dr.	Dept. B	Project Director Et researcher, research area B1	Faculty of Social Sciences
Rothenbacher, Franz Dr.	Infrastructure	Data Archive Eurodata / Project Director, research areas A1 and A3	MZES
Schäfer, Julia Dr. *	Dept. B	European Identity and Young People's Participation in School and Local (Social) Contexts	MZES
Schindler, Steffen	Dept. A	Network of Excellence "Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion" (EQUALSOC) / Social Selectivity in Tertiary Education and Labour Market and Stratification Outcomes	EU / MZES
Schmitt, Hermann PD Dr.	Infrastructure	Parties and elections in Europe / Project Director, research areas B2 and B3	MZES
Schneider, Marianne	Infrastructure	Data Archive Eurodata Secretary	MZES
	Dept. A	Secretary	
Schneider, Reinhart Dr.	Directorate	Managing Director	MZES
Schneider, Thomas	Dept. B	CONNEX / IT Manager	EU

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Schröder, Jette	Dept. A	The Pluralisation of Living Arrangements and Family Forms	Landesstiftung Baden-Württemberg
Schulze, Isabelle	Dept. A	Governance of Supplementary Pensions in Europe: The Varying Scope for Participatory and Social Rights	MZES
Schwenger, Hermann	Infrastructure	Library (Head)	MZES
Shikano, Susumu Dr.	Dept. B	Project Director & researcher, research area B1	Faculty of Social Sciences
Stecker, Christian	Dept. B	Majority Rule and Parliamentary Behaviour	MZES
Stegmann, Christine	Dept. B	Secretary	MZES
Steinmetz, Stephanie	Dept. A	Women's Labour Market Participation and Sex-specific Occupational Segregation in Europe / Young Immigrants in the German and Israeli Educational Systems	MZES Young Scholars Programme / BMBF
Stumpf, Christian	Dept. B	Compatibility of Employment and Family in Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar	Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar / City of Heidelberg
Tausendpfund, Markus	Dept. B	Preparatory work on a new project	MZES
Thiem, Janina	Dept. B	Party group cohesion in the European Parliament	MZES Young Scholars Programme
Turner, Paul W. PD Dr.	Dept. B	Project Director, research area B2	Faculty of Social Sciences / MZES
Vollmar, Meike	Dept. B	Learning to Live Democracy	DFG / MZES / Landesgraduiertenförderung Baden-Württemberg
Ullrich, Carsten G. Dr. *	Dept. A	Project Director, research area A1	Faculty of Social Sciences
Weber, Hermann Prof.Dr. Dr. h.c.	Dept. B	Project Director, Associated projects	Emeritus

Name	Sector	Function / Research Project	Funding Source
Weiss, Felix	Dept. A	Social inequality in educational careers of young adults in Europe	MZES
WeiB, Sabine	Infrastructure	Library (Librarian)	MZES
Wendt, Claus Dr.	Dept. A	Project Director	MZES
Wilde, Kerstin *	Dept. B	Democratic Legitimacy via Civil Society Involvement? The Role of the European Commission	MZES
Wonka, Arndt	Dept. B	The European Commission: Controlled Agent or Uncontrolled Bureaucracy?	MZES Young Scholars Programme
Wozniak, Helena	Infrastructure	Library (Secretary)	MZES
Wüst, Andreas M. Dr.	Dept. B	Project Director & researcher, research areas B1 and B2	DFG / MZES
Ziefle, Andrea	Dept. A	Human Capital Effects of the Welfare State: Institutional Resources, Work Histories and Social Inequality (HCE)	DFG
Zittel, Thomas Dr. *	Dept. B	Project Director & researcher, research areas B1 and B2	DFG / Thyssen Stiftung
Zmerli, Sonja Dr. *	Dept. B	Citizenship, Involvement, Democracy: An International Comparison	MZES / Böckler-Stiftung

5.2 Project funding

a) External funding received

The following documents the research progress in terms of external funding received. In 2005 and 2006 a total of 21 new research projects were granted external funding. Moreover, several additional grants for ongoing projects, conferences and summer schools were received. External funding totalled approximately 1.3 million EUR in 2005 and 3.8 million EUR in 2006. During this period, the German Research Foundation (DFG) funded 10 new projects, followed by the European Commission with 3.

According to the logic of the Research Programme, it is not possible to initiate the same number of new projects every year, which explains the annual fluctuations in external funding received. The total of external funding received in the fourteen-year period from 1993 to 2006 was 21.39 million EUR, thus the MZES received an average of approximately 1.52 million EUR in external funding each year.

The following table provides a more detailed breakdown of the external funds received in the period 2004 to 2006. Funding for personnel costs is calculated using standard formulas (e.g. the DFG guidelines for estimating personnel costs in the current year). A project's total external funding is given under the year in which the proposal was approved (in six cases ongoing projects received further grants).

Projects receiving external funding	2004 EURO	2005 EURO	2006 EURO
Department A			
Social Capital and the Dynamics of Transnational Migration (Polish Migration Project)	169.398		
The Development of a European Socio-economic Classification (ESeC)	72.959		
Panel Study on Family Dynamics (I + II)	241.082		287.200
Social Embeddedness and Partnership Relations	82.662		
Protestantism and Welfare State Reform: New Forms of Social Work in Western Europe	100.312		
Educational Decisions in Immigrant Families (II)	376.446		
Human Capital Effects of the Welfare State: Institutional Resources, Work Histories, and Social Inequality		80.216	
Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion (EQUALSOC)		27.700	70.056
Varieties of Social Governance in Europe. Distribution of Responsibility: Germany			25.000
Attitudes Towards Welfare State Institutions: New Perspectives for the Comparative Welfare State Analysis			228.550

Projects receiving external funding (contd.)	2004 EURO	2005 EURO	2006 EURO
Social Selectivity in Tertiary Education and Labour Market and Stratification Outcomes			318.650
The Flexibilization of European Labour Markets: Incidence and Consequences of Atypical Employment			65.000
Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe			378.200
Preschool Education and Educational Careers among Migrant Children			511.920
Educational Aspirations and Reference Groups			371.400
Young Immigrants in the German and Israeli Educational Systems			348.774
VFA-Report Quality of Life in Germany 2006			47.500
Summer School "Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Europe"			23.569
Additional grants for various purposes		500	
Department B			
Comparative Analysis of Party Platforms for the European Election (II)	184.573		
Society and Democracy in Europe. German Part of the Project "European Social Survey" (ESS)	657.949	694.251	
Efficient and Democratic Governance in a Multi-level Europe (CONNEX)	1.100.000		
Institutional Structures of European Health Care Systems: An Institutional-economic Typology	84.700		
Constitutional Politics in the European Union: Parliamentarization and the Institutionalization of Human Rights	110.400		
International Summer School on Political Consulting and Strategic Campaign Communications	40.000		43.000
Integrated and United: A Quest for a Citizenship in an Ever Closer Europe (IntUne)		73.350	
Democratic Legitimacy via Civil Society Involvement? The Role of the European Commission		282.340	
The Impact of the Comintern on the Western European Party System	46.500	53.966	48.520
Personal Campaign Strategies and Political Representation		15.000	16.000
Internet Connected EU Research (IConnectEU)		63.600	61.560
Expectation Formation and Electoral Decision-Making			292.400
Learning to Live Democracy (LLD) (II)			44.050
A Unified Model of Voting in Different Institutional Contexts			67.800
Migrants as Political Actors			400.000
The Importance of Regional Networks for the Success of EU Rural Development Programmes			31.800

Projects receiving external funding (contd.)	2004 EURO	2005 EURO	2006 EURO
Cooperation with the Institute for European Studies of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences			52.000
Compatibility of Employment and Family in Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar			27.500
Advanced Political Network Modelling (Conference)			15.280
Additional grants for various purposes		18.621	
Total Dept. A and Dept. B	3.266.981	1.309.544	3.775.729

b) Newly funded projects and project proposals

The chronologically ordered list contains the names of project directors and projects funded in 2006 as well as new project proposals which have been submitted to funding institutions.

	Newly funded projects in 2006	Funding institution
(1)	A3.4 Bildungsaspirationen und Bezugsgruppen (Educational Aspirations and Reference Groups) Hartmut Esser	DFG
(2)	B1.7 Erwartungsbildung und Wahlentscheidung (Expectation Formation and Electoral Decision-Making) Franz U. Pappi, Thomas Gschwend	DFG
(3)	A3.5 Erwerb von sprachlichen und kulturellen Kompetenzen von Migrantenkindern in der Vorschulzeit (Preschool Education and Educational Careers among Migrant Children) Hartmut Esser	DFG
(4)	B3.16 Die Bedeutung regionaler Netzwerke für den Erfolg ländlicher Entwicklungsprojekte der EU (The Importance of Regional Networks for the Success of EU Rural Development Programmes) Franz U. Pappi, Christian Melbeck	EU

Newly funded projects in 2006		Funding institution
(5)	A3.9 Junge Migranten im deutschen und israelischen Bildungssystem (Young Immigrants in the German and Israeli Educational Systems) Irena Kogan (MZES) Frank Kalter, Cornelia Kristen (Leipzig), Yossi Shavit, Noah Lewin-Epstein (Tel Aviv)	BMBF
(6)	A2.3 Bildungssysteme und Arbeitsmärkte in zentral- und osteuropäischen Transformationsländern (Educational Systems and Labour Markets in Central and Eastern Europe) Irena Kogan, Walter Müller	Volkswagen Stiftung
(7)	B1.10 Migranten als politische Akteure (Migrants as Political Actors) Andreas M. Wüst	Volkswagen Stiftung
(8)	AI.1 VFA-Report Lebensqualität 2006 (VFA-Report Quality of Life in Germany 2006) Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Heinz-Herbert Noll	Verband Forschender Arzneimittelhersteller
(9)	A3.2 Panel-Studie zur Beziehungs- und Familienentwicklung (Fortsetzungsantrag) (Panel Study on Family Dynamics) Josef Brüderl, Hartmut Esser	DFG
(10)	B1.6 Nähe- und Richtungswahl in unterschiedlichen institutionellen Kontexten (A Unified Model of Voting in Different Institutional Contexts) Franz U. Pappi, Christian H.C.A. Henning, Susumu Shikano	Fritz Thyssen Stiftung
(11)	Bl.3 Vereinbarkeit von Familie und Beruf in der Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar (Compatibility of Employment and Family in Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar) Andreas M. Wüst	Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar / Stadt Heidelberg
(12)	A1.6 Wohlfahrtsstaatliche Institutionen und sozialpolitische Einstellungen. Neue Perspektiven für die vergleichende Wohlfahrtsstaatsanalyse (Attitudes towards Welfare State Institutions. New perspectives for the comparative welfare state analysis) Claus Wendt	DFG

Newly funded projects in 2006		Funding institution
(13)	A ... Die Flexibilisierung europäischer Arbeitsmärkte: Verbreitung und Konsequenzen atypischer Beschäftigung (The Flexibilization of European Labour Markets: Incidence and Consequences of Atypical Employment) Johannes Giesecke	Landesstiftung Baden-Württemberg
(14)	A2.2 Soziale Selektion im tertiären Bildungssystem und Arbeitsmarkerträge (Social Selectivity in Tertiary Education and Labour Market and Stratification Outcomes) Walter Müller	DFG

Project proposals 2006		Submitted to
(1)	B2.3 Regierungsbildung als optimale Kombination von Ämter- und Policy-Motivation der Parteien (Government Formation as an Optimal Combination of the Office-and Policy-Motivation of Parties) Franz Urban Pappi, Susumu Shikano	DFG
(2)	A1.2 Die Regulierung von Zusatzrenten in Europa: Kollektive Rechte und soziale Ungleichheit (Governance of Supplementary Pensions in Europe: Cross-national Variations in Participation and Social Inequality) Bernhard Ebbinghaus	DFG
(3)	B4.1 Friedenskonsolidierung und Konfliktregulierung im Südkaukasus durch internationale, insbesondere europäische Organisationen (Subproject of "Authoritarian Integration or Democratic Co-operation? The Caucasus between Brussels and Moscow") Egbert Jahn	Deutsche Stiftung Friedensforschung

Project proposals 2006		Submitted to
(4)	B4.3 Der Einfluss politischer und räumlicher Trennung auf die Friedenskonsolidierung in Bosnien-Herzegowina (European and Other International Peacebuilding Activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina and in Kosovo) Egbert Jahn	DFG
(5)	A3.3 Soziale Einbettung und Paarbeziehungen (Fortsetzungsantrag) (Social Embeddedness and Partnership Relations) Hartmut Esser	DFG

5.3 Library statistics 2006

Table 1: Country studies: Focus of collection

	E.K.	A	B	CH	CY	CZ	D	DK	E	EST	F	FIN	FL	GB	GR	H
ALLG	244	37	38	25	6	10	110	5	91	11	119	11	0	48	19	50
BEVGEO	391	12	20	19	0	0	142	5	21	2	38	10	1	33	18	4
BILD	226	10	7	16	2	2	164	5	12	4	47	7	0	24	6	4
ERWKLA	384	51	6	8	0	3	252	3	29	1	66	21	0	72	7	3
FAMIL	285	31	39	18	1	0	213	33	54	3	46	5	0	107	15	1
INFO	115	5	4	21	1	1	103	3	8	2	40	7	0	20	2	1
KULTUR	80	3	1	6	0	2	24	2	9	0	23	0	0	3	4	5
MEDIEN	50	0	0	4	0	0	13	1	1	0	11	0	0	5	0	0
NATION	318	9	7	3	5	4	41	1	26	3	20	1	0	36	5	9
POLSOZ	624	30	13	30	0	11	250	2	55	4	125	11	0	193	24	30
SOZSTA	802	45	51	35	0	5	299	23	46	3	138	13	0	168	31	12
STAAT	404	23	52	25	4	5	202	1	39	5	100	6	3	107	18	11
UMWELT	57	0	0	1	0	1	10	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
UNGLEI	99	7	1	7	0	0	73	11	17	0	13	0	0	41	10	2
VERBÄN	151	21	9	10	0	0	102	5	17	0	48	4	0	46	5	0
WIRT	400	5	8	13	0	14	131	5	39	4	25	3	0	39	15	20
Σ	4630	289	256	241	19	58	2129	105	464	42	859	100	4	943	179	153

	I	IRL	IS	L	LT	LV	M	N	NL	P	PL	S	SK	SLO	Σ
ALLG	59	15	2	3	13	4	3	4	18	13	41	2	13	3	1017
BEVGEO	46	5	0	1	3	2	0	1	8	4	6	4	2	1	799
BILD	33	11	0	2	0	0	1	3	8	2	4	5	0	0	605
ERWKLA	14	22	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	2	7	8	1	1	970
FAMIL	27	14	0	1	1	0	1	0	12	23	1	8	0	0	939
INFO	29	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	10	1	2	4	386
KULTUR	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	6	0	0	1	180
MEDIEN	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	92
NATION	23	8	1	0	5	1	0	1	1	0	6	1	4	0	539
POLSOZ	144	24	1	2	2	3	1	9	20	11	38	23	15	2	1697
SOZSTA	37	36	2	0	1	1	0	7	20	3	8	32	1	1	1820
STAAT	32	19	0	1	11	1	1	3	7	3	15	7	7	1	1113
UMWELT	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	2	0	79
UNGLEI	9	11	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	310
VERBÄN	27	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	459
WIRT	39	20	0	2	4	2	0	0	4	4	43	11	6	3	859
Σ	529	191	6	13	42	14	8	32	120	72	192	104	53	17	11864

Legend: E.K.=Comparative European research, A=Austria, B=Belgium, CH=Switzerland, CY=Cyprus, CZ=Czech Republic, D=Germany, DK=Denmark, E=Spain, EST=Estonia, F=France, FIN=Finland, FL=Liechtenstein, GB=United Kingdom, GR=Greece, H=Hungary, I=Italy, IRL=Ireland, IS=Iceland, L=Luxembourg, LT=Lithuania, LV=Latvia, M=Malta, N=Norway, NL=Netherlands, P=Portugal, PL=Poland, S=Sweden, SK=Slovakia, SLO=Slovenia

Legend for first column, see page 112

Table 2: Country studies: Project related / reference countries

	AE	AFR	AME	ASI	AUS	OE	AL	BG	BiH	BY	CS
ALLG	5	1	8	23	1	129	7	17	3	53	54
BEVGEO	4	1	4	13	3	19	1	0	0	8	1
BILD	4	0	1	1	0	15	1	2	0	3	5
ERWKLA	2	0	3	6	1	19	0	1	0	1	0
FAMIL	12	1	4	4	1	13	1	3	0	1	2
INFO	0	0	2	6	0	25	0	0	0	0	0
KULTUR	1	0	0	0	0	13	0	1	0	12	6
MEDIEN	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	1	6
NATION	2	1	3	12	0	109	0	0	2	15	18
POLSOZ	7	0	14	18	5	196	1	5	0	35	48
SOZSTA	13	2	14	14	5	48	0	3	0	0	2
STAAT	19	2	8	23	4	113	1	4	5	12	12
UMWELT	0	0	0	1	0	12	0	1	0	18	1
UNGLEI	4	1	2	7	2	11	0	0	0	0	0
VERBÄN	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1
WIRT	11	1	7	22	1	210	4	9	0	4	15
Σ	84	10	71	152	23	941	16	47	10	163	171

	HR	MD	MK	RO	RUS	SU	TR	UKR	USA	YU	Σ
ALLG	4	0	1	13	33	125	23	77	22	24	623
BEVGEO	0	1	0	1	16	11	1	1	32	0	117
BILD	1	0	0	4	4	6	0	1	18	0	66
ERWKLA	0	0	0	1	5	11	1	1	56	0	108
FAMIL	0	0	0	0	4	7	1	0	59	0	113
INFO	0	0	0	0	2	5	1	0	10	0	51
KULTUR	0	0	0	1	4	5	1	8	4	0	56
MEDIEN	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	16	0	37
NATION	1	0	0	3	31	33	4	44	14	12	304
POLSOZ	1	0	2	8	93	78	5	41	121	6	684
SOZSTA	0	0	0	4	14	9	1	7	116	0	252
STAAT	1	0	1	5	72	62	10	35	44	7	440
UMWELT	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	7	1	0	45
UNGLEI	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	0	50	0	83
VERBÄN	0	0	0	0	3	4	1	2	17	0	34
WIRT	1	4	0	5	42	50	4	8	26	4	428
Σ	9	6	4	45	329	416	53	232	606	53	3441

Legend: AE=Non-European comparative country studies , AFR=Africa, AME=America, ASI=Asia, AUS=Australia, OE=Eastern Europe, AL=Albania, BG=Bulgaria, BiH=Bosnia-Herzegovina, BY=Belarus, CS=Czechoslovakia, HR=Croatia, MD=Moldavia, MK=Macedonia; RO=Romania, RUS=Russia, SU=Soviet Union, TR=Turkey, UKR=Ukraine, USA=United States, YU=Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro)

Legend for first column, see page 112

Legend for the first column in tables 1 and 2

Allg	General, social, economic history	Nation	Nationalism, minorities, regionalism
Bevgeo	Population, migration, urbanism, social geography	Polsoz	Political parties, elections, participation, elites
Bild	Education, science, research	Sozsta	Welfare state, social policy, public health
Erwkla	Labour market, classes, professions, status groups	Staat	Constitution, government, administration, law
Famil	Family, household, kinship,	Umwelt	Environmental policy
Info	Reference books	Unglei	Inequality, mobility, social stratification
Kultur	Churches, culture, tourism	Verbän	Trade unions, employers' organisations
Medien	Mass media, communication	Wirt	Economic structure and -growth, entrepreneurs

Table 3: Collection of the European integration group (E.A.)

	Collection
Agrar (agriculture group)	43
Allg (general group)	403
Finanz (monetary, financial institutions)	118
Info (information, reference books)	71
Inst (EU institutions)	138
Intbez (international relations group)	358
Kultur (culture, education, media)	60
MGS (member states group)	316
Polsoz (elections, parties, public opinion)	144
Region (regional policy, integration of minorities)	228
Sozsta (social policy group)	368
Staat (European Treaties, administration, law)	369
Theorie (concepts & theories of integration, federalism)	107
Umwelt (environmental policy of European org.)	53
Verbän (associations at EU level)	86
Wirt (economy -, internal market group)	256
Total	3,118

Table 4: Collection of the general group (ALLG)

	Collection
Agrar (agriculture)	14
Bevgeo (population, migration, urbanism, social geography)	162
Bild (education, science, research)	71
Erwkla (labour market, classes, professions, status groups)	87
Famil (family, household, kinship)	124
Info (reference books)	164
Intbez (international relations group)	375
Kultur (churches, culture, tourism)	61
Medien (mass media, communication)	38
Nation (nationalism, minorities, regionalism)	129
Polsoz (political parties, elections, participation, elites)	213
Sozsta (welfare state, social policy, public health)	165
Staat (constitution, government, administration, law)	118
Umwelt (environmental policy)	37
Unglei (inequality, mobility, social stratification)	83
Verbän (trade unions, employers' organisations)	32
Wirt (economic structure and –growth, entrepreneurs)	154
Total	2,027

5.4 MZES Cooperation Partners

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Processes of International Negotiation Network (PIN), IIASA	Laxenburg	A
Austrian Academy of Sciences, Institute for European Integration Research	Vienna	A
Department of Government, University of Vienna	Vienna	A
Institute of Technology Assessment, Austrian Academy of Sciences	Vienna	A
Political Science Department, Institute for Advanced Studies	Vienna	A
SORA Institute for Social Research and Analysis	Vienna	A
Department of Geography, The University of Adelaide	Adelaide	AUS
Research School for the Social Sciences, Australian National University,	Canberra	AUS
International Survey Centre RSSS	Melbourne	AUS
Centrum voor Sociaal Beleid; Universiteit Antwerpen	Antwerpen	B
Departement Politieke Wetenschappen, Universiteit Antwerpen	Antwerpen	B
Dept. Politieke Wetenschappen, KU Leuven	Leuven	B
Dept. Sociologie, Instituut voor Sociaal en Politiek Opinieonderzoek (ISPO), KU Leuven	Leuven	B
Dept. Des Sciences Politiques et Sociales, Université Catholique de Louvain	Louvain-la-Neuve	B
Point d'Appui Interuniversitaire sur l'Opinion Publique et la Politique (P.I.O.P.), Université Catholique de Louvain	Louvain-la-Neuve	B
Institute of Sociology, Bulgarian Academy of Science	Sofia	BG
Political Science Department, Mc Master University	Hamilton	CAN
Department of Political Science, Université de Montreal	Montreal	CAN
Department of Political Science, York University	Toronto	CAN
Laurier Centre for Military Strategic and Disarmament Studies	Waterloo	CAN
Abteilung Bildungssoziologie, Universität Bern	Bern	CH
Institut für Politikwissenschaft, Universität Bern	Bern	CH
Department de Science Politique, Université de Genève	Genève	CH
Centre Lémanique d'Etude des Parcours et Modes de Vie, Université de Lausanne	Lausanne	CH

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Institut d'Etudes Politiques et Internationales (IEPI), Université de Lausanne	Lausanne	CH
Institut de Hautes Etudes en Administration Publique (IDHEAP), Université de Lausanne	Lausanne	CH
Chinese Academy for Social Sciences (CASS)	Beijing	CN
Center of Applied Research, Cyprus College	Nicosia	CY
Department of Westeuropean Studies, Charles University Prague	Prague	CZ
Institute of International Relations	Prague	CZ
Institute of Sociology, Czech Academy of Sciences	Prague	CZ
Forschungsgruppe „Bildungsprozesse, Kompetenzentwicklung und Selektionsentscheidungen im Vor- und Grundschulalter“, Universität Bamberg	Bamberg	D
Bundesministerium des Innern	Berlin	D
Forschungsschwerpunkt Institutionen und Sozialer Wandel, WZB	Berlin	D
Lehrstuhl für Zeitgeschichte, Humboldt-Universität	Berlin	D
Max-Planck-Institut für Bildungsforschung	Berlin	D
Sozialwissenschaftliche Fakultät, Humboldt Universität	Berlin	D
Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik (SWP)	Berlin	D
Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin für Sozialforschung (WZB)	Berlin	D
Max-Planck-Institut zur Erforschung von Gemeinschaftsgütern	Bonn	D
Forschungsstelle Osteuropa an der Universität Bremen	Bremen	D
Institut für empirische and angewandte Soziologie, Universität Bremen	Bremen	D
Studiengang Politikmanagement, Hochschule Bremen	Bremen	D
Institut für Soziologie, TU Chemnitz	Chemnitz	D
Max-Planck-Institut für Gesellschaftsforschung	Cologne	D
Deutsches Polen-Institut	Darmstadt	D
Institute for Political Science, Darmstadt University of Technology	Darmstadt	D
Deutsches Institut für Internationale Pädagogische Forschung	Frankfurt/M	D
Hessische Stiftung Friedens- und Konfliktforschung (HSFK)	Frankfurt/M	D

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Institut Arbeit und Technik	Gelsenkirchen	D
Cultural and Social Sciences, Institute of Political Sciences, University of Hagen	Hagen	D
Max-Planck-Institut für Ausländisches Öffentliches Recht und Völkerrecht	Heidelberg	D
Amt für Gleichstellung, Stadt Heidelberg	Heidelberg	D
Amt für Stadtentwicklung und Statistik, Stadt Heidelberg	Heidelberg	D
Institut für Agrarökonomie der Universität Kiel	Kiel	D
Department of Politics and Management, University of Konstanz	Konstanz	D
Accenture GmbH	Kronberg	D
Institut für Soziologie, Universität Leipzig	Leipzig	D
Institut für Mittelstandsforschung, Universität Mannheim	Mannheim	D
Metropolregion Rhein-Neckar	Mannheim	D
Zentrum für Europäische Wirtschaftsforschung (ZEW)	Mannheim	D
Zentrum für Umfragen, Methoden und Analysen (ZUMA)	Mannheim	D
Herder-Institut	Marburg	D
Institut für Pädagogik, Universität München	Munich	D
Osteuropa-Institut	Munich	D
Institut für Arbeitsmarkt- und Berufsforschung (IAB)	Nürnberg	D
Lehrstuhl für Soziologie, Universität des Saarlandes	Saarbrücken	D
Institut für Sozialwissenschaften, Universität Stuttgart	Stuttgart	D
FB III Politikwissenschaft, Universität Trier	Trier	D
Department of Economics, Politics and Public Administration, Aalborg University	Aalborg	DK
Department of Political Science, University of Aarhus	Aarhus	DK
Copenhagen Peace Research Institute (COPRI)	Copenhagen	DK
Department of Social Sciences, University of Roskilde	Roskilde	DK
Department of Political and Social Sciences, Universitat Pompeu Fabra	Barcelona	E
Political Science and Public Administration, Autonomous University of Barcelona	Barcelona	E
Department of Political Science, University of the Basque Country	Bilbao	E

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Autonomous University of Madrid	Madrid	E
Departamento de Ciencia Política y de la Administración, Facultad de Derecho, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid	Madrid	E
Department of Political Science, Universidad Nacional de Educación a Distancia	Madrid	E
Inst. Juan March de Est. E Invest., Centro de Estudios Avanzados en Ciencias Sociales	Madrid	E
Estonian Institute of Humanities	Tallinn	EST
Institute of International and Social Studies	Tallinn	EST
Department of Political Science, University of Tartu	Tartu	EST
Department of Sociology and Social Policy, University of Tartu	Tartu	EST
CIDSP-Institut d'Études Politiques	Grenoble	F
Pacte UMR 5194, CNRS	Grenoble	F
Center for International Studies and Research / Science Po	Paris	F
Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Groupe de Recherche en Économie et Statistique	Paris	F
Fondation National des Sciences Politiques CEVIPOF	Paris	F
Forum européen de Sciences Po Et Cycle supérieur d'études européennes, Fondation Nationale des Sciences Politiques	Paris	F
INSEE, Institut National de la Statistique et des Études Économiques	Paris	F
Institut d'Études Politiques de Paris	Paris	F
LASMAS, CNRS, Laboratoire d'Analyse Secondaire et de Méthodes Appliquées à la Sociologie – Institut du Longitudinal, Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique	Paris	F
Department of Politics and International Relations, University of Aberdeen	Aberdeen	GB
Institute of Sociology, University of Wales	Bangor	GB
"Network: One Europe or several" British Economic and Social Research Council	Brighton	GB
Institute for Employment Studies, University of Sussex	Brighton	GB
School of Legal Studies, University of Sussex	Brighton	GB
Sussex European Institute (SEI), University of Sussex	Brighton	GB
Department of Politics, University of Bristol	Bristol	GB

Name of Institution	Location	Country
School of Geographical Sciences	Bristol	GB
Faculty of Law, University of Cambridge, Clare College	Cambridge	GB
Dept. of Political Science, University of Canterbury	Canterbury	GB
Department of Government, University of Essex	Colchester	GB
European Consortium for Political Research, University of Essex	Colchester	GB
Institute for Social & Economic Research, University of Essex	Colchester	GB
Centre for Educational Sociology	Edinburgh	GB
Department of Government, University of Strathclyde	Glasgow	GB
Department of Politics, University of Glasgow	Glasgow	GB
School of Politics and International Studies, University of Leeds	Leeds	GB
Center for the Study of Democracy, University of Westminster	London	GB
Centre for Commercial Law Studies, Queen Mary and Westfield College	London	GB
Department of Government, London School of Economics	London	GB
Office for National Statistics (ONS), London	London	GB
School of Politics and Sociology, Birkbeck College, University of London	London	GB
Dept. of European Studies, Loughborough University	Loughborough	GB
Department of Sociology and Social Policy, Oxford Brookes University	Oxford	GB
Department of Sociology, University of Oxford	Oxford	GB
Jesus College	Oxford	GB
Sociology Group, Nuffield College	Oxford	GB
Department of Geography, University of Sheffield	Sheffield	GB
Department of Politics, University of Sheffield	Sheffield	GB
Department of Government, University of Strathclyde	Strathclyde	GB
Warwick Institute for Employment Research, University of Warwick	Warwick	GB
Athens University of Economics	Athens	GR
Institute of Urban Environment & Human Resources of Panteion University	Athens	GR

Name of Institution	Location	Country
National Centre of Social Research (EKKE)	Athens	GR
Institute of Sociology of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences	Budapest	H
International Relations and European Studies Department, Central European University	Budapest	H
Political Science Department, Central European University	Budapest	H
TARKI, Social Research Information Centre	Budapest	H
Department of Political Science, University of Catania	Catania	I
Department of Political and Social Sciences, European University Institute	Florence	I
Robert Schuman Centre for Advanced Studies, European University Institute	Florence	I
Department of Sociology and Social Research, University of Milano Bicocca	Milan	I
Dipartimento de Sociologia, Eriencia Sol. Università Milano	Milan	I
Department of Political Science, University of Siena	Siena	I
Department of Public Law, University of Rome "La Sapienza"	Rome	I
Istituto degli Affari Internazionali (IAI)	Rome	I
Dipartimento di Sociologia e Ricerca Sociale, Facoltà di Sociologia, Università di Trento	Trento	I
Department of Social Science, University of Turin	Torino	I
Department of Sociology, Haifa University	Haifa	IL
Department of Labor Studies, Tel Aviv University	Tel Aviv	IL
Department of Sociology, Tel Aviv University	Tel Aviv	IL
School of Politics and International Studies, Queen's University Belfast	Belfast	IRL
Department of Political Science, Trinity College Dublin	Dublin	IRL
Dublin European Institute, National University of Ireland	Dublin	IRL
ESRI, The Economic and Social Research Institute	Dublin	IRL
Marino Institute of Education	Dublin	IRL
School of Politics and International Relations, University College Dublin	Dublin	IRL
Center for Civil Society with Comparative Perspective, Keio University	Tokyo	J
Institute of Statistical Mathematics	Tokyo	J

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Institute of Social Sciences, University of Tokyo	Tokyo	J
Policy and Public Administration Institute Kaunas, University of Technology	Kaunas	LT
Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, University of Latvia	Riga	LT
Riga Graduate School of Law	Riga	LT
Faculty of Public Management, Mykolas Romeris University	Vilnius	LT
Institute for Social Research Vilnius College for Law and Business	Vilnius	LT
Knowledge Society Management Institute, Mykolas Romeris University	Vilnius	LT
Institute for Development and Social Initiatives	Chisinau	MD
The Norwegian Social Science Data Services (NSD)	Bergen	N
The Stein Rokkan Centre	Bergen	N
ARENA, University of Oslo	Oslo	N
Institutt for Samfunnsforskning	Oslo	N
Institutt for statsvitenskap, University of Oslo	Oslo	N
Department of Political Science, Norwegian University of Science and Technology	Trondheim	N
Amsterdam Institute for Advanced Labour Studies (AIAS), University of Amsterdam	Amsterdam	NL
Amsterdam School of Communication Research, University of Amsterdam	Amsterdam	NL
Department of Public Administration, University of Twente	Enschede	NL
Department of Political Science, University of Leiden	Leiden	NL
Institute for East European Law and Russian Studies, University of Leiden	Leiden	NL
Business Investment Research Centre, University of Maastricht	Maastricht	NL
European Study Programme	Maastricht	NL
Faculty of Cultural Sciences, University of Maastricht	Maastricht	NL
Research Centre for Education and the Labour Market	Maastricht	NL
University of Nijmegen	Nijmegen	NL
Department of Public Health, Erasmus University	Rotterdam	NL
Netherlands Kinship Panel Study	The Hague	NL

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Social and Cultural Planning Office (SCP)	The Hague	NL
Institute for Governance Studies, University of Twente	Twente	NL
ERCOMER, Utrecht University	Utrecht	NL
Utrecht School of Governance, University of Utrecht	Utrecht	NL
Social Sciences, Institute of Time, University of Lisboa	Lisbon	P
UNICS – ISCTE, Department of Sociology, University of Lisbon	Lisbon	P
Department of Economics, University of Warsaw	Warsaw	PL
Institute for Social Studies, Warsaw University	Warsaw	PL
Institute of Philosophy and Sociology, Polish Academy of Science	Warsaw	PL
Institute of Political Studies, Polish Academy of Sciences	Warsaw	PL
National Scientific Research Institute for Labour and Social Protection	Bucharest	RO
Allrußländisches Zentrum zur Erforschung der Öffentlichen Meinung	Moscow	RUS
Europa-Institut der RadW	Moscow	RUS
IMEMO, Russian Academy of Sciences	Moscow	RUS
Institut für Ethnologie und Anthropologie der RadW	Moscow	RUS
Institut für Internationale Wirtschaftliche und Politische Studien der RadW	Moscow	RUS
Institut für Strategische Studien	Moscow	RUS
Russische Akademie der Wissenschaften	Moscow	RUS
Department of Political Science, University of Gothenburg	Gothenburg	S
Göteborg University, Statsvetenskapliga Institutionen	Gothenburg	S
SOFI, Swedish Institute for Social and Economic Research	Stockholm	S
Swedish Institute for Social Research, Stockholm University	Stockholm	S
Department of Political Science, Umea University	Umea	S
Department of Government, University of Uppsala	Uppsala	S
Department of Social Sciences, University of Helsinki	Helsinki	SF
Department of Political Science, University of Tampere	Tampere	SF
Institute of Public Affairs	Bratislava	SK
Arhiv Družboslovnih Podatkov (Social Science Data Archive), Faculty of Social Science, University of Ljubljana	Ljubljana	SLO

Name of Institution	Location	Country
Center for the Evaluation and Strategie Studies, Institute for Social Sciences, University of Ljubljana	Ljubljana	SLO
Centre for Theoretical Sociology at the Institute of Social Sciences, University of Ljubljana	Ljubljana	SLO
Faculty of Social Sciences, University of Ljubljana	Ljubljana	SLO
Academia Sinicy, Taipeh	Taipeh	TW
Department of Sociology, National Taipeh University	Taipeh	TW
Institute of Political Science and Ethnic Relations	Kiev	UA
Institute of Sociology, Ukrainian Academy of Sciences	Kiev	UA
Kyivo-Mohylians'ka Academy	Kiev	UA
Social and Demographic Research Institute, University of Massachusetts	Amherst	USA
Department of Political Science, Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore	USA
Department of Sociology, Indiana University	Bloomington	USA
Ukrainian Research Institute at Harvard University	Cambridge	USA
Department of Political Science, University of California at Irvine	Irvine	USA
Department of Sociology, University of Wisconsin, Madison	Madison	USA
Department of Humanities and Social Sciences in the Profession, New York University	New York	USA
Government Department, Skidmore College	New York	USA
Center for International Studies, Princeton University	Princeton	USA
Department of Sociology, Princeton University	Princeton	USA
Department of Political Science, Utah State University	Salt Lake City	USA
Department of Political Science, University of California	San Diego	USA
Department of Political Science, Stony Brook University	Stony Brook	USA
Jefferson Institute	Belgrad	YU
Center for Peace and Democracy "Ian Collins"	Skopje	YU

5.5 Visiting professors / scholars

MZES Visiting Fellows

Dirk De Bièvre, University of Antwerp, Belgium

William A. Maloney, University of Newcastle, England

Thomas Poguntke, Ruhr-Universität Bochum, Germany

Visitors 2006

Thomas Saalfeld, University of Kent, Canterbury, United Kingdom	January 2006
Qingzhi Huan, Shandong University, China	January - August 2006
Emily Bowman, University of Indiana, Bloomington, USA	April - August 2006
Maciej Golubiewski, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA	April - August 2006
Nikole Hotchkiss, University of Indiana, Bloomington, USA	April - August 2006
Girma Parris, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA	April - August 2006
Gerben Korthouwer, Amsterdam University, The Netherlands	June - July 2006
Gema M. Garcia Albacete, University of Madrid, Spain	June - August 2006
William A. Maloney, University of Newcastle, Newcastle upon Tyne, United Kingdom	June - August 2006
Zhou Hong, Chinese Academy for Social Sciences, Beijing, China	July 2006
Michelle Beyeler, University of Zürich, Switzerland	August - December 2006
Karina Pedersen, University of Copenhagen, Denmark	September 2006
Zhao Chen, Chinese Academy for Social Sciences, Beijing, China	September - December 2006

Fan Yongpeng , Chinese Academy for Social Sciences, Beijing, China	September - December 2006
Matti Wiberg , University of Turku, Finland	October 2006
Nicole Tieben , Radboud University Nijmegen, The Netherlands	October - December 2006
Yang Xiepu , Chinese Academy for Social Sciences, Beijing, China	October - December 2006
Chen Xin , Chinese Academy for Social Sciences, Beijing, China	December 2006

5.6 Lectures, conferences and workshops

a) Lectures given by invited guests and MZES researchers

Lectures are given by invitation of the director or department head. Lectures which are grey highlighted were sponsored jointly by the MZES and the Faculty of Social Sciences.

16.01.2006	Dr. Andreas Wüst and Dr. Thomas Saalfeld MZES / University of Kent	Politische Repräsentation von Migranten.
17.01.2006	Dr. Volker Stocké Sonderforschungsbereich 504, Mannheim	Erste Ergebnisse aus dem Mannheimer Bildungspanel
23.01.2006	Frank Arndt MZES	Logrolling in intergouvernementalen Verhandlungen
24.01.2006	Dr. Werner Eichhorst Institut zur Zukunft der Arbeit, Bonn	Arbeitsmarktinstitutionen im internationalen Vergleich: Forschungsstand und Forschungsbedarf
30.01.2006	Prof. Simon Hix London School of Economics	Explaining Party Cohesion in the European Parliament: Ideological Homogeneity, Agenda-Control, or Strategic Behaviour by National Parties?
06.02.2006	Alexandra Mößner Universität Stuttgart	Erfolgreich Publizieren und Begutachten: Dos and Dents – Erfahrungen aus der PVS Redaktion.
13.02.2006	Prof. Henk van der Kolk University of Twente	Overcoming the small N problem: using European municipalities to study some consequences of electoral systems.
03.05.2006	Prof. Dr. Hartmut Ditton Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München	Laufbahnen im Schulsystem – Tradition verpflichtet!
08.05.2006	Christopher Wendt Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Riding the Wave: The Rise and Fall of Nativist Ethnic Parties in Baden-Württemberg, 1972 - Present
09.05.2006	Dr. Oliver Lipps Swiss Household Panel, Neuchâtel	Das Schweizer Haushalt-Panel – Methode, Durchführung, Stichprobe
15.05.2006	Prof. Tereza Capelos University of Leiden	Emotions, Scandals and Accountability Attributions

18.05.2006	Prof. Dr. Stefano Bartolini Università di Bologna	Rokkan in Brussels. Political structuring in loosely bounded territories
22.05.2006	Prof. Sarah Birch University of Essex	Successfully Publishing in and Reviewing for the British Journal of Political Sciences
23.05.2006	Prof. Dr. Thomas Hinz Universität Konstanz	Geschlechtsspezifische Arbeitsmarktteilnahme und Lohnstruktur in Deutschland und Großbritannien
29.05.2006	Maciej Golubiewski Johns Hopkins University	Old Values in new Europe: Political Parties and Social Regulation in the European Union
30.05.2006	Prof. Dr. Johannes Berger Universität Mannheim	Warum sind einige Länder so viel reicher als andere? Zur institutionellen Erklärung von Entwicklungsunterschieden
06.06.2006	Nikole Hotchkiss Indiana University Bloomington, USA	Post-terrorism policy in France and the United States, 1980-2004
12.06.2006	Dr. Angelika Scheuer ZUMA	How Europeans see Europe. Evolution der Legitimitätseinstellungen zur EU
13.06.2006	Emily Bowman Indiana University Bloomington, USA	Foundations and the making of public education in the United States, 1865-1950
19.06.2006	Daniel Finke Deutsches Forschungsinstitut für Öffentliche Verwaltung, Speyer	Von Amsterdam bis Rom II: Regierungspositionen zur Europäischen Integration
20.06.2006	Dr. Ruud Luijkx Tilburg University	Log-linear modelling
21.06.2006	Prof. Dr. Eckhard Klieme Deutsches Institut für Internationale Pädagogische Forschung, Frankfurt/M.	Bildungsmonitoring, System- und Programmevaluation als Aufgaben der Bildungsforschung: Beispiele aus neueren Projekten und weitere Perspektiven
21.06.2006	Dr. Ruud Luijkx Tilburg University	Workshop: Log-linear modelling
27.06.2006	Dr. Irena Kogan, David Reimer and Prof. Dr. Walter Müller MZES	Bildungssysteme und Arbeitsmärkte – zum Forschungsdesign zweier Projekte
03.07.2006	Simone Abendschön and Meike Vollmar MZES	Demokratie Leben Lernen: Erste Ergebnisse aus einem ungewöhnlichen Projekt

04.07.2006	Prof. Henning Hillmann Stanford University	The political economy of piracy and privateering: Britain and France, 1689-1815
10.07.2006	Prof. Werner J. Patzelt Technische Universität Dresden	Herausforderungen und Probleme empirischer Abgeordneten- und Parlamentarismusforschung
11.07.2006	Matteo Foschi and Martin Schommer Universität Mannheim	Wird der Sozialstaat „jünger“? Die Bedeutung sozialer Transfers für junge und alte Menschen in Deutschland, Großbritannien und Italien
14.07.2006	Prof. Rebecca B. Morton New York University	The Swing Voter's Curse in the Laboratory
17.07.2006	Prof. Dr. Elmar Rieger Universität Bremen	T.H. Marshall's Theory of Citizenship Rights Revisited: Social Rights in the Nation State and in the European Union
18.07.2006	PD Dr. Thomas Bahle Universität Mannheim	Wege zum Dienstleistungsstaat. Deutschland, Frankreich und Großbritannien im Vergleich
25.09.2006	Dr. Karina Pedersen University of Copenhagen	Political Parties in Cyberspace: Campaigning Efforts and the Effect on Overall Campaigning
09.10.2006	Prof. Radoslaw Markowski Polish Academy of Sciences, Warschau	Political Representation in Post-Communist Democracies: The Case of Poland
16.10.2006	Thorsten Hüller MZES	Demokratisierung der EU durch bürgerschaftliche und zivilgesellschaftliche Partizipation?
23.10.2006	Prof. Matti Wiberg University of Turku, Finland	Modelling intra-executive conflict
24.10.2006	Dr. Claus Wendt, PD Dr. Thomas Bahle, Dr. Angelika Scheuer MZES, Universität Mannheim, ZUMA	Lebensqualität in Deutschland 1995-2005: Gesamtbericht und Teilberichte (Familie, Partizipation und Integration)
30.10.2006	Simon Franzmann Universität Köln	Programmatische Heterogenität in westeuropäischen Parteiensystemen
06.11.2006	Peter Matuschek MZES	Parteien und Parteienwandel in Südeuropa – der Fall des spanischen Partido Popular (PP)
07.11.2006	Prof. Rolf van der Velden Maastricht University	The Flexible Professional in the Knowledge Society. New Demands on Higher Education in Europe

13.11.2006	Sara Claro da Fonseca Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin	Einwanderer als Kandidaten bei Bundestagswahlen
14.11.2006	Clemens Kroneberg, Dr. Volker Stocké Universität Mannheim, SFB/MZES	Normen oder Rationalität? Die Rettung von Juden, Wahlteilnahme und Bildungsentscheidungen
20.11.2006	Dr. Airo Hino Université Catholique de Louvain	The emergence and success of new parties in Western Europe: A comparative analysis of 15 democracies, 1950-2004

b) Conferences and workshops

The following is a list of conferences and workshops organized in 2006 by MZES staff members with MZES support. While external participants are listed individually, the participants from the MZES and the University of Mannheim usually are not.

13. - 14.01.2006 The Constitutionalization of the European Union

Yearbook Workshop

Chair: *Prof. Dr. Frank Schimmelfennig*

Location: MZES

Ext. Participants: Alexander Bürgin, Berlin Prof. Dr. Sandra Lavenex, Bern (CH)
Juniorprof. Dr. Berthold Rittberger, Guido Schwellnus, Zürich (CH)
Kaiserslautern
Dr. Wolfgang Wagner, Frankfurt

9. - 13.02.2006 Ideology and Activism of Green Party Members in Western Europe

Autorentreffen

Chair: *Prof. Dr. Wolfgang C. Müller*

Location: MZES

Ext. Participants: Dr. Benoit Rihoux, Louvain-la Neuve (B) Dr. Wolfgang Rüdig, Strathclyde (GB)
Peter Stefou, Mag., M.A., London (GB) Prof. Dr. Wijbrant van Schuur, Göttingen

28. - 29.04.2006 **CONNEX RG 4: The Institutional Shaping of EU-Society Regions**
Editorial Meeting
 Chair: *Prof. Dr. Beate Kohler-Koch*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Dr. Laura Cram, Strathclyde (GB) Patrycja Dabrowska, Florence (I)
 Dr. Thorsten Hüller, Bremen Dr. Irina Michalowitz, Vienna (A)
 Hélène Michel, Strasbourg (F) Dr. Joan O'Mahony, London (GB)
 Dr. Thomas Persson, Uppsala (S) Rosa Sanchez Salgado, Paris (F)
9. - 10.06.2006 **Research group Evaluation of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED 1997) for Comparative Research**
Workshop
 Chair: *Dr. Irena Kogan*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Prof. Carlo Barone, Milano (I) Dr. Erzsebet Bukodi, at present Bamberg
 Angela Ivancic, Ljubljana (SI) Annick Kiefer, Paris (F)
 Luis Ortiz, Barcelona (E) Prof. Péter Róbert, Budapest (HU)
 Prof. Ellu Saar, Tallinn (EST) Silke Schneider, Oxford (GB)
 Jana Strakova, Prag (CZ)
16. - 17.06.2006 **CONNEX RG 3: Civil Society, Public Sphere and the Prospect for a European Democracy**
Workshop
 Chair: *Prof. Dr. Barbara Pfetsch*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Dr. Silke Adam, Hohenheim Manuela Caiani, Florence (I)
 Prof. Dr. Jos De Beus, Amsterdam (NL) Jessica Erbe, Berlin
 Dr. Thorsten Hüller, Bremen Margit Jochum, Geneva (CH)
 Prof. Dr. Ruud Koopmans, Amsterdam (NL) Juan Díez Medrano, Barcelona (E)
 Dr. Paul Statham, Leeds (GB) Anke Tresch, Geneva (CH)
 Ann Zimmermann, Bremen

29. - 30.06.2006 **Methoden der vergleichenden Wohlfahrtsstaatsforschung**
Workshop
 Chair: *Prof. Dr. Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Dr. Claus Wendt*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Prof. Dr. Bernhard Kittel, Amsterdam Daniel Poelchau, München (NL)
 Prof. Dr. Uwe Wagschal, Heidelberg
- 1.07.2006 – 30.06.2006 **Research group on Trust, Associations, and Legitimacy of the 6th EU Framework Network of Excellence "Economic Change, Quality of Life and Social Cohesion (EQUALSOC)"**
Workshop
 Chair: *Dr. Sonja Zmerli*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Dr. Roberto Albano, Torino (I) Dr. Filippo Barbera, Torino and Florence (I)
 Prof. Mario Diani, Trento (I) Dr. Hajdeja Iglic, Ljubljana (SI)
 Monika Kaminska, Warsaw (PL) Dr. Natalia Letki, Oxford (GB)
23. - 29.07.2006 **2. International Summer Academy on Political Consulting and Strategic Campaign Communication**
Summer school
 Chair: *Prof. Dr. Andrea Römmele*
 Location: Mannheim
 Ext. Participants: Stefan Abadzhiev, Stuttgart Johannes Abel, Potsdam
 Manuel Georg Adolphsen, Bremen Marko Bachl, Augsburg
 Tina Below, Hannover Andreas Graf Bernstorff, Heidelberg
 Javier Beroiz Gorosquieta, Sheffield Isabel Birnstingl, Hohenheim (GB)
 Giorgia Bulli, Florence (I) Cristina Nicoleta Burca, Bucharest (RO)
 Michael Danzer, Mannheim Karina Elisabeth Doehrn, Hohenheim
 Matthias Dornfeldt, Berlin Sabine Einwiller, Solothurn (CH)
 Alieva Esen Mehmedova, Sofia (BG) Peter Filzmaier, Krems (A)
 Ina Kerstin Fölster, Bonn Christian Greilach, Mannheim
 Andreas Illenseer, Frankfurt Joachim Jakobs, Maxdorf
 Deividas Jakuntavicius, Kaunas (LT) Hamza Karcic, Budapest (H)
 Anna Kuczyńska, Warsaw (PL) Elisa Lang, Berlin

Judith Laux, Landau	Christian Lipicki, Berlin
Rainer Lisowski, Oldenburg	Lucia López-Fernández, Barcelona (E)
René Merten, Gießen	Michael Michalek, Düsseldorf
Zsuzsanna Mihályffy, Budapest (H)	Karol Mojkowski, Warsaw (PL)
Ivan Molochko, Budapest (H)	Jan Müller, Bremen
Musawenkosi Wiseman Ndlovu, Cape Town (ZA)	Marco Neff, Mannheim
Ralf Nöcker, Frankfurt	Kristiina Omri, Tartu (EST)
Wolfgang Oriens, Weinheim	Louis Perron, Zürich (CH)
Martin Röhl, Dresden	Maike Schansker, Oldenburg
Rüdiger Schmitt-Beck, Duisburg	Nadja Katharina Schorowsky, Speyer
Sven C. Singhofen, Kiel	Harald Stauder, Lana (I)
Stoycho Stoychev, Budapest (H)	Petruta Tatulescu, Heidelberg
Jens Tenschler, Landau	Martin Thunert, Bremen
Arpad A. Todor, Budapest (H)	Mila Turajlic, Belgrade
Dominik Veit, Mannheim	Stefania Vivoli, Florence (I)
Mario Voigt, Jena	Lisa-Marie von Raepke, Bremen
Susanne Regina Weber, Wien (A)	Sebastian Axel Weiße, Münster
Philipp Witzmann, Trier	Monica Zuccarini, Naples (I)

12. - 13.09.2006 **Qualitative Comparative Analysis**

Workshop

Chair: *Prof. Dr. Bernhard Ebbinghaus and Prof. Dr. Beate Kohler-Koch*

Location: MZES

Ext. Participants: Dr. Thomas Conzelmann, Darmstadt Lasse Cronqvist, Marburg
 Annegret Flohr, Darmstadt Jolanta Grigaliunaite, Vilnius (LT)
 Pamela Jawad, Frankfurt a.M. Prof. Dr. Michèle Knodt, Darmstadt
 Oana Lup, Budapest (H) Saulé Maciukaite-Zviniene, Vilnius (LT)
 Franziska Mientus, Mannheim Mateja Rek, Ljubljana (SLO)
 Lothar Rieth, Darmstadt Sandra Schwindenhammer, Darmstadt
 Tabea Seidler, Frankfurt a.M. Saulius Spurga, Vilnius (LT)
 Sigita Urdze, Darmstadt Dr. Wolfgang Wagner, Frankfurt a.M.
 Dr. Simone Wisotzki, Frankfurt a.M.

14. - 15.09.2006 **CONNEX PhD Network**
Workshop
 Chair: *Prof. Dr. Beate Kohler-Koch*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Jolanta Grigaliunaite, Vilnius (LT) Oana Lup, Budapest (H)
 Saulé Maciukaite-Zviniene, Vilnius (LT) Mateja Rek, Ljubljana (SLO)
 Saulius Spurga, Vilnius (LT) Igljka Yakova, Brussels (B)
6. - 8.10.2006 **Comparative Candidate Study (CCS)**
Inaugural Conference
 Chair: *PD Dr. Hermann Schmitt*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Prof. Paolo Bellucci, Siena (I) Ulises Beltrán, Mexico City (MEX)
 Prof. Bill Cross, Ottawa (CDN) Prof. Lieven De Winter, Louvain-la-Neuve (B)
 Prof. Yilmaz Esmer, Istanbul (TR) Prof. André Freire, Lisboa (P)
 Dr. Christian Härpfer, Wien (A) Prof. Radoslav Markowski, Warsaw (PL)
 Prof. Michael Marsh, Dublin (IRL) Prof. Ian McAllister, Canberra (AUS)
 Prof. Mónica Méndez Lago, Murcia (E) Prof. Raymond Miller, Auckland (NZ)
 Prof. Hanne Marthe Narud, Oslo (N) Henrik Oscarsson, Gothenberg (S)
 Prof. Mogens Pedersen, Odense (DK) Dr. Wolfgang Rüdig, Glasgow (GB)
 Dr. Peter Selb, Zürich (CH) Dr. Sandeep Shastri, Bangalore (IND)
 Prof. Jacques Thomassen, Twente (NL) Dr. Thomas Zittel, Florence (I)
 Prof. Enyedi Zsolt, Budapest (H)
- 10.11.2006 **CONNEX "Gains and Challenges of Including Civil Society in Multi-level Governance"**
Brainstorming Meeting
 Chair: *Prof. Dr. Beate Kohler-Koch*
 Location: MZES
 Ext. Participants: Dr. Rainer Eising, Jena Prof. Michèle Knodt, Darmstadt
 Primoz Kristan, Ljubljana (SLO)

5.7 Publications 2006

a) Books

- Beckert, Jens, Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Anke Hassel and Philip Manow (Eds.) (2006): *Transformationen des Kapitalismus*. Frankfurt: Campus.
- Behnke, Joachim, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler and Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Eds.) (2006): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.
- Dachs, Herbert, Peter Gerlich, Herbert Gottweis, Helmut Kramer, Volkmar Lauber, Wolfgang C. Müller and Emmerich Tálos (Eds.) (2006): *Politik in Österreich: Das Handbuch*. Wien: Manz.
- Deth, Jan W. van, Edeltraud Roller and Frank Brettschneider (Eds.) (2006): *Jugend und Politik: "Voll normal!". Der Beitrag der politischen Soziologie zur Jugendforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.
- Deth, Jan W. van and Jan C. P. M. Vis (2006): *Regeren in Nederland. Het politieke en bestuurlijke bestel in vergelijkend perspectief*. Assen: Van Gorcum.
- Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): *Reforming Early Retirement in Europe, Japan and the USA*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.
- Ganghof, Steffen (2006): *The Politics of Income Taxation. A Comparative Analysis*. Colchester: (ECPR Monographs Series).
- Linhart, Eric (2006): *Die Erklärungskraft spiel- und tauschtheoretischer Verhandlungsmodelle in Abhängigkeit vom Institutionalierungsgrad des Verhandlungssystems*. Mannheim: Mannheim University Press.
- Peter, Rolf (2006): *Russland im neuen Europa. Nationale Identität und außenpolitische Präferenzen (1992-2004)*. Hamburg: Lit Verlag. (Studien zu Konflikt und Kooperation im Osten; no. 15).
- Quitkat, Christine (2006): *Europäisierung der Interessenvermittlung: Französische Wirtschaftsverbände zwischen Beständigkeit und Wandel*. Wiesbaden: Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Forschungen zur Europäischen Integration; no. 17).
- Rittberger, Berthold and Frank Schimmelfennig (Eds.) (2006): *Die Europäische Union auf dem Weg in den Verfassungsstaat*. Frankfurt/New York: Campus. (Mannheimer Jahrbuch für Europäische Sozialforschung; no. 10).
- Schäfer, Julia (2006): *Sozialkapital und politische Orientierungen von Jugendlichen in Deutschland*. Wiesbaden: Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Forschung Politik).
- Schöning, Matthias and Stefan Seidendorf (Eds.) (2006): *Reichweiten der Verständigung. Intellektuellendiskurse zwischen Nation und Europa*. Heidelberg: Universitätsverlag C. Winter.
- Turner, Paul W. (2006): *Die graduelle Konstitutionalisierung der Europäischen Union. Eine quantitative Fallstudie am Beispiel der Regierungskonferenz 1996*. Tübingen: Mohr Siebeck. (Einheit der Gesellschaftswissenschaften; no. 136).
- Weber, Hermann (2006): *Die DDR 1945-1990*. München: Oldenbourg Verlag.
- Weber, Hermann, Ulrich Mähler, Bernhard H. Bayerlein, Horst Dähn, Bernd Faulenbach, Jan Foitzik and Ehrhart Neubert (Eds.) (2006): *Jahrbuch für Historische Kommunismusforschung*. Berlin: Aufbau-Verlag.

- Weber, Hermann and Gerda Weber (2006): *Leben nach dem "Prinzip links". Erinnerungen aus fünf Jahrzehnten*. Berlin: Links.
- Wendt, Claus and Christof Wolf (Eds.) (2006): *Soziologie der Gesundheit*. Wiesbaden: VS-Verlag. (Sonderheft der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 46).

b) Articles in journals

In journals, reviewed in the Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI)

- Babajew, Aser (2006): Demokratie-Test nicht bestanden. *Osteuropa*, issue 3, pp. 33-45.
- Becker, Birgit (2006): Der Einfluss des Kindergartens als Kontext zum Erwerb der deutschen Sprache bei Migrantenkindern. *Zeitschrift für Soziologie*, 35, issue 6, pp. 449-464.
- Becker, Birgit and Nicole Biedinger (2006): Ethnische Bildungsungleichheit zu Schulbeginn. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 4, pp. 660-684.
- De Bièvre, Dirk (2006): The EU Regulatory Trade Agenda and the Quest for WTO Enforcement. *Journal of European Public Policy*, 13, issue 6, pp. 105-129.
- Esser, Hartmut (2006): Eines für alle(s)? Das Weber-Paradigma, das Konzept des moderaten methodologischen Holismus und das Modell der soziologischen Erklärung. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 2, pp. 352-363.
- Ganghof, Steffen (2006): Rezension: "Peter Rinderle, 2005, Die Zweifel der Anarchisten, Frankfurt/Main: Klostermann". *Politische Vierteljahresschrift*, 47, issue 3, pp. 478-480.
- Ganghof, Steffen and Thomas Bräuninger (2006): Government Status and Legislative Behaviour: Partisan Veto Players in Australia, Denmark, Finland and Germany. *Party Politics*, 12, issue 4, pp. 521-539.
- Gangl, Markus (2006): Scar Effects of Unemployment: An Assessment of Institutional Complementarities. *American Sociological Review*, 71, issue 6, pp. 986-1013.
- Huan, Qingzhi (2006): The Massachusetts Greens in Electoral Politics. *Environmental Politics*, 15, issue 4, pp. 650-655.
- Kogan, Irena (2006): Labor Markets and Economic Incorporation among Recent Immigrants in Europe. *Social Forces*, 85, issue 2, pp. 697-721.
- Kogan, Irena and Frank Kalter (2006): The effects of relative group size on occupational outcomes: Turks and Ex-Yugoslavs in Austria. *European Sociological Review*, 22, issue 1, pp. 35-38.
- Kristen, Cornelia (2006): Ethnische Diskriminierung in der Grundschule? Die Vergabe von Noten und Bildungsempfehlungen. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 1, pp. 79-97.
- Sachweh, Patrick, Carsten G. Ullrich and Bernhard Christoph (2006): Die gesellschaftliche Akzeptanz der Sozialhilfe. Eine Untersuchung aus moralökonomischer Perspektive. *Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie*, 58, issue 3, pp. 489-509.
- Schmitt-Beck, Rüdiger, Stefan Weick and Bernhard Christoph (2006): Shaky attachments: Individual-level stability and change of partisanship among West German voters 1984-2001. *European Journal of Political Research*, 45, issue 4, pp. 581-608.
- Thurner, Paul W. and Franz Urban Pappi (2006): Domestic and International Politics during EU Intergovernmental Conferences. Bridging the Gap between Negotiation Theory and Practice. *Negotiation Journal*, 22, issue 2, pp. 167-185.

Wüst, Andreas M. and Philip Stöver (2006): Wahlen in Europa. *Politische Vierteljahresschrift*, 47, issue 2, pp. 289-309.

In other scientific journals

Babajew, Aser (2006): Parlamentswahlen in Aserbaidschan 2005. *KAS-Auslands-Informationen*, issue 4, pp. 79-112.

Boockmann, Bernhard and Paul W. Thurner (2006): Flexibility Provisions in Multilateral Environmental Treaties. *International Environmental Agreements: Politics, Law and Economics*, 6, pp. 113-135.

Christoph, Bernhard and Carsten G. Ullrich (2006): Die GKV in den Augen der Bürger: Wahrnehmung des Lastenausgleichs und Bewertungen von Reformoptionen. *Sozialer Fortschritt*, 55, issue 4, pp. 75-83.

Deth, Jan W. van and Katja Neller (2006): Politisches Engagement in Europa. *Aus Politik und Zeitgeschichte*, issue 30-31, pp. 30-38.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): From path dependence to path departure in welfare reform analysis. *European Politics and Society Newsletter*, 5, issue 2, pp. 1-4.

Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): Qualitativer oder quantitativer Vergleich? Herausforderungen für die sozialwissenschaftliche Europaforschung. *Zeitschrift für Staats- und Europawissenschaften*, 4, issue 3, pp. 388-404.

Ganghof, Steffen (2006): Strategische Uneinigkeit? Methodische Probleme und normative Implikationen von "analytischen Erzählungen" über Reformblockaden. *Jahrbuch für Handlungs- und Entscheidungstheorie*, 4, pp. 151-177.

Gschwend, Thomas and Henk van der Kolk (2006): Split Ticket Voting in Mixed Member Proportional Systems: The Hypothetical Case of The Netherlands. *Acta Politica*, 41, issue 2, pp. 163-179.

Hüller, Thorsten (2006): Herrschaft des Quorums? Ein Vorschlag zur Lösung eines Problems direkter Demokratie. *Zeitschrift für Parlamentsfragen*, 37, issue 4, pp. 823-833.

Kalter, Frank and Irena Kogan (2006): Ethnic inequalities at the transition from school to work in Belgium and Spain: Discrimination or self-exclusion?. *Research in Social Stratification and Mobility*, 24, issue 3, pp. 259-274.

Kohler-Koch, Beate and Berthold Rittberger (2006): Review Article: The "Governance Turn" in EU Studies. *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 44, issue 1, pp. 27-49.

Larat, Fabrice (2006): L'Europe à la recherche d'une figure tutélaire. L'instrumentalisation de la symbolique carolingienne comme tentative de fondation d'un projet politique. *Politique européenne*, issue 18, pp. 49-67.

Leuffen, Dirk (2006): Bienvenu or Access Denied? Recruiting French Political Elites for Indepth Interviews. *French Politics*, 3, issue 4, pp. 342-347.

Leuffen, Dirk (2006): Wenn Zwei sich streiten, freut sich der Dritte? Divided Government im dynamischen Mehrebenensystem der EU. *Zeitschrift für Internationale Beziehungen*, 13, issue 2, pp. 35-62.

Müller, Walter, Heike Wirth, Gerrit Bauer, Reinhard Pollak and Felix Weiss (2006): ESeC - Kurzbericht zur Validierung und Operationalisierung einer Europäischen Sozioökonomischen Klassifikation. *ZUMA-Nachrichten*, 30, issue 59, pp. 111-119.

- Pappi, Franz Urban, Alexander Herzog and Ralf Schmitt (2006): Koalitionssignale und die Kombination von Erst- und Zweitstimme bei den Bundestagswahlen 1953 bis 2005. *Zeitschrift für Parlamentsfragen*, 37, issue 3, pp. 493-513.
- Poguntke, Thomas and Christine Pütz (2006): Parteien in der Europäischen Union: Zu den Entwicklungschancen der Europarteien. *Zeitschrift für Parlamentsfragen*, 37, issue 2, pp. 334-353.
- Reimer, David and Jette Schröder (2006): Tracing the gender wage gap: Income differences between male and female university graduates in Germany. *Zeitschrift für Arbeitsmarkt-Forschung*, 39, issue 2, pp. 235-253.
- Schmitt, Hermann and Andreas M. Wüst (2006): "Pallaplos exairetiches" oi omospondiaches echloges tou septembriou 2005 ste Germania. *Episteme Kai Koinonia (Science and Society. Journal of Political and Moral Theory)*, 16, pp. 179-201.
- Schmitt, Hermann and Andreas M. Wüst (2006): The Extraordinary Bundestag Election of 2005: The Interplay of Long-term Trends and Short-term Factors. *German Politics and Society*, 24, issue 1, pp. 27-46.
- Weber, Hermann (2006): Hotel Lux. Die deutsche kommunistische Emigration in Moskau. *Die politische Meinung*, 51, issue 10, pp. 55-61.
- Wendt, Claus (2006): Gesundheitssysteme im internationalen Vergleich. Ein Überblick über den Forschungsstand. *Das Gesundheitswesen*, pp. 593-599.
- Wüst, Andreas M. (2006): Wahlverhalten und politische Repräsentation von Migranten. *Der Bürger im Staat*, 56, issue 4, pp. 228-234.
- Wüst, Andreas M. and Dieter Roth (2006): Schröder's Last Campaign: An Analysis of the 2005 Bundestag Election in Context. *German Politics*, 15, issue 4, pp. 439-459.
- Wüst, Andreas M., Hermann Schmitt, Thomas Gschwend and Thomas Zittel (2006): Candidates in the 2005 Bundestag Election: Mode of Candidacy, Campaigning and Issues. *German Politics*, 15, issue 4, pp. 420-438.

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- Esser, Hartmut (2006): Wenig hilfreich. Zweisprachigkeit fördert die Integration von Zuwanderern nicht wesentlich. *WZB-Mitteilungen*, issue 111, pp. 23-24.
- Wüst, Andreas M. (2006): Wahl-Bürger. Eine halbe Million Wahlberechtigte in Baden-Württemberg haben ihre Wurzeln nicht in Deutschland. *BwWoche*, 55, issue 10, pp. 10.

c) Chapters in books

- Auel, Katrin and Berthold Rittberger (2006): Fluctuant nec merguntur: the European Parliament, national Parliaments, and European Integration. Pp. 121-145 in: Jeremy Richardson (Ed): *European Union: Power and Policy-Making*. London: Routledge.
- Brüderl, Josef and Stefani Scherer (2006): Methoden zur Analyse von Sequenzdaten. Pp. 330-34 in: Andreas Diekmann (Ed): *Methoden der Sozialforschung*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften. (Special issue der Kölner Zeitschrift für Soziologie und Sozialpsychologie; no. 44/2004).
- Caramani, Daniele (2006): Die Entstehung nationaler Parteiensysteme in Europa - eine historisch-vergleichende Analyse. Pp. 25-51 in: Matthias Schöning, Stefan Seidendorf (Eds): *Reichweiten der Verständigung. Intellektuellendiskurse zwischen Nation und Europa*. Heidelberg: Universitätsverlag Winter.

- De Bièvre, Dirk (2006): Legislative and Judicial Decision Making in the WTO. Pp. 31–51 in: Mathias König-Archibugi, Michael Zürn (Eds): *New Modes of Governance in the Global System: Exploring Publicness, Delegation and Inclusiveness*. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Deth, Jan W. van (2006): Democracy and Involvement: The Benevolent Aspects of Social Participation. Pp. 101–129 in: Mariano Torcal und José Ramón Montero (Ed): *Political Disaffection in Contemporary Democracies. Social Capital, Institutions, and Politics*. London and New York: Routledge.
- Deth, Jan W. van (2006): Soziale Stabilität der Gesellschaft stärken und soziale Kompetenzen ausbauen. Pp. 201–219 in: Bertelsmann Stiftung (Ed): *Demographiemonitor: Handlungsoptionen im demographischen Wandel*. Gütersloh: Verlag Bertelsmann Stiftung.
- Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): Die sozialen Risiken der neuen Alterssicherungssysteme. Pp. 473–488 in: Karl-Siegbert Rehberg (Ed): *Soziale Ungleichheit, Kulturelle Unterschiede. Verhandlungen des 32. Kongresses der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Soziologie in München 2004*. Frankfurt: Campus.
- Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): The Politics of Pension Reform: Managing Interest Group Conflicts. Pp. 759–777 in: Gordon L. Clark, Alicia H. Munnell, Michael Orszag (Eds): *The Oxford Handbook of Pensions and Retirement Income*. Oxford, UK: Oxford University Press.
- Ebbinghaus, Bernhard (2006): Trade Union movements in post-industrial welfare states. Opening up to new social interests?. Pp. 123–143 in: Klaus Armingeon, Giuliano Bonoli (Eds): *The Politics of Post-Industrial Welfare States. Adapting Post-war Social Policies to New Social Risks*. London: Routledge.
- Ebbinghaus, Bernhard and Bernhard Kittel (2006): Europäische Sozialmodelle à la carte: Gibt es institutionelle Wahlverwandtschaften zwischen Wohlfahrtsstaat und Arbeitsbeziehungen? . Pp. 223–248 in: Jens Beckert, Bernhard Ebbinghaus, Anke Hassel, Philip Manow (Eds): *Transformationen des Kapitalismus*. Frankfurt: Campus.
- Esser, Hartmut (2006): Affektuelles Handeln: Emotionen und das Modell der Frame-Selektion. Pp. 143–174 in: Rainer Schützeichel (Ed): *Emotionen und Sozialtheorie. Disziplinäre Ansätze*. Frankfurt/Main und New York: Campus.
- Esser, Hartmut (2006): Strukturelle Assimilation und ethnische Schichtung. Pp. 89–104 in: Angela Ittel, Hans Merckens (Eds): *Interdisziplinäre Jugendforschung. Jugendliche zwischen Familie, Freunden und Feinden*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag für Sozialwissenschaften.
- Finke, Barbara (2006): Feministische Ansätze. Pp. 499–526 in: Siegfried Schieder, Manuela Spindler (Eds): *Theorien der Internationalen Beziehungen: Eine Einführung*. Opladen: Leske+Budrich.
- Ganghof, Steffen (2006): Neue Wege in der Steuerpolitik: Anmerkungen zur Dualen Einkommenssteuer. Pp. 228–232 in: Peter Siller/Thea Dückert/Arne Baumann (Ed): *Arbeit der Zukunft. Neue Wege einer Gerechten Arbeitspolitik*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.
- Gangl, Markus (2006): Propensity Score Matching. Pp. 251–262 in: Joachim Behnke, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler, Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Eds): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.
- Gangl, Markus (2006): Sociology of labour markets. Pp. 382–387 in: Jens Beckert, Milan Zafirovski (Eds): *International Encyclopedia of Economic Sociology*. London: Routledge.
- Gangl, Markus (2006): Survival rate. Pp. 1373–1375 in: Tony Fitzpatrick, Huck-ju Kwon, Nick Manning, James Midgely, Gillian Pascall (Ed): *International Encyclopedia of Social Policy*. London: Routledge.

- Gangl, Markus (2006): Unemployment trap. Pp. 1453-1456 in: Tony Fitzpatrick, Huck-ju Kwon, Nick Manning, James Midgely, Gillian Pascall (Ed): *International Encyclopedia of Social Policy*. London: Routledge.
- Gschwend, Thomas (2006): Ökologische Inferenz. Pp. 227-237 in: Joachim Behnke, Thomas Gschwend, Delia Schindler, Kai-Uwe Schnapp (Eds): *Methoden der Politikwissenschaft. Neuere qualitative und quantitative Analyseverfahren*. Baden-Baden: Nomos.
- Herrmann, Michael, Susumu Shikano, Paul W. Thurner and Axel Becker (2006): Die Analyse von Wählerpräferenzen mit Rank Ordered Logit. Pp. 113-134 in: Thomas Bräuning, Joachim Behnke (Eds): *Jahrbuch Handlungs- und Entscheidungstheorie, Band 4*. Wiesbaden: VS Verlag.
- Hüller, Thorsten and Matthias Leonhard Maier (2006): Fixing the Codex? Global Food-Safety Governance under Review. Pp. 267-299 in: Christian Joerges, Ernst Ulrich Petersmann (Eds): *Constitutionalism, Multilevel Trade Governance and Social Regulation*. Oxford: Hart.
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- Jacob, Marita (2006): Von der Schule in den Beruf: individuelle Erfahrungen, Verlaufsmuster und Strukturen. Pp. 6-8 in: Ruth Brandherm-Böhmker (Ed): *Übergänge zwischen Schule und Beruf und darauf bezogene Hilfesysteme in Deutschland*. Bonn: Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung. (Gesprächskreis Arbeit und Qualifizierung).
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5.8 Teaching of MZES staff (2006)

Name	Title of lecture	Type of lecture	Period	Institution
Becker, Birgit	Die kulturelle Integration von Migranten am Beispiel des Spracherwerbs	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Summer	University of Mannheim
De Bièvre, Dirk	Theories of international relations	Lecture	Summer	Universiteit Antwerpen
De Bièvre, Dirk	A Comparative Study of Enforcement Mechanisms in the World Trade Organization and Other International Treaties	Research Seminar	Summer	Universiteit Antwerpen
Ganghof, Steffen	Themen der Vergleichenden Regierungslehre: Euroäische Demokratien	Hauptseminar	Summer	University of Mannheim
Ganghof, Steffen	Ausgewählte Themen der Vergleichenden Regierungslehre: Bikameralismus im internationalen Vergleich	Hauptseminar	Fall	University of Mannheim
Ganghof, Steffen	Ausgewählte Themen der Vergleichenden Regierungslehre: Staatstätigkeit im internationalen Vergleich	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Gschwend, Thomas	Bayesian Data Analysis	Faculty Seminar	Spring	MZES
Gschwend, Thomas	The Effect of Political Institutions: A Triangle of Constitutions, Election Laws and Party Systems in Europe	Undergraduate Seminar/Lecture	Spring	Institut d'Études Politiques de Paris, Sciences Po, Dijon Campus
Kogan, Irena	Educational Systems and Transitions from School to Work in Europe	Hauptseminar	Summer	University of Mannheim
Kogan, Irena / Steinmetz, Stephanie	Ressourcenausstattung und strukturelle Assimilation von Jugendlichen mit Migrationshintergrund	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Krieger, Ulrich	Familiendemographie	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Linhart, Eric	Theorien politischen Entscheidens	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Reimer, David	Methoden der empirischen Sozialforschung	Übung	Summer	University of Mannheim
Reimer, David	Innovative Forschungsdesigns	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Rothenbacher, Franz	Empirisch-vergleichende Sozialstrukturanalyse Europas	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Summer	University of Mannheim
Rothenbacher, Franz	Soziale Ungleichheit im internationalen Vergleich	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Schmitt, Hermann	Parteien und Wahlen im Mehrebenensystem der Europäischen Union	Hauptseminar	Summer	University of Mannheim

Name	Title of lecture	Type of lecture	Period	Institution
Schröder, Jette	Methoden der empirischen Sozialforschung	Übung	Summer	University of Mannheim
Wendt, Claus	Vergleichende Institutionen-analyse des Wohlfahrtsstaates	Hauptseminar	Summer	University of Mannheim
Wendt, Claus	Gesundheitssysteme im internationalen Vergleich	Übung für Fortgeschrittene	Fall	University of Mannheim
Wonka, Arndt	Die Europäische Union: Institutionen, Akteure und politische Dynamik	Proseminar	Summer	University of Mannheim
Wüst, Andreas M. / Roth, Dieter / Bieber, Ina	Heidelberg-Studie 2006	Proseminar	Summer	University of Heidelberg
Wüst, Andreas M.	Einwanderungspolitik im Vergleich	Hauptseminar	Fall	University of Mannheim

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